

Northeast Oklahoma Community Action Agency



Community Assessment

2004-2005

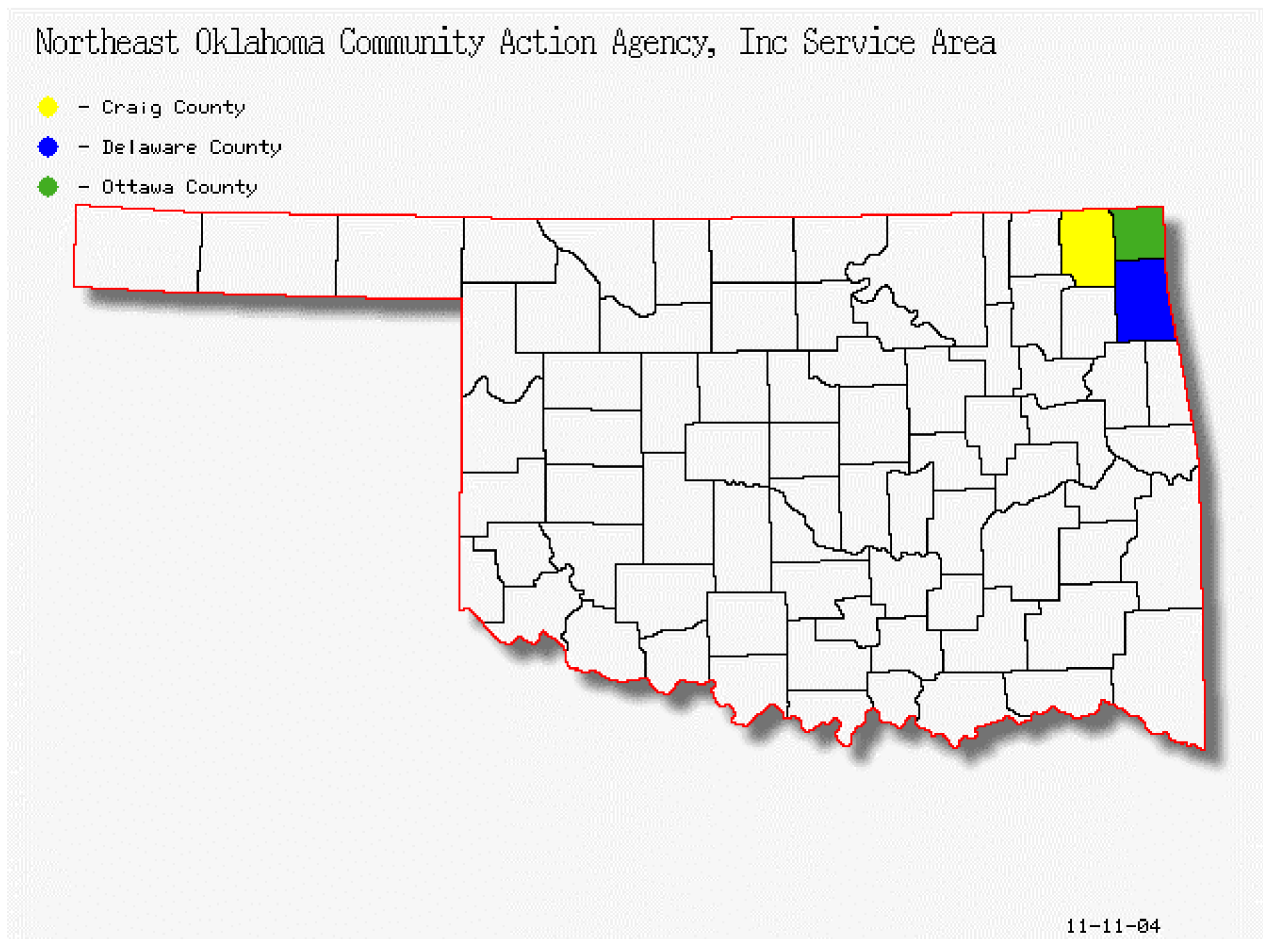
**Northeast Oklahoma Community Action
Agency, Inc.**

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Table of Contents

Service Area Map.....	3
Methodology.....	4
Service Area Description.....	7
Overview.....	7
Head Start.....	13
Housing.....	25
Community and Social Services.....	31
Appendices:	
A: County and Community Profiles: Demographic Data Summaries.....	38
B: Community Survey and tabulated results.....	97
C: Community Focus Forum Questions and resulting report.....	135
D: Head Start Survey and tabulated results.....	159
E. Realtor Survey and resulting report.....	164
F: Continuum of Care Homelessness Surveys and Housing Gaps Analysis.....	169
G: Oklahoma’s Department of Human Services County Profiles.....	173
H: Head Start Data: NE Oklahoma Head Start Families Demographics.....	183

Northeast Oklahoma Community Action Agency, Inc. Service Area



Data Collection Methodology

Northeast Oklahoma Community Action Agency (NEOCAA) utilized a multi-pronged approach in conducting the 2004-2005 Community Assessment. Data were collected and analyzed at the regional, county and community level in order to most accurately assess community needs, issues and strengths. Sixteen (16) key communities were identified throughout the three-county region, ten (10) of which are sites for the agency's Head Start centers, and all information gathered was analyzed for the entire three-county region, for each county and then for each one of these key communities. The key communities included:

Craig County

Bluejacket
Ketchum
Vinita*
Welch

Jay*

Delaware County

Colcord*
Grove*
Kansas/Lowery*
West Siloam Springs

Ottawa County

Afton
Commerce*
Fairland*
Miami*
Picher*
Quapaw*
Wyandotte

* Indicates Head Start Center Locality

Printed materials, telephone surveys and the Internet were used to locate and collect data from a variety of resources including:

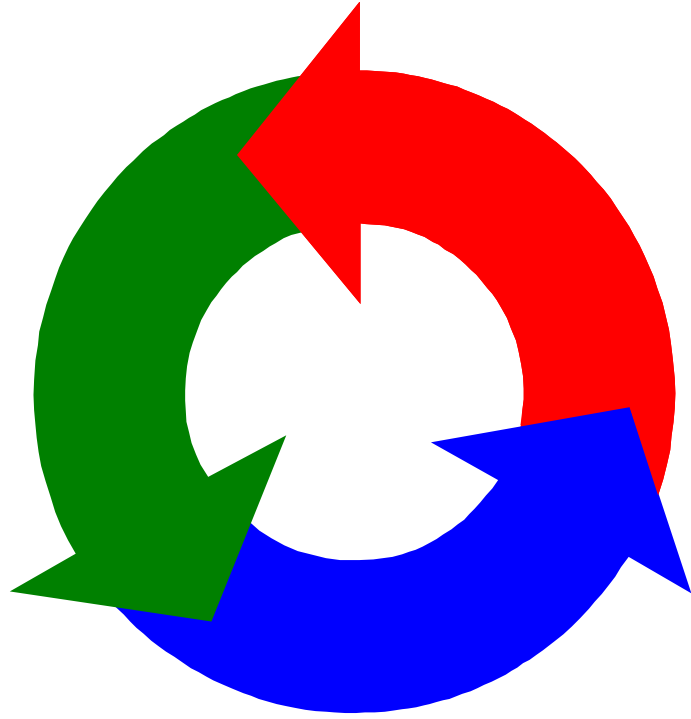
1. 2000 U.S. Census Data: Demographic data were collected and analyzed to prepare data summaries by county and to develop a Community Profile for each of the key communities. See Appendix A for the results of this analysis.
2. Oklahoma Department of Commerce Community Profiles: Demographic data and community resource information.
3. Oklahoma Department of Human Services: Data regarding Human Services program services and childcare/child development programs throughout the region.
4. SoonerStart: Data regarding children with disabilities.
5. Oklahoma Department of Health: Data regarding the WIC program and data regarding the health status and needs of the region's residents.
6. Oklahoma Employment Security Commission: Data concerning employment and labor markets.
7. National Center for Educational Statistics: Data regarding three and four-year old children at the school district level, including total populations and enrollment figures.
8. NE Oklahoma School Districts: School District enrollment data for three and four-year old children.
9. Head Start Enrollment Data: Data regarding children and families enrolled in NE Oklahoma's Head Start programs.

Additionally, the agency collected data and information by conducting several surveys and by conducting Community Focus Forums in 14 different locations throughout the region. Survey instruments used to collect data included:

1. NEOCAA Community Survey: See Appendix B for a copy of the survey instrument and the tabulated results. 165 surveys were mailed out to representatives of local government, school districts, service providers, Chambers of Commerce, libraries, utility companies, local media, tribal entities, and businesses as part of the invitation packet sent out for the Community Focus Forums. Surveys were also distributed to agency emergency assistance and housing clients during the month of September 2004 and were distributed to all Head Start parents during that same month. Copies of the survey were also distributed and completed surveys collected at REC day. This event is Northeast Oklahoma Rural Electric Cooperative's annual meeting, attended by over 5,000 local and regional residents. The event includes a social services/housing fair at which local service providers sponsor exhibits regarding their services. Distribution of the surveys at this event ensured that a broad spectrum of the region's residents, representatives, service providers and business owners had the opportunity to participate in the survey. This instrument was designed to gather input regarding the degree of need for services in the following areas: Food assistance programs, employment, emergency assistance, health care, transportation, adult education, mental health services (including alcohol/drug treatment), financial services, early childhood care and education, childcare, parenting, and housing. A total of 688 completed surveys were returned to the agency.
2. Head Start Community Assessment Survey: See Appendix D for a copy of this survey and the tabulated results. This instrument was distributed to parents at the time they submitted an application for enrollment of their children in the 2004-2005 Head Start program. As a part of the application process, applicants were asked to provide input regarding Head Start program options including childcare needs, the number of hours of operation per day, the number of days per week and whether the respondents preferred school-year programming or full-year opportunities for Head Start programs. Data were also collected regarding social and human service program services received by the family. A total of 557 surveys were returned.
3. Realtor Survey: In June 2004, agency staff contacted twenty-three (23) realtors from throughout the region to gather data regarding the availability and pricing of homes for sale. Eighteen (18) realtors participated in the survey, providing information about the demand for and availability of housing in various price ranges. See Appendix E for a copy of the survey and the narrative report on the results.
4. Continuum of Care Point-in-Time Homeless Surveys: These surveys were conducted on February 25, 2004 and June 11, 2004 to gather data regarding the services available to homeless individuals and families and the number of homeless individuals present in the region. This survey was mailed out to representatives of local and regional government, homeless service providers, schools, housing agencies and housing providers, shelters, parks, room and board facilities, medical treatment facilities and veterans' organizations. Seventy-eight (78) surveys were sent out on both occasions, with eighteen (18) returned in February and twenty-five (25) returned in June. See Appendix F for copies of the surveys and for the Housing Gaps Analysis and Continuum of Care Homeless Population charts that tabulate the results of the June 11 survey.
5. Community Focus Forums: During the month of September 2004, Community Focus Forums were sponsored in fourteen (14) locations throughout the region. The purpose of these forums were for agency staff to meet with community residents, local government

representatives, business owners and service providers to discuss community issues, needs, strengths and weaknesses. 165 invitations were mailed out to invite community partners and local residents to attend the sessions. 145 individuals attended the sessions, providing valuable input regarding program and services needs at the local level. A PowerPoint presentation covering the Community Profile generated using 2000 U.S. Census data and information regarding agency programs and services was given at each forum and a series of questions was asked in order to gather information concerning what participants identified as community strengths and weaknesses, and community issues and needs with regards to the following topics: Crime, homelessness, drugs/alcohol, poverty, youth/teen violence, unemployment, childcare, health care costs and availability, quality of education and educational funding, early childhood education programs, teen pregnancy, hunger, senior citizen needs, transportation, environmental issues, housing and information and referral. Specific questions were also asked regarding community housing needs, youth services and activities, opportunities for the development of resources and barriers to the development of those resources. See Appendix C for a copy of the questions asked and the resulting reports.

The results of all of these data sources have been compiled, analyzed and incorporated into this comprehensive Community Assessment, providing the agency with an arsenal of valuable information from which to draw in order to develop short-term and long-range strategic plans, goals and objectives in its efforts to meet its mission of increasing the self-sufficiency of income eligible individuals and families in NE Oklahoma through education and supportive services. The information gathered through this extensive Community Assessment process will help us to design programs and services that will best meet the needs of the communities and residents of our service area and to work with our partners throughout the region to collaborate and advocate for the provision of services and programs not offered by the agency, but that are needed by the individuals and families that live, work and play here.



Overview

**NORTHEAST OKLAHOMA COMMUNITY ACTION AGENCY
COMMUNITY ASSESSMENT
2004-2005**

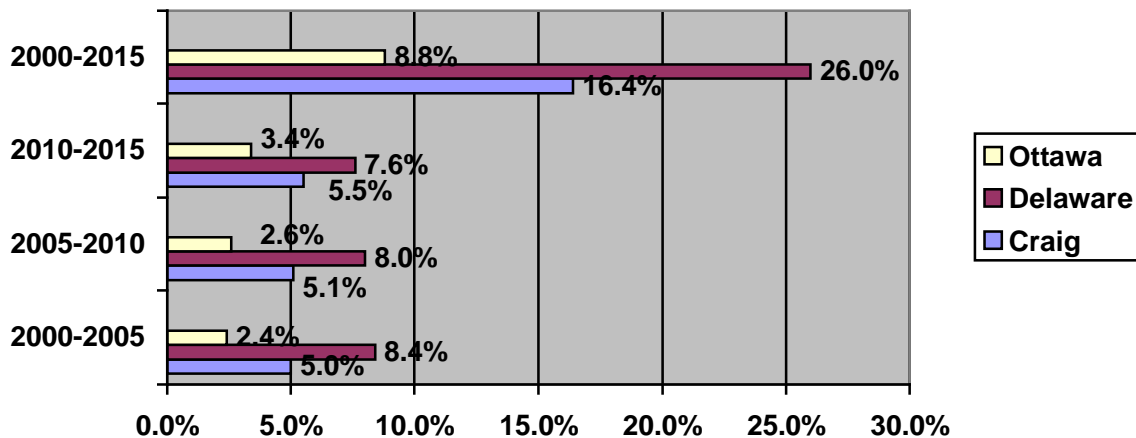
SERVICE AREA

Northeast Oklahoma Community Action Agency, Inc. provides services to low and moderate income individuals in Craig, Delaware, and Ottawa counties, located in the extreme northeast corner of the state of Oklahoma, as shown on the map on page 3. The service area is bordered on the east by the states of Arkansas and Missouri and on the north by the state of Kansas. The three counties in the service area incorporate 2,039 square miles of territory that is primarily rural, with no major cities.

OVERVIEW

According to 2000 Census data, the combined population of the three counties is 85,221, with 14,950 residing in Craig County; 37,077 residing in Delaware County; and 33,194 residing in Ottawa County. From 1990 to 2000, the population of the three counties grew by 17%, an increase of 12,487. The focus of this growth was in Delaware County, where the population had had the fastest growth rate in the state at 32.1%. In fact, Delaware County has been one the fastest growing counties in each of the last ten years. The growth has been predominately retired citizens due to the area being nationally recognized as an excellent retirement location because of the recreational attraction of Grand Lake and a very low cost of living. During this same time period, Ottawa County's population increased 8.6% and Craig County had the lowest growth rate in the region at 6%. 2000 Census data projections indicate that this growth trend will continue into the future, with projected growth rates for the counties as shown in the following chart:

**Projected Population Growth Rates (% growth)
2000-2015 Total and Annual Rates
Source: 2000 US Census**



The largest population in Craig County is in the city of Vinita, the county seat. Vinita residents number 6,472, which is 43.2% of the county's population. Other towns in Craig County are populated as follows: Big Cabin - 293, Bluejacket - 274, Ketchum - 286 and Welch - 597. Delaware County's highest populated cities are Grove (5,131) and Jay (2,482). Other towns in Delaware County are populated as follows: Bernice - 504, Colcord - 819, Kansas - 685, Oaks - 383, and West Siloam Springs - 877. The remainder of the county is rural. Miami, with a population of 13,704 is by far the largest city in Ottawa County as well as the entire service area. The next largest cities are Commerce at 2,645 and Picher at 1,640. Other towns in the county are: Afton - 1,118, Cardin - 150, Fairland - 1,025, North Miami - 433, Peoria - 141, Quapaw - 984 and Wyandotte 363.

The following table shows the racial/ethnic composition of the population residing in the counties:

Racial/Ethnic Composition (percentages of population)

Source: 2000 U.S. Census

	White	Native American	Black	Hispanic	Asian	2 or more races	Other
Craig	68.5%	16.3%	3.1%	1.2%	.2%	10.2%	.5%
Delaware	70.2%	22.3%	.1%	1.8%	.2%	4.8%	.6%
Ottawa	74.2%	16.5%	.6%	3.2%	.4%	3.6%	1.5%

It is significant to notice that the incidence of Native Americans in the population is significantly higher than the incidence in the population of the State of Oklahoma, where the Native American population makes up only 7.9% of the population. Additionally, it should be noted that the Hispanic population has increased significantly, especially in Ottawa and Delaware counties. Census 2000 data show the Ottawa County Hispanic population at 1,061 and Delaware County at 649 compared to the estimated figures from April 1, 1990 of 375 and 227 respectively.

Census data further show the Hispanic population in the town of Commerce, in northern Ottawa County at 490, 18.5% of the town's population. The Hispanic population has nearly tripled in this community since 1990.

While the per capita income, as reported by Oklahoma Kids Count 2004, has risen in all three counties, it lags behind other locales in the state. The same is true for median family income, as reported in 2000 Census data. The following table shows the average per capita income and the median family income for the State and for each county:

Average Per Capita Income & Median Family Income

Sources: OK Kids Count 2004 and 2000 U.S. Census

	Per Capita	Median Family
Oklahoma	\$25,264	\$40,709
Craig	\$20,498	\$36,499
Delaware	\$21,545	\$33,093
Ottawa	\$19,241	\$32,368

Upon reviewing this data, it can be seen that the per capita income is 28% below the state average in Craig County, 31% in Delaware County and 34% in Ottawa County. Median family income data shows that Craig County income levels are 10.3% below the State median family income and that Delaware and Craig County levels are 18.7% and 20.5% below the State level respectively. U.S. Census data show that the percentage of families living in poverty was 10.9% in Craig, 14.1% in Delaware, and 13.0% in Ottawa Counties, compared to 11.2% for the State of Oklahoma overall.

The following table shows a comparison of the unemployment rates for the region as compared to the State of Oklahoma and the United States as a whole.

Unemployment Rates (Percentage)
Source: Oklahoma Employment Security Commission

	August 2004	July 2004	August 2003
United States	5.4	5.7	6.0
Oklahoma	3.8	4.4	5.5
Craig	3.4	3.9	4.8
Delaware	3.3	3.9	4.5
Ottawa	5.4	6.2	7.8

It is commonly understood that these unemployment figures underestimate the true level of unemployment in the communities because these figures do not distinguish between part-time and full-time workers, do not count underpaid working poor and do not count workers who have given up looking for work. However, all three counties continue to be eligible to participate in the Federal Emergency Food and Shelter Program (FEMA), which is based on unemployment rates and low-income population and, in fact, all three counties received increases in the amounts allocated to them in 2004, indicating an increase in these criteria relative to other localities across the nation.

The picture that emerges from analysis of this data and the data gathered during the community assessment process is one of a region that is struggling economically, with family median income below state levels and with many families struggling to meet day-to-day subsistence needs and few resources to meet any emergency needs. In many instances, these families struggle to get by working at part-time, seasonal jobs that do not pay living wages and provide no benefits and there are few opportunities to secure better jobs. Projections are for continued population growth in the area, which will put stress on an already tight housing market that has little to no housing available in price ranges affordable to many families. During the course of the community assessment process several programmatic areas were addressed to analyze the needs of the region and the communities. This document contains sections addressing the Community Assessment results and findings for Head Start, Housing and Community/Social Services. The major findings addressed in this document can be summarized as follows:

Head Start

According to 2000 U.S. Census projections, population growth in the region will average between three and eight percent per year depending on which county one considers. Projected population growth between the years 2000 and 2015 is estimated at 16.4% for Craig County, 26% for Delaware County and 18.0% for Ottawa County. This continued growth will mean a continued need for quality educational services for three and four-year old children. Although four-year old programs are operated by school districts throughout the region, these programs do not provide services to all the three and four-year old children in the region and there is a need to provide Head Start Services to fill this gap.

Census data show that 20.1% of the children under five years old in Craig County, 31.2% in Delaware County and 25.4% in Ottawa County live below poverty, which means over 220 children ages three and four are eligible for Head Start Services in 2005, with this number projected to grow each year. 92.6% of the respondents to the Head Start Community Assessment conducted in August-September 2004 indicated a strong need for Head Start services and programming, with 73.4% preferring a full school day program and 88.3% desiring the program to be available five days per week.

Results of the agency's Community Assessment Survey show a variety of needs in regards to childcare with 73.7% of the respondents indicating a need for sick child childcare and 71.8% indicating a need for evening/after hours childcare, placing these two needs in the top 20 out of 40 identified needs.

Primary issues identified by the parents of Head Start children were the needs for affordable medical and dental care, the need for the development of jobs that will pay living wages, and the need for educational opportunities at times and places that will allow them to complete their college or vocational education and obtain degrees which will help them secure better jobs.

Based on the location of Head Start eligible children and existing programs, it is recommended that the agency's recruitment area remain the same. It is also recommended that the agency should continue to seek NAEYC accreditation and Oklahoma Three Star status for its Head Start centers. Additionally, Head Start and NEOCAA staff should continue to work with other agencies and programs to increase the availability of jobs, housing, educational opportunities, health care options and services for all low-income children, particularly those ages 0-5.

Housing

The housing stock in the region can be characterized as aging, with over 42% of the homes in Craig and Ottawa counties over 45 years old. A full 76% of the homes in these two counties are over 25 years old and 51.9% of the homes in Delaware County are over 25 years old. Community Assessment Survey results show that 72.6% of the respondents indicated some need or a great need for housing rehabilitation and 73.5% indicated a need for weatherization services. The agency currently has waiting lists for both of these services.

Affordable housing to rent or buy is also an issue throughout the region. Both homeowner and renter vacancy rates are low in all three counties and results of a Realtor Survey conducted in June 2004 indicate that there is a shortage of housing stock in the \$40,000-\$85,000 price range. The low vacancy rates, coupled with a limited amount of affordable housing units mean a tight housing market for affordable housing. With population estimates projecting population growth at a rate of as much as 26%, additional stress is most likely to occur on this already tight market. The need for affordable housing to buy or rent was identified in the top ten out of forty need areas addressed by the Community Assessment Survey, with over 77% of the respondents indicating the need for affordable housing. This need was also identified during the Community Focus Forums, with the need for the development and construction of new single-family housing units identified at eleven out of the fourteen Community Focus Forum sessions.

Community and Social Services

Health care issues, economic conditions and the need for emergency assistance payments were identified as the primary concerns of individuals and families throughout the three-county region. These needs were consistently at the top of the list in both the Community Assessment Surveys and the Community Focus Forums conducted throughout the region. The strongest message heard throughout the region at the Community Focus Forums were issues regarding unemployment/underemployment.

Because of the number of families in the region that live on incomes that are below the poverty level or that are substantially below the median family income levels seen across the state and nation, many families struggle to meet basic needs. This results in a continuing need for the provision of emergency assistance services, particularly utility assistance payments and rent assistance payments.

The number one need identified in the region as a whole was access to affordable dental care. The number two and three needs were jobs and job training, with 81.1% and 80.0% of the respondents to the Community Assessment Survey identifying these issues as needs. Health and medical related needs appeared high on the list as well, with the need for prescription payment assistance in the #4 position and the need for affordable health care insurance in the #6 position. Emergency assistance payments were also among the top twenty needs identified in the region with 78.3% of the respondents to the Community Assessment Survey indicating a need for utility assistance payments and 73.5% for rental assistance payments.

Results of the Community Assessment process provide data all the way down to a community level to help in the development of long-term strategic plans to design programs and services to meet the needs of low-income individuals and families. The needs identified through this assessment process must be incorporated into a long-range strategy in conjunction with community partners throughout the region to begin developing ways to strengthen the region's economic development activities, to plot a strategy to maintain and increase the region's housing stock, and to begin addressing the needs identified for improved access to affordable medical and dental care.



NE Oklahoma Head Start

Projected Estimates of Head Start Eligible Children: 2000-2015

To determine the number of Head Start eligible children in the service area, projected population growth figures for 2005, 2010 and 2015 were applied to 2000 Census data population figures for children three and four years old. The projected percent of growth for each county was applied to the actual Census 2000 population figures to result in an estimate number of children 3 and 4 years old that county. The percent of children under five years of age in each county living below poverty was taken from Oklahoma KIDS COUNT 2003. This percentage was applied to each county's projected population figures for 2005-2015 to result in the estimated numbers of children three and four years old who live in poverty

**Projected total 3 and 4 year old populations
and
Projected 3 and 4 year old Head Start eligible populations
Sources: 2000 Census and Kids Count 2003**

KIDSCOUNT 2003	% < 5 yrs. who live below poverty
Craig	20.1%
Delaware	31.2%
Ottawa	25.4%

2000	3 yr. old Population	4 yr. old Population	Est. # HS Eligible 3 yr. old	Est. # HS Eligible 4 yr. old	HS Eligible Total 3-4 yr. old
Craig	190	165	38	33	71
Delaware	479	454	149	142	291
Ottawa	438	411	111	104	215

2005	Growth Rate	Est. 3 yr. old population	Est. 4 yr. old population	Est. # HS Eligible 3 yr. olds	Est. # HS Eligible 4 yr. olds	Est. Total HS Eligible 3-4 yr. olds
Craig	5.0%	200	173	40	35	75
Delaware	8.4%	519	492	162	154	316
Ottawa	2.49%	449	421	114	107	221

2010	Growth Rate	Est. 3 yr. old population	Est. 4 yr. old population	Est. # HS Eligible 3 yr. olds	Est. # HS Eligible 4 yr. olds	Est. Total HS Eligible 3-4 yr. olds
Craig	5.1%	210	182	42	37	79
Delaware	8.0%	561	531	175	166	341
Ottawa	2.6%	461	432	117	110	227

2015	Growth	Est. 3 yr. old	Est. 4 yr. old	Est. # HS Eligible	Est. # HS	Est. Total HS
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	Rate	population	population	3 yr. olds	Eligible 4 yr. olds	Eligible 3-4 yr. olds
Craig	5.5%	222	192	45	39	84
Delaware	7.6%	604	571	189	178	367
Ottawa	3.4%	477	447	121	114	235

Demographics of Currently Enrolled Head Start Children

Our agency is federally funded to serve 377 children. An additional 20 four-year-old children are served through a contractual agreement with the Miami public school systems.

The racial/ethnic demographic composition of children enrolled in NE Oklahoma Head Start's federally funded and non-federally funded classrooms for 2004-2005 are reflected in the following table:

Racial/Ethnic Composition of Overall Head Start Program Source: NE Oklahoma HS Enrollment Data

	White	Native American	Black	Hispanic	Asian	2 or more races	Other
% of Enrollees	52.7%	35.1%	1.0%	6.6%	1.8%	2.3%	.5%

A breakdown of the racial/ethnic demographic composition by Head Start Center is presented in the following table:

NE OKLAHOMA HEAD START 2004-2005 CUMULATIVE ENROLLMENT Racial/Ethnic Demographics by Center Source: NE Oklahoma Head Start Enrollment Data

	Cum Enroll.	Percent White	Percent Native American	Percent Black	Percent Hispanic	Percent Asian	Percent 2 Race	Percent Other
Colcord	18	44.4	55.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Commerce	20	30.0	15.0	5.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fairland	17	60.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0
Grove	57	60.3	24.1	1.7	6.9	6.9	0	0.0
Jay	40	41.3	39.1	0.0	10.9	2.2	6.5	0.0
Lowery	39	36.8	57.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	0.0
Miami	151	60.9	33.8	0.0	6.0	0.0	.8	.8
Picher	20	80.0	15.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Quapaw	20	50.0	45.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vinita	20	40.0	45.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0
Totals	393	52.7	35.1	1.0	6.6	1.8	2.3	.5

Poverty in Northeast Oklahoma

According to Oklahoma KIDS COUNT Factbook 2003, nearly one hundred seventy-two thousand (171,929) Oklahoma children live in poverty, which is one out of every five children. Only nine states have a larger share of children living in poverty. Oklahoma's youngest (23% of the population) are Oklahoma's poorest with more than fifty thousand (50,201) children under age 5 living in poverty. Craig County's rate of 20.1% is slightly better than the state's rate and Ottawa County's 25.4% rate is slightly worse than the state's rate. Delaware County's rate is significantly worse than the state's rate at 31.2%.

Oklahoma Kids Count 2004 ranked each of the 77 counties in the state on the number of children in extreme poverty (less than 50% of the poverty level) and the number of children in poverty (100% of the poverty level), with a ranking of 1 indicating the lowest incidence of poverty and 77 indicating the highest. The following table shows the rankings for Craig, Delaware and Ottawa Counties:

County Ranking According to Incidence of Children in Poverty 1=lowest incidence in state, 77 = highest incidence in state

Source: OK Kids Count 2004

	Children < 50% of Poverty	Children <5yrs <50% of Poverty	Children <100% of Poverty	Children <5yrs <100% of Poverty
Craig	22	20	20	14
Delaware	43	19	52	62
Ottawa	53	45	42	38

While Craig County ranks in the top third of the state in these rankings, showing lower incidences of children living in poverty, both Delaware and Ottawa Counties rank low, showing higher incidences of children living in poverty. Ottawa County ranks 53 out of 77 counties for the number of children living in extreme poverty and 45 out of 77 for children under 5 living in extreme poverty. Delaware County ranks 62 out of 77 counties for children under 5 living below poverty and 52 out of 77 counties for all children living below poverty.

Other Child Development & Child Care Programs

According to DHS County Profiles for May 2004, there are forty-eight (48) day care centers and sixty-five (65) day care homes in our three county area. They are licensed to serve a total of 2,430 children. However, only 81 centers/homes have contracts with DHS, for a total DHS Contract Capacity of 1,870. Ten of the centers are our licensed Head Start centers. During the reported month, DHS paid child care for 205 infants/toddlers (newborn through age two) and 154 pre-school children (ages 3-4), some of which are enrolled in our full day/full year classrooms.

The following table shows the breakout data regarding these childcare facilities by county.

Licensed Child Care Facilities
Source: Oklahoma Department of Human Services

Licensed Childcare	Craig County	Delaware County	Ottawa County
Day Care Centers	10	180	20
Capacity	310	671	941
# DHS Contracts	5	11	16
DHS Contract Capacity	185	446	857
Day Care Homes	18	19	28
Capacity	136	163	209
# DHS Contracts	15	15	19
DHS Contract Capacity	110	130	142

Oklahoma’s “Reach for the Stars” program for licensed childcare centers and homes serves as an avenue to assess the quality of childcare. Licensed facilities are evaluated, scored and given a rating from One Star to Three Star, based on the adequacy of their facilities, quality of care given to the children and training of staff. Reimbursement rates are based on the star status. Miami, Quapaw and Fairland Head Start centers are the only Three Star centers in Ottawa County. The Miami and Quapaw centers are NAEYC accredited and Fairland is awaiting NAEYC’s decision on accreditation. Grove and Colcord Head Start centers in Delaware County both have NAEYC accreditation and are the only Three Star centers in that county. Vinita Head Start is the only childcare facility in Craig County to receive NAEYC accreditation and it is the only Three Star center in the county

According to data received from the region’s school districts, there are fifteen (15) 4-year-old public school programs in our area serving approximately 581 children. The Cherokee Nation operates two Head Start centers in Delaware County; one in Jay serving 31 three and four-year old children and one located in Kenwood serving eight (8) three-year-old children and twelve (12) four-year-old children. The Cherokee Nation also operates a center in Craig County, serving 20 three and four-year-old children. The Wyandotte Tribe operates a program in Ottawa County that serves 30 four-year-old children and 15 three-year-olds. The following table shows enrollment figures received from the school districts for four-year-old children enrolled in public school programs. This data was received in October 2004.

School District 4 year old enrollment
Source: School District enrollment figures

Craig County	
School District	4 year old Enrollment
Bluejacket	11
Ketchum	36
Vinita	73
White Oak	0
Welch	39
Delaware County	
School District	4 year old Enrollment

Colcord	40
Mosely	35
Grove	100
Jay	56
Kansas**	63

**Kansas figures include data from Leach and Oaks-Mission school districts

Ottawa County	
School District	4 year old Enrollment
Afton	37
Cleora	0
Commerce	36
Fairland	19
Miami	0
Picher-Cardin	0
Quapaw	17
Wyandotte	0
Turkey Ford	19

Results from NEOCAA’s Community Survey identified a number of needs in regards to childcare and child counseling. The following table summarizes the issues for which respondents indicated a need for services in this area. The percentages indicate the number of responses stating there was some need or a great need for these services in the region and the ranking number indicates where this issue fell out of the 40 issues/services on the survey, with 1 indicating the highest need and 40 the lowest.

Childcare/Child Development Needs
Source: NEOCAA Community Survey

Service/Program	Percentage indicating need	Ranking
Sick child childcare	73.7%	10
Evening childcare	71.8%	18
Child counseling	71.8%	19
Infant/toddler care	70.6%	26
Daytime child care	69.4%	31
Parenting skills training	69.1%	33

The need for childcare services were identified as important issue in 9 out of 14 of the community forum sessions, with particular concern for evening, weekend and sick child childcare services, as these services are not available at most locations throughout the region.

Children with Disabilities

According to SoonerStart data received in October 2004, there are 78 children with disabilities in our area that will be old enough to transition into Head Start in 2005; 25 in Craig County, 25 in Delaware County and 28 in Ottawa County. Additionally, they are serving 28 two-year-old children with disabilities; 11 in Craig County, 9 in Delaware County and 8 in Ottawa County. The areas of disability are identified in the following areas: cognitive, motor, speech and language, adaptive and social/emotional. According to the most recent data available from the Oklahoma State Department of Education, there are 130 children in our three county area ages 3-5 with diagnosed disabilities; 33 in Craig County, 59 in Delaware County, and 38 in Ottawa County. All of these children are considered developmentally delayed. Of these figures, one (1) child in Craig County, twenty-three (23) children in Delaware County, and twelve (12) children in Ottawa County are enrolled in centers served by the NE Oklahoma Head Start program. The public schools are responsible for providing or coordinating special services for these children,

however, Head Start often plays a leading role. The services provided include speech and language, physical and/or occupational therapy, nutritional monitoring for health impairment, and behavioral modification therapy. Resources accessed in the area, in addition to the public schools include: Integris Health, Grand Lake Mental Health, ROCMND Youth Services, Willow Crest Hospital, Holly Street, Day Springs, Delaware County Health Department, Tulsa Developmental Pediatrics & Center for Family Psychology and Children's Medical Center.

Employment

Approximately 16% of Head Start families are unemployed, which is significantly higher than the unemployment rates for the state and nation. While 50.1% of the families of Head Start children are families where only one parent is employed, 8.1% of the families have both parents unemployed. A more staggering figure is that 31% of the Head Start families are single-parent families and 30.2% of the parents in those families are unemployed. Many of the employed families are among the "working poor", working at part-time, minimum wage jobs which do not provide enough income to maintain basic necessities for their family, and certainly do not provide enough to pay for quality child care. Employment opportunities in our counties are very limited. Many jobs are part-time and/or seasonal. Most factories and/or plants are small, employing relatively few people. Underemployment is prevalent throughout the area. Ninety-three percent (93%) of the families enrolled in our federally funded classrooms have incomes below the poverty level.

Unemployment and underemployment are of great concern throughout the region. 81.1% of the respondents to the agency's community survey identified some need or a great need for jobs in the region, making it the second highest need identified in the area. The third highest need, with 80% of the respondents indicating some need or a great need for services was job training. Unemployment and underemployment were also the top issues and needs brought up during the Community Focus Forums, identified in 12 out of 14 of the sessions as being areas of need. Economic development is desperately needed throughout the region to generate employment opportunities that will produce living wages.

Social Services, Health and Nutritional Services Provided to Head Start Children/Families

Approximately seventy-one percent (71%) of our children receive services through the Department of Human Services, either TANF or Medicaid. Only 2.2% of our Head Start families are receiving TANF assistance, which is nearly 73% less than the number from the last Community Assessment. Due to the changes mandated in Welfare Reform, many recipients of TANF have been forced into the workplace into low paying jobs and the majority of families now served are working poor. The number of children enrolled in Medicaid remains high, although it has decreased slightly from 73.9% as shown in the last assessment, to 71.3% at the current time. The maintenance of these levels of Medicaid enrollments continues to be contributed in large part to the partnership agreements established with the local Departments of Human Services which allow Head Start Family Service Workers to assist families with the completion and submission of Medicaid applications. Nearly twenty-three percent (22.6%) of our enrolled children receive medical services through Public Health, Indian Division. In some instances, Cherokee Nation and other Indian Tribes also provide social service assistance to Indian families who are not receiving assistance from the Department of Human Services. Families receiving SSI has risen from 5.3%

to 8.2% since the last community assessment.

Other agencies surveyed to anticipate future Head Start eligible children are the County Health Departments and Healthy Families. Data received from these agencies also give indications regarding the health and nutrition needs of Head Start eligible children and families. As of January 30, 2002, Healthy Families in Delaware County serves 43 families with 52 target clients: six (6) prenatal, twenty-seven (27) birth-23 months, thirteen (13) 24-59 months, and six (6) 5-9 year-old children.

The WIC Program through the County Health Departments and the Cherokee Nation serve clients based on the income poverty guidelines, providing services to families and children that would be eligible for Head Start services. The October 2004 reports indicate the following:

Oct. 2004 WIC Program Enrollees	Craig County	Delaware County	Ottawa County	Cherokee Nation Delaware County
# Pregnant Women	41	82	106	29
# Breastfeeding	17	27	30	8
# Postpartum, not breastfeeding	33	46	65	26
# Infants (0-12 months)	112	150	157	126
# Children ages 1-5 yrs.	212	295	377	249
Total # clients	415	600	735	438

Further information regarding the nutritional needs and services of Head Start eligible families can be seen in data collected from children/families enrolled in 2004-2005 Head Start programs operated by NE Oklahoma Head Start. This data indicates that 41.3% of the families currently enrolled receive food stamps.

An important health issue plagues the northern part of Ottawa County. Tar Creek has been on the EPA Superfund list since September, 1983. Lead and zinc mining began in the late 1800's and continued through the 1960's, when the mining was abandoned. Left behind were 75 million tons of mine tailings containing lead, zinc, cadmium and hundreds of miles of deteriorating mines now filled with water laden with heavy metals. High blood-lead levels in area residents, including the vulnerable population of young children were identified. High blood-lead levels have been linked to possible permanent, adverse health problems. Remediation efforts have resulted in large amounts of soil being removed in the area in recent years, including soil on the grounds of Picher, Quapaw and Commerce Head Start. With intervention, blood-lead levels have shown significant drops but blood-lead levels remain a health concern for pre-school children.

Health care issues were at the top of the needs identified by respondents to NEOCAA's

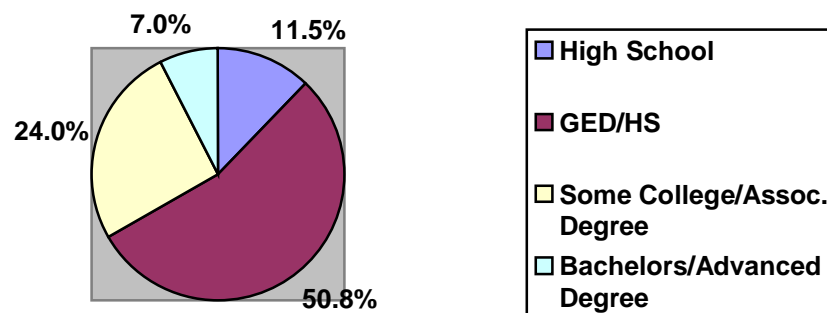
Community Survey. The number one need identified in the region was access to dental care, with 82.1% of the respondents to the survey identifying some need or a great need for dental services. Also appearing at the top of the list were: 1) Emergency prescription payment assistance, appearing at #4 on the list with 78.5% of the respondents indicating a need for this service 2) Affordable health insurance, #6 on the list with 77.6% of the respondents indicating a need and 3) Access to medical services appearing in the #8 position out of 40, with 77.4% of the respondents indicating a need in this area.

Health related issues identified during the Community Focus Forums included the use and distribution of drugs and alcohol and issues surrounding this concern. Drug and alcohol related problems were identified as community issues/needs at ten out of the 14 forums held. Health care cost issues came in very close behind, as they were identified as community problems in nine of the forums.

Educational Needs of Head Start Families

Data gathered from enrollment applications indicates that the parents of children enrolled in NE OKLAHOMA Head Start programs have obtained the following levels of education. Of the 399 families, the highest level of education per family is presented in the following table:

Educational Level of Head Start Parents
Source: Enrollment Application Data



While the numbers do not strictly coincide, it would appear that up to a point, the parents of children currently enrolled in NE Oklahoma Head Start programs are more highly educated than the data shows for the region and for Oklahoma as a whole. 2000 Census data shows the following in regards to the educational status of individuals over 25 years of age:

Educational Levels Attained: Individuals 25 and older
Source: 2000 U.S. Census and HS Enrollment Data

Educational Level	Oklahoma	NE 3-County Region	HS Parents (from enrollment data)
< High School	24.2%	24.2%	11.5%
HS Graduate	31.5%	36.9%	50.8%
Some College	23.4%	20.4%	24.0%
College Degree	25.7%	17.8%	7.0%

Based on this information, it can be seen that a higher percentage of the Head Start parents have completed high school than is seen at the state or regional level. These individuals are at the same level in regards to completion of some college, but fall lower than the state or regional levels when it comes to completion of a college degree. Input received during community focus forums would support this fact, in that many of the Head Start parents involved in the forums indicated a need to have more options available for evening classes and expanded higher education opportunities available in the region. Results from the agency’s community survey show that while educational opportunities were not the highest priorities identified, there were a significant number of respondents concerned about this issue. 71.6% of the respondents to the survey indicated some need or a great need for GED, 67.8% for college, and 66% for vocational technical training opportunities. Out of 40 issues contained on the survey, responses to the survey placed GED opportunities at 21 out of 40, college at 36 out of 40 and vocational training at 39 out of 40, with a ranking of 1 being the highest priority and 40 the lowest.

Program Options

A survey was completed by families making application for the 2004-2005 Head Start term that included the collection of data regarding the need for Head Start, hours per day, and days per week. See Appendix D for a copy of the Survey and a tabulation of the results. The results of those 577 surveys indicated that 92.6% of the respondents had an interest in Head Start services (4.7% did not answer), 73.4% of those responding preferred a full (school) day program, 7.0% a part-day and 11.5% preferred an extended day program with 88.3% preferring 5 days per week. 80.4% of the respondents indicated no need for childcare for 0-3 year-old children and a full 80% did not even respond to a question about whether there was a need for childcare before or after school, possibly indicating that there was no great need for this service. Results were mixed with regard to operation of Head Start programs only during the school year versus a full-year program. 26.8% of the respondents to the survey indicated they would like a Head Start program operated during the school year, while 16.2% indicated they would prefer a full-year program and 56.7% did not respond at all to this question. The results of this survey are discussed with the Policy Council and used to determine program options.

Accessibility and Availability of Services in the Region

As part of the community assessment survey, NEOCAA asked open-ended questions regarding the accessibility and availability of programs and services in the region. Survey respondents were asked to identify accessibility issues by listing services that are difficult to find or to get to in their community. They were asked to identify availability issues by listing services that are not available in their community or that are difficult to use. Tabulation of the responses to these questions can be seen in Appendix B. The following tables identify the top ten issues

commented on in regards to accessibility and availability of programs and services throughout the three-county region. Out of the 688 completed surveys, a total of 138 comments were received regarding accessibility issues and 177 concerning availability.

Top Ten Accessibility Issues
Source: NEOCAA Community Survey

Issue	Number of Responses
Jobs	10
Automobile repair assistance	9
Affordable housing to rent	8
Have to travel to obtain any services	6
Not aware of programs: Publicity needed	6
Emergency rent assistance	6
Evening/after hours child care	6
Sick child childcare	6
Affordable housing to purchase	5
Adult counseling services	5

Top Eleven Availability Issues
Source: NEOCAA Community Survey

Issue	Number of Responses
Emergency assistance payments (rent, utilities, etc.)	12
Must travel for all services	10
Sick child childcare	9
Medical care	8
Dental care	7
Mental health services	7
Not aware of programs: Publicity needed	6
Affordable housing to buy	6
Public transportation	6
Evening childcare	6
Automobile repair assistance	6

Analysis

The number of children under age five living in poverty will continue to be significant, therefore the need for quality Head Start and Infant/Toddler programs will be great. Based on the location of eligible children and existing programs, the recruitment area should remain the same as previous years. Head Start has been the only childcare program in the three -county area to demonstrate initiative to provide recognized quality programs by earning Oklahoma Three Star Status and NAEYC accreditation. This effort should continue to include all centers. Based on needs expressed in the community, Head Start should continue to work with other agencies and programs to increase the availability of jobs, housing, educational opportunities, health care

options, quality child care for all low-income children 0-5 years old, services for children with disabilities, child development and parenting training, and childcare for the length of time working families need that care.

The agency-wide Community Survey conducted by NEOCAA in September 2004, gathered data in the areas of food assistance programs, employment, family planning, emergency assistance (rent, heating, food), health care, transportation, adult education, mental health services (including counseling, alcohol/drug treatment), financial services (including low interest, short-term, small loans), day care, and affordable housing. See Appendix B for a copy of the survey and a tabulation of the results. A total of 688 surveys were completed and returned to the agency.

The following sections of the Community Assessment contain information regarding data concerning housing and community/social services. These are major program areas addressed by NEOCAA and as such, merit analysis within their program areas.

Recommendations

- Continue to identify recruitment area as in previous years, priority to 4 year olds
- Continue to provide Program Options as in most recent years
- Maintain and pursue NAEYC accreditation for all centers
- Maintain and pursue Three-Star status in centers where childcare subsidy is accepted
- Continue to provide college classes for staff working toward Associate or Bachelors degrees in Child Development, Early Childhood, or other appropriate fields
- Apply for Early Head Start funding when available
- Maintain and pursue contracts with public schools to serve additional children or hours for children.
- Maintain and develop community partnerships to address needs of families
- Maintain and upgrade computer systems in all locations



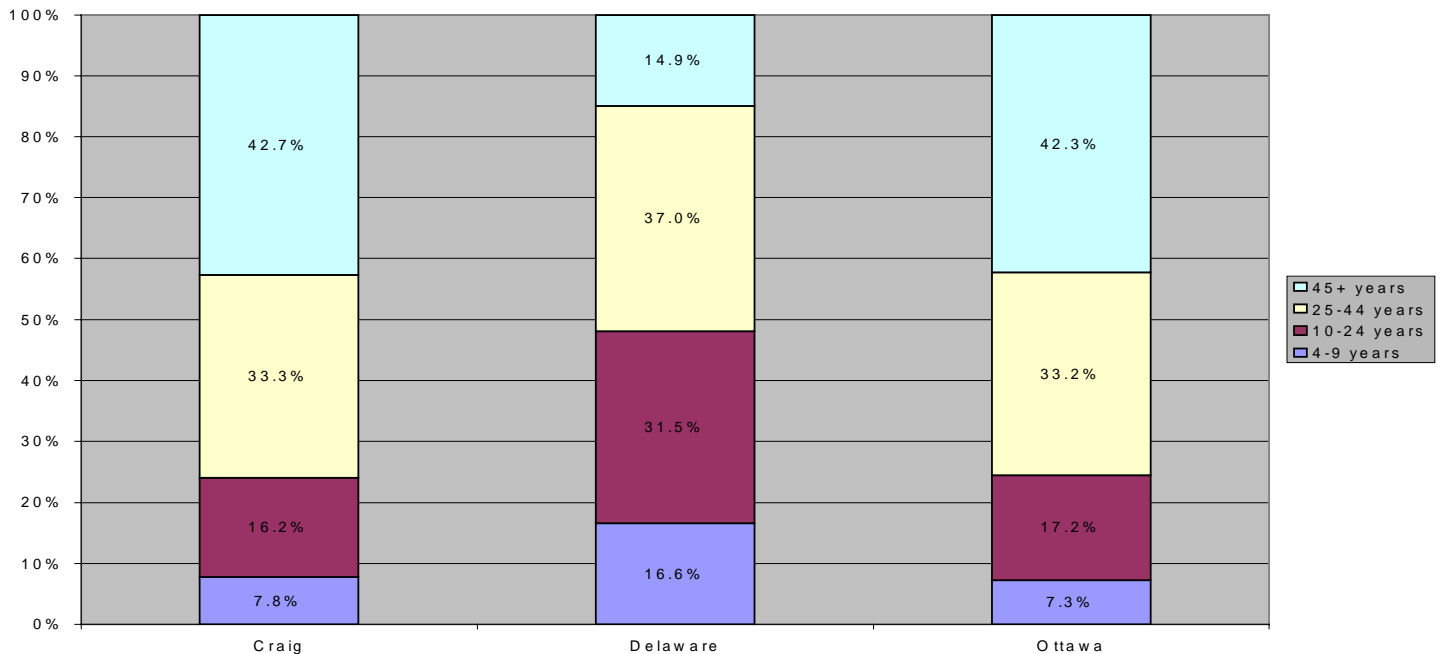
HOUSING

The need for affordable housing is a theme that was echoed throughout the region during the community assessment process. This need was identified in all of the communities and in all of the surveys conducted.

An analysis of Census data reveals that the region contains an aging housing stock, low vacancy rates and insufficient housing stock except at higher price ranges. The following chart shows the ages of the housing stock in each of the three counties that make up NEOCAA’s service area.

As can be seen in this chart, 76% of the homes in Craig County, 51.9% of the homes in Delaware County and 75.5% of the homes in Ottawa County are over twenty-five years old. In fact, 42.7% of the homes in Craig County and 42.3% of the homes in Ottawa County are forty-five years old and older. Based on the age of the region’s housing stock, one would anticipate that many of these homes would be in need of repair. This fact is reflected in the results of the Community Assessment Survey conducted by the agency in September 2004 (See Appendix B for a copy of the survey and the tabulated results). 72.6% of the respondents to the survey indicated some need or a great need for housing rehabilitation and 73.5% indicated a need for weatherization assistance, placing these needs at #12 and #14 out of 40 issues addressed by the survey. These needs were identified in the results tabulated for each county as well. The following table shows the percentage of respondents identifying some need or a great need for rehabilitation or weatherization services in each county and also shows the relative need ranking for those services, with 1 being the highest need and 40 the lowest.

Ages of Housing Stock
Source: 2000 U.S. Census



Need for Rehabilitation and Weatherization Services

Source: NEOCAA Community Survey 2004

	Need for Rehabilitation	Ranking	Need for Weatherization	Ranking
Craig	88.0%	11	85.5%	20
Delaware	76.3%	14	74.2%	22
Ottawa	65.6%	21	67.6%	14

In July 2004 NEOCAA sponsored a week-long Group Workcamp during which over 400 youth volunteers from across the country repaired 67 homes in southern Delaware County. Upon completion of the Workcamp efforts, 27 homes were identified as needing further repairs and 12 homes were in need of weatherization services.

Results of a survey of area realtors conducted in June 2004 revealed that most of the region's housing stock priced under \$40,000 consisted of mobile homes and dwellings in need of extensive rehabilitation. Results of the survey showed a low to moderate demand for housing in this price range, with 9 of the realtors indicating a low demand and 5 indicating a moderate demand. Results were somewhat mixed regarding the sufficiency of housing stock priced under \$40,000, with a nearly even split on the responses. The final analysis reveals that the demand for homes in this price range is lower than for homes in other price ranges and there appears to be sufficient stock. However, the dwellings available for under \$40,000 need repairs in order to provide suitable housing. U.S. Census data shows that 48% of the homes in Craig County, 21.4% of the homes in Delaware County and 53.7% of the homes in Ottawa County were valued at under \$50,000, so a large number of homes would fit the price range mentioned by the realtors as needing repairs.

Affordable housing to rent or buy is also an issue throughout the region. Census data shows the following figures for vacancy rates through the three-county region.

Homeowner and Rental Vacancy Rates

Source: 2000 U.S. Census

	Homeowner Vacancy	Renter Vacancy
Craig	3.8%	9.5%
Delaware	3.2%	8.8%
Ottawa	2.3%	8.4%
Oklahoma	2.5%	10.6%

It is important to notice that the rental vacancy rate in each county is lower than that found in the State of Oklahoma over all. Additionally, Ottawa county shows a lower homeowner vacancy rate than the state and both Craig and Delaware County show only moderately higher homeowner vacancy rates than the state level, despite the fact that there are a large number of seasonal homes present in these counties because of the recreational nature of the region.

When these low vacancy rates are considered along with projected growth figures for the region and with the fact that most new construction occurring in the region is by developers catering to those who wish to buy homes located near Grand Lake and priced at over \$120,000, one can see that the need for affordable housing will only grow larger. Projected growth figures for each county can be seen in the following table:

Projected Population Growth 2000-2015 (% growth)

Source: 2000 U.S. Census

	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2000-2015
Craig	5.0%	5.1%	5.5%	16.4%
Delaware	8.4%	8.0%	7.6%	26.0%
Ottawa	2.4%	2.6%	3.4%	8.8%
Oklahoma	5.8%	5.7%	5.5%	18.0%

As can be seen in this table, Delaware County’s projected population growth rate at 26% is far above the projected rate of growth in the state. The tremendously strong growth rate projected for Delaware County will mean an even greater demand for affordable housing as pressure develops against an already tight housing market. While Craig County is slightly below the state level and Ottawa County is considerably below that level, the fact remains that continued population growth is projected in both counties.

Realtors providing information for the Realtor Survey conducted in June 2004 indicated that there is a moderate to high demand for housing priced over \$40,000 with insufficient housing stock availability, especially in the \$40,000 to \$85,000 price range. Significant demand and the highest incidences of insufficient housing stock exist in this price range. Analysis of data at a county level reveals a consistent pattern of moderate to high demand coupled with insufficient housing stock available in this price range. See Appendix E for a copy of the results of this Realtor Survey.

Median family incomes for the region, as reported by the U.S. Census, are as follows: Craig County \$36,499, Delaware County \$33,093 and Ottawa County \$32,368. All of these income levels are below the state median income, which is reported as \$40,709. With median family incomes at these levels, it is apparent that in order to be affordable, homeownership units to be purchased should be priced in the \$50,000-\$70,000 range to be affordable to families in the region. Housing developers in the region tend to concentrate on the development and construction of homes priced above this range, concentrating their efforts on more affluent buyers desiring homes located on or near Grand Lake.

Results of the agency’s Community Assessment Survey further document the need for affordable housing. The following table shows the percentage of survey respondents indicating some need or a great need for homes to buy, homes to rent and for homebuyer education and assistance services. The table also shows the relative need ranking, with 1 being the highest need and 40 the lowest.

	Homes to Buy	Ranking	Homes to Rent	Ranking	Homebuyer Education	Ranking
Overall	77.6%	7	77.1%	9	72.4%	15
Craig	88.7%	6	85.2%	22	85.4%	21
Delaware	80.1%	6	78.1%	10	76.0%	15
Ottawa	73.0%	9	73.4%	8	66.4%	18

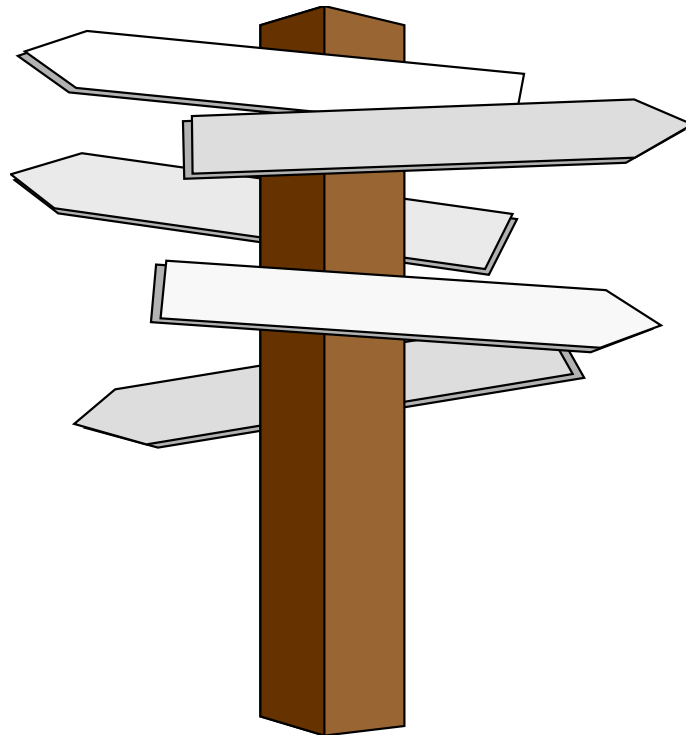
It can be seen from analyzing the data in this table that the needs for affordable housing to rent and purchase rank in the top 15 out of 40 identified need areas pretty consistently throughout each of the counties and the need for homebuyer education and down payment assistance are also in the top 20 needs identified in the region.

Results of the Community Focus Forums, which can be seen in Appendix C, were a little more mixed with regards to housing needs. The need for affordable housing was identified as the second highest need, right behind the need for economic development. While the strongest need identified at 11 out of 14 of the sessions was for new construction of single-family housing units, some areas needed homeownership units, while others showed a need for rental units. The following communities expressed a particularly strong need for rental housing development: Colcord, Jay, Commerce, Fairland, Afton and Vinita. Two communities, Bluejacket and Quapaw expressed only a need for affordable homeownership units. The remaining communities expressed needs for both rental and homeownership units.

Low family median income levels throughout the region, as demonstrated above, coupled with poor credit histories or a lack of any credit history, present problems for many potential homebuyers in the region. The need for homebuyer education services, credit counseling and down payment assistance programs is shown by the results of the agency’s Community Assessment Survey, with 72.4% of the respondents indicating some need or a great need for these services.

It was also identified that there is a need to develop housing to be utilized as permanent supportive housing units for disabled chronically homeless individuals and families throughout the region. The results of the Homeless Point-in-time Surveys conducted in February and June 2004 show that there were 139 homeless family members in 41 family units identified throughout the region. Thirty-six (36) of the family units, consisting of 123 family members were unsheltered at the time the surveys were conducted. Additionally, there were 103 homeless individuals, 33 of whom were unsheltered. Analysis of the housing needed to meet the gaps between the homeless individuals in the region and the number of beds available to serve them indicates that a minimum of 62 beds of permanent housing for families and 44 beds for individuals would be needed to meet the immediate needs of this population.

All in all, considering the demand for affordable housing and given the limited availability of housing throughout the region, it can be said that there are not enough resources available to the agency to meet the needs. A combination of efforts including housing rehabilitation and weatherization to maintain current housing stock, new construction of affordable single-family homeownership units, consideration of the development and construction of both single-family and multi-family rental units and the provision of homebuyer education services and down payment assistance will be needed to begin to impact on the region's housing needs.



Community and Social Services

Health care issues, economic conditions and the need for emergency assistance payments were identified as the primary concerns of individuals and families throughout the three-county area. These needs were consistently at the top of the list in both the Community Assessment Surveys and the Community Focus Forums conducted throughout the region. The strongest message heard throughout the region at the Community Focus Forums were issues regarding unemployment/underemployment and the lack of jobs paying living wages. Concerns about employment and economic development were heard in 12 out of 14 of the Focus Forums. Issues such as the availability of health insurance, the need for prescription payment assistance and emergency assistance such as emergency rental assistance and utility assistance are closely tied to the poor economic conditions found in the region. The following tables summarize some of the pertinent U.S. Census Data relating to these economic conditions.

Poverty Rates
Source: 2000 U.S. Census

	% Families Below Poverty	% Families with Female Head of Household	% Families With Female Head of Household Below Poverty	% Individuals over 18 years old Below Poverty
Craig	10.9%	5.8%	38.0%	12.3%
Delaware	14.2%	5.3%	42.7%	15.2%
Ottawa	13.0%	6.3%	35.4%	13.8%
Oklahoma	11.2%	7.0%	32.0%	13.0%
U.S.	9.2%	7.2%	26.5%	12.4%

As can be seen in this table, the incidence of families living below poverty levels in Delaware and Ottawa Counties is higher than the incidence in the State of Oklahoma and significantly higher than the incidence seen across the United States. The incidence of families living below poverty in Craig County is nearly equal to the incidence found in Oklahoma and higher than the 9.2% incidence in the U.S. The incidence of individuals over the age of 18 living below poverty levels is consistently at or above the state and national levels, except in Craig County, where this incidence is slightly lower than the state and national levels.

Other significant sets of data are those reporting the number of families with a female head of household. Although the incidence of this type of family unit in the population is slightly lower than state or national levels, it is important to note that the percentage of these families living below the poverty level is higher than both state and national levels in all three counties.

If these poverty rates are considered along with median family incomes for the area, the true nature of the economic conditions experienced by the region's families begins to emerge. As can be seen in the following table, median family income data shows that Craig County income levels are 10.3% below the State median family income and that Delaware and Craig County levels are 18.7% and 20.5% below the State level respectively. Perhaps more significantly, these levels are even considerably more below the median family income reported for the nation as a whole, with Craig County family median income 27.1% lower than the national average, Delaware County 33.9% below the national level and Ottawa County at 35.3% lower than the national median family income.

Median Family Income
Source: 2000 U.S. Census

	Median Family
Oklahoma	\$40,709
United States	\$50,046
Craig	\$36,499
Delaware	\$33,093
Ottawa	\$32,368

An underlying factor contributing to the lower family median incomes and the number of families living below poverty levels is the unemployment/underemployment seen throughout the region. The following table shows a comparison of the unemployment rates for the region as compared to the State of Oklahoma and the United States as a whole.

Unemployment Rates (Percentage)
Source: Oklahoma Employment Security Commission

	August 2004	July 2004	August 2003
United States	5.4	5.7	6.0
Oklahoma	3.8	4.4	5.5
Craig	3.4	3.9	4.8
Delaware	3.3	3.9	4.5
Ottawa	5.4	6.2	7.8

While the unemployment rates seen throughout the region have gone down since August 2003, and while these levels appear to be lower than those seen in the state and the nation in August 2004, several factors must be taken into consideration when looking at these figures. It is commonly understood that these unemployment figures underestimate the true level of unemployment in the communities because these figures do not distinguish between part-time and full-time workers, do not count underpaid working poor, and do not count workers who have given up looking for work. However, all three counties continue to be eligible to participate in the Federal Emergency Food and Shelter Program (FEMA), which is based on unemployment rates and low-income population and, in fact, all three counties received increases in the amounts allocated to them in 2004, indicating an increase in these criteria relative to other localities across the nation. Appendix A contains data profiles and charts created from 2000 U.S. Census data for each county and each of the key communities.

The bottom line to all of these statistics is that many families living in the three-county region are living day-to-day, paycheck-to-paycheck existences, barely meeting the subsistence needs of their families. In many cases, they are doing so in jobs that do not provide benefits like medical/health insurance coverage. This means that these families have limited access to affordable medical and dental care and that they often struggle to be able to pay rent and utilities. In cases where some kind of financial emergency occurs, these families are forced to decide whether to pay for needed medical services, fix the car so they can get to work, pay the rent or utilities, or put food on the table. These economic stresses were identified in the results of the

Community Assessment and the Community Focus Forums. The following table summarizes the results of the Community Assessment Survey, identifying the top needs identified throughout the region. The table reports the percentage of the survey respondents indicating some need or a great need for the service and the relative need ranking for that service out of 40 needs identified on the survey, with 1 being the highest need and 40 the lowest. See Appendix B for a copy of the Community Assessment Survey and the tabulated results for the region, individual counties and individual key communities.

Overall Community Assessment Survey Results
Community/Social Service Needs Appearing in Top 20 out of 40 Identified Needs
Source: NEOCAA 2004 Community Assessment Survey

	% of Respondents Identifying as Need	Ranking
Dental Services	82.1%	1
Jobs	81.1%	2
Job Training	80.0%	3
Prescription Payment Assistance	78.5%	4
Utility Payment Assistance	78.3%	5
Health Insurance	78.2%	6
Medical Services	77.4%	8
Rental Payment Assistance	73.5%	11
Food Pantry	73.1%	13
Domestic Abuse/Child Abuse Svcs.	72.2%	16
Clothing	72.1%	17
Child Counseling	71.8%	19

The number one need identified in the region as a whole was access to affordable dental care. The number of dental providers in the region is limited so getting an appointment is difficult, and many of the providers do not accept SoonerCare or Medicaid payments, so families cannot afford to get dental treatment if they can find a provider.

The need for jobs that provide full-time employment with living wages and benefits is the #3 need identified throughout the region. This fact was reinforced by the responses heard during the Community Focus Forums, where unemployment/underemployment issues and the need for economic development were identified in 12 out of 14 of the forum sessions, making it the number one issue/need identified by the communities. Assistance in paying for medical prescriptions and affordable health insurance appear in the number 5 and 8 positions on the list respectively, with 78.5% of the respondents to the survey indicating some need or a great need for prescription payment assistance and 77.4% indicating a need for health insurance coverage. Health care costs were identified as the third highest issue/need during the Community Focus Forums and issues surrounding these costs were brought up at 9 out of 14 of the forums. The development of employment opportunities that provide health benefits for employees will help address this issue to some extent. Closely coupled with the development of jobs was the need for job training to prepare individuals to fill those jobs. This need was identified as the third highest need out of the 40 needs, and 80% of the respondents to the survey identified some need or a great need for job training services.

Most of the remaining needs identified in the table are results of the depressed economic condition facing the region's individuals and families. Emergency assistance payments in the form of utility assistance payments, rent payment assistance, food pantries and clothing are all identified among the top 20 out of 40 needs, and are all related to the day-to-day existence experienced by many of the region's families.

Although the results were fairly consistent throughout the region, there were some variations in the extent of the various needs and the relative ranking of these needs in each county. The following tables summarize the results of the Community Assessment Survey for each county.

**Community Assessment Survey Results: Craig County
Community/Social Service Needs Appearing in Top 20 out of 40 Identified Needs
Source: NEOCAA 2004 Community Assessment Survey**

	% of Respondents Identifying as Need	Ranking
Food Pantry	90.7%	1
Child Counseling	89.1%	3
Jobs	88.9%	4
Utility Payment Assistance	88.7%	5
Job Training	88.2%	7
Rental Assistance Payments	88.2%	8
Health Insurance	88.2%	9
Prescription Payment Assistance	87.9%	12
Dental Services	87.0%	15
Budgeting Assistance	86.5%	17
Clothing	86.3%	18

**Community Assessment Survey Results: Delaware County
Community/Social Service Needs Appearing in Top 20 out of 40 Identified Needs
Source: NEOCAA 2004 Community Assessment Survey**

	% of Respondents Identifying as Need	Ranking
Dental Services	84.3%	1
Prescription Payment Assistance	80.8%	2
Health Insurance	80.4%	3
Job Training	80.1%	4
Medical Services	79.8%	6
Utility Payment Assistance	79.8%	7
Jobs	79.4%	8
Adult Counseling Services	77.3%	11
Family Planning	75.6%	15
Child Counseling Services	75.1%	16
Food Stamps/Food Assistance	75.0%	17
Alcohol/Drug Treatment	75.0%	18
Rental Payment Assistance	74.2%	20

**Community Assessment Survey Results: Ottawa County
Community/Social Service Needs Appearing in Top 20 out of 40 Identified Needs
Source: NEOCAA 2004 Community Assessment Survey**

	% of Respondents Identifying as Need	Ranking
Jobs	80.2%	1
Dental Services	79.8%	3
Job Training	76.6%	4
Medical Services	77.4%	5
Health Insurance	74.0%	7
Prescription Payment Assistance	73.7%	8
Utility Payment Assistance	72.5%	9
Clothing	68.8%	12
Rental Payment Assistance	68.4%	15
Food Stamps/Food Assistance	66.8%	17
GED/Adult Literacy	66.4%	18
Domestic Abuse/Child Abuse Svcs.	66.1%	19

The Community Assessment Survey also asked open-ended questions about the accessibility and availability of services. In order to identify availability issues, respondents were asked to identify services that were not available in their community or that were difficult to use. In order to identify accessibility issues, the survey asked respondents to identify services or programs in their area that were difficult to find or to get to in their community. A total of 177 individual responses to the availability question were received and 136 responses were received in regards to accessibility issues. A tabulation of these responses for the region, for each county and for each of the key communities can be found in Appendix A.

The number one availability issue identified was emergency assistance payment services, closely related to responses in which respondents indicated that they were either not aware of the services or had to travel significant distances to find and use the services. Other availability issues identified were the availability of medical and dental services. The number one accessibility issue identified was jobs, indicating jobs were hard to find in the communities.

Several other issues were raised during the Community Focus Forums that were not addressed by the Community Assessment Survey. A copy of the tabulated responses received during the focus forums and a narrative description of the issues, needs, strengths and weaknesses identified in each community can be seen in Appendix C. The most prominent of these issues/needs are as follows:

- **Drugs/Alcohol:** Community Focus Forum participants at 10 of the 14 sessions identified the illegal manufacturing and distribution of drugs and the effects of the improper use of drugs and alcohol as a major problem throughout the region. Participants also identified the fact that issues surrounding drug manufacturing and use often lead to an increase in crime and violence.
- **Senior citizens' needs:** Participants at 9 out of 14 focus sessions identified a need to increase the availability of services and activities for senior citizens. Among these needs were expanded availability of hours and activities at senior centers and respite care for families

caring for elderly family members and home care for elderly individuals.

- Youth activities and services: Many communities do not have facilities or activities available for youth, especially during after school and evening hours. Forum participants related that the lack of constructive options for youth often lead to an increased amount of youth violence and crime. These communities identified a need to develop youth centers with expanded hours and a variety of activities and services available for youth.

Results of this Community Assessment process provide data all the way down to a community level to help agency staff, the agency's Board of Directors and its community partners assess and address the needs of each community. Results of the feedback obtained during the Community Assessment process have been incorporated into the agency's strategic planning process and will be used to help develop programs and services to address the needs identified in this document. In many cases it will take collaborative efforts and the formation of consortia or partnerships to develop programs and services to address the issues. This is particularly true in the areas of economic development and medical care. The strong needs identified throughout the region in these areas must be incorporated into a comprehensive long-range strategy in conjunction with community partners throughout the region to begin developing ways to strengthen the region's economic development activities and to begin addressing the extensive needs identified for improvement of access to affordable medical and dental care.

Appendix A
Demographic Data and Community Profiles

Community Profile
Craig County, Oklahoma
Total Population: 14,950

General Demographics **Craig County** **OK** **OK** **Craig Cty**

3 – 4 years old	354	2.4%	2.8%	Total Households	5,620		
65+ yrs old	2,418	16.2%	13.2%	Family Households	3,948	70.3%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	3,154	21.1%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	1,737	30.9%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	1,029	42.6%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	327	5.8%	7.0%
White	10,246	68.5%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	219	1.8%	1.5%
African American	462	3.1%	7.6%	Live alone	1,934	27.0%	26.7%
Native American	2,439	16.3%	7.9%				
Hispanic	179	1.2%	5.2%	Average family size	2.97		3.02
Asian	31	.2%	1.4%				
Other	72	.5%	2.4%				
2 or more races	1,521	10.2%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change
Craig Cty.	14,104	14,950	6.0%	15,700	5.0%	16,500	5.1%	17,400	5.5%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Craig County's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 16.4% increase (gain of 2,450 in population)

Income and Employment **Craig** **OK** **Craig** **OK**

Median family income	\$36,499	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	1,970 (12.3%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$30,997	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	257 (4.5%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	432 (10.9%)	11.2%	Commute to work	23.2 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	194 (38.0%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	3.9%	3.3%

Housing **Craig** **OK** **OK** **Craig**

Total housing units	6,459			# units for sale	166		
Number occupied	5,620	87.0%	88.6%	# units for rent	148		
Owner occupied	4,218	75.1%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	1,402	24.9%	31.6%	4-9 years	504	7.8%	8.4%
Number vacant	839	13.0%	11.4%	10-24 years	1,045	16.2%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	3.8%		2.5%	25-44 years	2,152	33.3%	37.2%
Renter vacancy rate	9.5%		10.6%	45+ years	2,758	42.7%	31.1%
Median rent	\$396		\$456	Median value	\$52,100		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$35,600		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	2,207			116		
\$10,000-49,999	1,058	48.0%	30.0%	87	74.9%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	413	18.7%	19.4%	9	7.8%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	388	17.6%	17.5%	9	7.8%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	175	7.9%	16.5%	7	6.0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	131	5.9%	11.8%	4	3.5%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	42	1.9%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals and eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

Total age 3	200	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	35	Less than 9 th grade	718
HS Eligible (poverty)	40	9-12 no diploma	1,633
Total age 4	173	H.S. Graduate	4,152
Enrolled in school	100	Some college, no degree	2,069
HS Eligible (poverty)	35	College graduate	1,125
Enrolled in Kindergarten	157	% H.S. or Higher	76.9%
		Drop out rate	-----

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	10	310	15	115
DHS Contracts	5	185	10	75

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	14	22

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	6	4	3

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	16
1+ Star	3
2 Star	5
3 Star	1

Community Profile Bluejacket, Oklahoma Total Population: 274

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 18.3%, more than double state level (7.9%)
 Projected growth: 16.8% (through 2005 at state level)
 Public Assistance Recipients: 8.7% (State 5.1%)
 2000 unemployment: 5.6% (State 3.3%)
 Grandparents as caregivers: 5.7% (State 1.5%)
 65+ with disability: 75% (State 46.7%)
 66% of homes 25+, 34% 45+
 Median price asked: \$22,500 Median value: \$33,300
 Median family income: \$33,250 (\$7,450) Median HH income: \$26,458 (\$6,900)

General Demographics Bluejacket OK Bluejacket

OK							
3 – 4 years old	6	2.2%	2.8%	Total Households	99		
65+ yrs old	36	13.1%	13.2%	Family Households	69	69.7%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	31	14.0%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	40	40.4%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	27	75.0%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	10	10.1%	7.0%
White	182	66.4%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	12	5.7%	1.5%
African American	3	1.1%	7.6%	Live alone	28	28.3%	26.7%
Native American	50	18.3%	7.9%				
Hispanic	0	0%	5.2%	Average family size	3.33		3.02
Asian	0	0	1.4%				
Other	0	0	2.4%				
2 or more races	39	14.2%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Bluejacket	175	274	56.6%	290	5.84%	300	3.5%	320	6.7%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Bluejacket's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 16.8% increase (gain of 46 in population)

Income and Employment Bluejacket OK Bluejacket OK

Median family income	\$33,250	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	25 (12.8%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$26,458	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	9 (8.7%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	8 (11.3%)	11.2%	Commute to work	27.6 min.	21.7 min.
Female HH below poverty	0	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	5.6%	3.3%

Housing Bluejacket OK Bluejacket

Total housing units	112		# units for sale	7			
Number occupied	99	82.5%	88.6%	# units for rent	3		
Owner occupied	83	83.8%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	16	16.2%	31.6%	4-9 years	11	9.8%	8.4%
Number vacant	13	11.6%	11.4%	10-24 years	26	24.2%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	7.8%		2.5%	25-44 years	35	32.1%	37.2%
Renter vacancy rate	15.8%		10.6%	45+ years	37	34.0%	31.1%

Median rent	\$356		\$456	Median value	\$33,300		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$22,500		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	48			5		
\$10,000-49,999	37	77.0%	30.0%	5	100%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	8	16.7%	19.4%	0	0%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	0	0%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	3	6.3%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	0	0%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	0	0%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 year old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Bluejacket

Total age 3	37	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	0	Less than 9 th grade	3
HS Eligible (poverty)	7	9-12 no diploma	30
Total age 4	15	H.S. Graduate	65
HS Eligible (poverty)	3	Some college, no degree	43
School District: (2004)		College graduate	12
Kindergarten Enrollment	17		
4 yr. old enrollment	11		
Free Lunch Eligible	50%	% H.S. or Higher	78.4%
		Drop out rate	7%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	0	0	2	14
DHS Contracts	0	0	2	14

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	2	2

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	2	1	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	1
1+ Star	0
2 Star	1
3 Star	0

Community Profile Ketchum, Oklahoma

Total Population: 286

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 18.5% (nearly double state level)
 Projected growth: 15.4% (stays close to State level)
 65+ with disability: 60% (State 46.7%)
 62.2% of homes 25+, 39.7% 45+, 32.7% 10-24
 Median price asked: \$45,000 Median Value: \$37,000
 94.7% valued under \$70,000
 Median family income: \$32,500 (\$8,200) Median HH income: \$25,000 (\$8,400)
 No overnight, evening or weekend child care (only 1 childcare facility)

General Demographics Ketchum OK Ketchum

General Demographics	Ketchum	OK	Ketchum
3 – 4 years old	7	2.5%	2.8%
65+ yrs old	37	12.9%	13.2%
Over 5 yrs with disability	67	23.4%	17.6%
Over 65 with disability	27	60.0%	46.7%
White	197	68.9%	74.1%
African American	1	.4%	7.6%
Native American	53	18.5%	7.9%
Hispanic	0	0%	5.2%
Asian	1	.4%	1.4%
Other	0	0%	2.4%
2 or more races	34	11.8%	1.4%
Total Households	120		
Family Households	79	65.8%	68.7%
Family HH with Children <18	44	36.7%	32.4%
Female HH with Children	13	10.8%	7.0%
Grandparents as caregivers	5	2.2%	1.5%
Live alone	37	30.8%	26.7%
Average family size	2.97		3.02

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Ketchum	263	286	8.8%	300	4.9%	320	6.7%	330	3.1%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Ketchum's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 15.4% increase (gain of 34 in population)

Income and Employment Ketchum OK Ketchum OK

Median family income	\$32,500	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	23 (11.2%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$25,000	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	4 (3.3%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	8 (10.8%)	11.2%	Commute to work	21.8 min.	21.7 min.
Female HH below poverty	8 (50%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	4.2%	3.3%

Housing Ketchum OK Ketchum

Total housing units	153		# units for sale	6			
Number occupied	120	78.4%	88.6%	# units for rent	3		
Owner occupied	85	70.8%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	35	29.2%	31.6%	4-9 years	8	5.1%	8.4%
Number vacant	33	21.6%	11.4%	10-24 years	51	32.7%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	6.6%		2.5%	25-44 years	35	22.5%	37.2%
Renter vacancy rate	7.9%		10.6%	45+ years	62	39.7%	31.1%
Median rent	\$385		\$456	Median value	\$37,000		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$45,000		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	57			2		
\$10,000-49,999	42	73.6%	30.0%	1	50%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	12	21.1%	19.4%	0	0%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	3	5.3%	17.5%	1	50%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	0	0%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	0	0%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	0	0%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Ketchum

Total age 3	53	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	4	Less than 9 th grade	11
HS Eligible (poverty)	10	9-12 no diploma	42
Total age 4	37	H.S. Graduate	69
HS Eligible (poverty)	7	Some college, no degree	38
School District: (2004)		College graduate	25
Kindergarten Enrollment	49		
4 yr. old enrolment	36		
Free Lunch Eligible	67%	% H.S. or Higher	71.4%
		Drop out rate	11.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	1	30	0	0
DHS Contracts	1	30	0	0

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	1	1

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	1
1+ Star	0
2 Star	0
3 Star	0

Community Profile Vinita, Oklahoma

Total Population: 6,062

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 15.9% (2x State level)
 Projected growth: 24.2% 2000-2005: 12.2% (State 5.84%)
 Public Assistance Recipients: 7.6% (State 5.1%)
 82.7% of homes 25+, 50.8% 45+
 Median price asked: \$36,800 Median value: \$49,600
 Median family income: \$33,461 (\$7,250) Median HH income: \$27,511 (\$5,890)
 No weekend child care

General Demographics

	Vinita	OK	Vinita	
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3 – 4 years old	151	2.5%	2.8%	Total Households	2,381		
65+ yrs old	1,157	19.1%	13.2%	Family Households	1,454	61.1%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	1,443	23.8%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	688	28.9%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	484	45.1%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	187	7.9%	7.0%
White	4,357	71.8%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	79	1.5%	1.5%
African American	396	6.5%	7.6%	Live alone	850	35.7%	26.7%
Native American	962	15.9%	7.9%				
Hispanic	96	1.6%	5.2%	Average family size	2.97		3.02
Asian	20	.3%	1.4%				
Other	40	.7%	2.4%				
2 or more races	191	3.2%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Vinita	5,804	6,062	4.5%	6,800	12.2%	7,140	5.0%	7,530	5.5%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Vinita's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 24.2% increase (gain of 1,468 in population)

Income and Employment

	Vinita	OK	Vinita	
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Median family income	\$33,461	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	669 (15.8%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$27,511	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	179 (7.6%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	207 (14.3%)	11.2%	Commute to work	16.6 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	123 (40.6%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	5.1%	3.3%

Housing

	Vinita	OK	Vinita	
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Total housing units	2,694		# units for sale	62			
Number occupied	2,381	88.4%	88.6%	# units for rent	99		
Owner occupied	1,581	66.4%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	800	33.6%	31.6%	4-9 years	104	3.8%	8.4%
Number vacant	313	11.6%	11.4%	10-24 years	364	13.5%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	3.8%		2.5%	25-44 years	861	31.9%	37.2%
Renter vacancy rate	11.0%		10.6%	45+ years	1,373	50.8%	31.1%
Median rent	\$400		\$456	Median value	\$49,600		\$70,700

				Median Price Asked	\$36,800		\$43,300
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Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	1,411			53		
\$10,000-49,999	714	50.6%	30.0%	39	73.6%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	258	18.3%	19.4%	3	5.7%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	263	18.6%	17.5%	5	9.4%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	84	6.0%	16.5%	6	11.3%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	79	5.6%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	13	.9%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Vinita & White Oak

Total age 3	126 (20)	(Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	24 (8)	Less than 9 th grade	462
HS Eligible (poverty)	27 (4)	9-12 no diploma	795
Total age 4	120 (19)	H.S. Graduate	1,848
HS Eligible (poverty)	27 (4)	Some college, no degree	826
School District: (2004)		College graduate	584
Kindergarten enrollment	120 (16)		
4 yr. old enrollment	73 (20)		
Free Lunch Eligible	??% (80%)	% H.S. or Higher	72.2%
		Drop out rate	7% (4%)

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	7	202	12	94
DHS Contracts	3	131	8	65

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	9	18

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	3	2	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	12
1+ Star	3
2 Star	3
3 Star	1

Community Profile Welch, Oklahoma

Total Population: 597

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 12.9% (State 7.9%)
 Projected growth: 15.6%, above or keeping pace with state
 81.8% of homes 25+, 50% 45+
 Median price asked: \$12,500 Median value: \$44,600
 Median family income: \$38,482 (\$2,200) Median HH income: \$31,389 (\$2,000)
 No evening, weekend or overnight child care, only 1 facility

General Demographics OK

Welch OK

Welch

3 – 4 years old	9	1.5%	2.8%	Total Households	247		
65+ yrs old	140	23.5%	13.2%	Family Households	171	69.2%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	117	19.6%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	69	27.9%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	45	40.2%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	21	18.5%	7.0%
White	450	75.4%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	7	1.4%	1.5%
African American	1	.2%	7.6%	Live alone	70	28.3%	26.7%
Native American	77	12.9%	7.9%				
Hispanic	13	2.2%	5.2%	Average family size	2.86		3.02
Asian	0	0%	1.4%				
Other	8	1.3%	2.4%				
2 or more races	48	8%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Welch	499	597	19.6%	630	5.5%	660	4.8%	690	4.6%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Welch's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 15.6% increase (gain of 93 in population)

Income and Employment OK

Welch OK

Welch

Median family income	\$38,482	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	61 (13.5%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$31,389	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	8 (3.2%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	15 (8.9%)	11.2%	Commute to work	23.2 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	5 (23.8%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	4.7%	3.3%

Housing OK

Welch OK

Welch

Total housing units	295		# units for sale	14			
Number occupied	247	83.7%	88.6%	# units for rent	9		
Owner occupied	179	72.5%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	68	27.5%	31.6%	4-9 years	6	2.1%	8.4%
Number vacant	48	16.3%	11.4%	10-24 years	47	16.1%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	7.3%		2.5%	25-44 years	93	31.8%	37.2%
Renter vacancy rate	11.7%		10.6%	45+ years	146	50.0%	31.1%
Median rent	\$314		\$456	Median value	\$44,600		\$70,700

				Median Price Asked	\$12,500		\$43,300
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Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	145			15		
\$10,000-49,999	80	55.2%	30.0%	13	86.7%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	46	31.7%	19.4%	2	13.3%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	13	8.9%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	4	2.8%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	0	0%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	2	1.4%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Welch

Total age 3	20	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	4	Less than 9 th grade	18
HS Eligible (poverty)	4	9-12 no diploma	87
Total age 4	20	H.S. Graduate	135
HS Eligible (poverty)	4	Some college, no degree	91
School District: (2004)		College graduate	81
Kindergarten Enrollment	27		
4 yr. old enrollment	39		
Free Lunch Eligible	44%	% H.S. or Higher	74.5%
		Drop out rate	2.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	1	24	0	0
DHS Contracts	1	24	0	0

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	1	1

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	0
1+ Star	0
2 Star	1
3 Star	0

Delaware County Demographic Profiles

Community Profile
Delaware County, Oklahoma
Total Population: 37,077

General Demographics
OK

Delaware

OK

Delaware

3 – 4 years old	933	2.5%	2.8%	Total Households	14,838		
65+ yrs old	6,501	17.5%	13.2%	Family Households	10,767	72.6%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	8,690	25.2%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	4,296	29.0%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	2,950	46.4%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	784	5.3%	7.0%
White	26,037	70.2%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	565	1.9%	1.5%
African American	50	.1%	7.6%	Live alone	3,558	24.0%	26.7%
Native American	8,273	22.3%	7.9%				
Hispanic	649	1.8%	5.2%	Average family size	2.89		3.02
Asian	78	.2%	1.4%				
Other	217	.6%	2.4%				
2 or more races	1,773	4.8%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Delaware	28,070	37,077	32.1%	40,200	8.4%	43,400	8.0%	46,700	7.6%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Delaware's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 26.0% increase (gain of 9,623 in population)

Income and Employment
OK

Delaware

OK

Delaware

Median family income	\$33,093	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	4,255(15.2)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$27,996	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	839 (5.6%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	1,526(14.2%)	11.2%	Commute to work	25.5 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	523(42.7%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	6.6%	3.3%

Housing
OK

Delaware

OK

Delaware

Total housing units	22,290			# units for sale	388		
Number occupied	14,838	66.6%	88.6%	# units for rent	297		
Owner occupied	11,746	79.2%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	3,092	20.8%	31.6%	4-9 years	3,693	16.6%	8.4%
Number vacant	7,452	33.4%	11.4%	10-24 years	7,021	31.5%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	3.2%		2.5%	25-44 years	8,254	37.0%	37.2%
Renter vacancy rate	8.8%		10.6%	45+ years	3,322	14.9%	31.1%
Median rent	\$390		\$456	Median value	\$81,900		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$97,600		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	5,922			261		
\$10,000-49,999	1,265	21.4%	30.0%	53	20.3%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	1,143	19.3%	19.4%	20	7.7%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	910	15.4%	17.5%	30	11.5%	10.0%

\$90,000-124,999	993	16.8%	16.5%	65	24.9%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	907	15.2%	11.8%	50	19.1%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	704	11.9%	4.8%	43	16.5%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

Total age 3	519	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	70	Less than 9 th grade	1,658
HS eligible (poverty)	162	9-12 no diploma	4,634
Total age 4	492	H.S. Graduate	9,461
Enrolled in school	190	Some college, no degree	5,148
HS Eligible (poverty)	154	College graduate	4,648
		% H.S. or Higher	75.4%
		Drop out rate	-----%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	18	683	19	168
DHS Contracts	11	458	12	81

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	26	36

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	5	5	3

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	18
1+ Star	1
2 Star	16
3 Star	2

Community Profile Colcord, Oklahoma

Total Population: 819

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 25% (over 3x State level)
 Projected growth: 25.8%, above state level all the way
 Female HH: 11.6% (State 7%)
 65+ with disability: 62% Grandparents as caregivers: 3.5%
 Below Poverty: Families, 30%; Female HH, 74%; Individuals over 18, 29.4%
 Unemployment rate 2000: 12.7%, nearly 4 times state level
 Public assistance: 10.9% (State 5.1%)
 37.6% of homes under 25, 59.4% 25+, only 17.2% 45+
 Median Rent \$400. High compared to other areas
 Median price asked \$45,000 Median value: \$49,800
 Median family income: \$23,750 (\$16,960) Median HH income: \$21,181 (\$12,220)
 No overnight, evening or weekend child care

General Demographics	Colcord	OK	Colcord
OK			

3 – 4 years old	24	2.7%	2.8%	Total Households	285		
65+ yrs old	70	8.6%	13.2%	Family Households	198	69.5%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	167	20.4%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	120	42.1%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	44	62.0%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	33	11.6%	7.0%
White	533	65.1%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	20	3.5%	1.5%
African American	1	.1%	7.6%	Live alone	76	26.7%	26.7%
Native American	205	25.0%	7.9%				
Hispanic	16	2.0%	5.2%	Average family size	3.5		3.02
Asian	0	0%	1.4%				
Other	1	.1%	2.4%				
2 or more races	63	7.7%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Colcord	628	819	30.4%	890	8.7%	960	7.9%	1,030	7.3%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Colcord's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 25.8% increase (gain of 211 in population)

Income and Employment	Colcord	OK	Colcord	OK
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Median family income	\$23,750	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	158(29.4%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$21,181	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	33(10.9%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	64(30.0%)	11.2%	Commute to work	29.2 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	37(74.0%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	12.7%	3.3%

Housing	Colcord	OK	Colcord
OK			

Total housing units	322			# units for sale	7		
Number occupied	285	88.5%	88.6%	# units for rent	12		
Owner occupied	170	59.6%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	115	40.4%	31.6%	4-9 years	33	10.3%	8.4%
Number vacant	37	11.5%	11.4%	10-24 years	87	27.3%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	4.0%		2.5%	25-44 years	144	45.2%	37.2%
Renter vacancy rate	9.4%		10.6%	45+ years	55	17.2%	31.1%

Median rent	\$400		\$456	Median value	\$49,800		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$45,000		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	107			3		
\$10,000-49,999	54	50.5%	30.0%	3	100%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	39	36.5%	19.4%	0	0%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	8	7.5%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	2	1.8%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	4	3.7%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	0	0%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 year old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Colcord & Mosely

Total age 3	49 (43)	Ages 25+ Educational Attainment	
Enrolled in school	8 (0)	Less than 9 th grade	63
HS Eligible (poverty)	15 (13)	9-12 no diploma	121
Total age 4	33 (33)	H.S. Graduate	182
HS Eligible (poverty)	10 (10)	Some college, no degree	53
School District: (2004)		College graduate	30
Kindergarten Enrollment	45 (28)		
4 yr. old enrollment	40+HS (35)		
Free Lunch Eligible	66% (75%)	% H.S. or Higher	59.0%
		Drop out rate	3.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	3	83	1	7
DHS Contracts	1	28	1	7

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	2	4

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	3
1+ Star	1
2 Star	0
3 Star	0

Community Profile Grove, Oklahoma

Total Population: 5,131

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 10.2% (State 7.9%)
 Projected growth: 25.9% (above state level all along)
 29.2% ages 65+ (State 13.2%)
 Families with children: 22.4% (State 32.4%)
 54.4% of homes under 25 years old, 23.7% under 9. 45.6% 25+, 10.7% 45+
 Median price asked: \$111,500 Median value: \$106,300
 61.1% valued at over \$90,000, prices asked all were over \$90,000
 Median family income: \$38,347 (\$2,360) Median HH income: \$28,464 (\$4,940)

General Demographics Grove OK Grove

OK								
3-4 years old	105	2.1%	2.8%	Total Households	2,286			
65+ yrs old	1,496	29.2%	13.2%	Family Households	1,491	65.2%	68.7%	
Over 5 yrs with disability	813	23.6%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	511	22.4%	32.4%	
Over 65 with disability	508	37.9%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	139	6.1%	7.0%	
White	4,238	82.5%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	68	2.0%	1.5%	
African American	4	.1%	7.6%	Live alone	723	31.6%	26.7%	
Native American	523	10.2%	7.9%					
Hispanic	88	1.7%	5.2%	Average family size	2.68		3.02	
Asian	29	.6	1.4%					
Other	45	.9	2.4%					
2 or more races	204	4.0%	1.4%					

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Grove	4,020	5,131	27.6%	5,560	8.4%	6,010	8.1%	6,460	7.5%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Grove's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 25.9% increase (gain of 1,329 in population)

Income and Employment Grove OK Grove OK

Median family income	\$38,347	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	451 (11.4%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$28,464	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	128 (5.6%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	137 (9.3%)	11.2%	Commute to work	17.5 min.	21.7 min.
Female HH below poverty	81 (45.8%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	3.7%	3.3%

Housing Grove OK Grove

OK							
Total housing units	2,827			# units for sale	51		
Number occupied	2,286	80.9%	88.6%	# units for rent	64		
Owner occupied	1,572	68.8%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	714	31.2%	31.6%	4-9 years	669	23.7%	
Number vacant	541	19.1%	11.4%	10-24 years	868	30.7%	
Homeowner vacancy rate	3.4%		2.5%	25-44 years	987	34.9%	
Renter vacancy rate	8.6%		10.6%	45+ years	303	10.7%	
Median rent	\$386		\$456	Median value	\$106,300		\$70,700

				Median Price Asked	\$111,500		\$43,300
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Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	1,272			51	0%	
\$10,000-49,999	15	1.2%	30.0%	0	0%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	253	19.9%	19.4%	0	0%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	226	17.8	17.5%	16	31.4%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	304	23.9	16.5%	16	31.4%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	275	21.6	11.8%	9	17.6%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	199	15.6	4.8%	10	19.6%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals and eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Grove

Total age 3	141	Ages 25+ Educational Attainment	
Enrolled in school	19	Less than 9 th grade	3
HS Eligible (poverty)	44	9-12 no diploma	30
Total age 4	183	H.S. Graduate	65
HS Eligible (poverty)	57	Some college, no degree	43
School District: (2004)		College graduate	12
Kindergarten Enrollment	144		
4 yr. old enrollment	100		
Free Lunch Eligible	42%	% H.S. or Higher	78.4%
		Drop out rate	7%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	8	370	7	52
DHS Contracts	6	304	6	45

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	13	16

Off Hours Availability

	<u>Evenings</u>	<u>Overnight</u>	<u>Weekends</u>
# Facilities offering	3	2	2

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	4
1+ Star	1
2 Star	9
3 Star	1

Community Profile

Jay, Oklahoma

Total Population: 2,482

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 36.5% (over 4x State level)
 Projected growth: 26.1% (above state levels all along)
 Below poverty: Families, 21.4%; Female HH, 47.3%; Individuals over 18, 22.1%
 Public assistance: 11.8% (state 5.1%)
 Unemployment 2000 6%
 72.6% of homes 25+, 30.6% 45+
 Median price asked: \$29,000 Median value: \$49,900
 Median family income: \$25,592 (\$15,100) Median HH income: \$21,875 (\$11,875)
 No weekend childcare

General Demographics

	Jay	OK		Jay	
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3 – 4 years old	72	2.9%	2.8%	Total Households	954		
65+ yrs old	385	15.5%	13.2%	Family Households	610	63.9%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	550	22.2%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	315	33.0%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	151	53.5%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	95	10.0%	7.0%
White	1,351	54.4%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	51	2.7%	1.5%
African American	14	.56%	7.6%	Live alone	311	32.6%	26.7%
Native American	906	36.5%	7.9%				
Hispanic	88	3.6%	5.2%	Average family size	3.13		3.02
Asian	1	.04%	1.4%				
Other	47	1.9%	2.4%				
2 or more races	75	3.0%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Jay	2,220	2,482	11.8%	2,690	8.4%	2,910	8.2%	3,130	7.6%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Jay's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 26.1% increase (gain of 648 in population)

Income and Employment

	Jay	OK		Jay	OK
Median family income	\$25,592	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	374(22.1%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$21,875	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	110(11.8%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	134(21.4)	11.2%	Commute to work	17.1 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	69(47.3%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	6.0%	3.3%

Housing

	Jay	OK		Jay	
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Total housing units	1,051		# units for sale	14	
Number occupied	954	90.8%	# units for rent	39	
Owner occupied	530	55.6%	Age of Housing		
Renter occupied	424	44.4%	4-9 years	81	7.7%
Number vacant	97	9.2%	10-24 years	206	19.7%
Homeowner vacancy rate	2.6%		25-44 years	439	42.0%
Renter vacancy rate	8.4%		45+ years	320	30.6%

Median rent	\$335		\$456	Median value	\$49,900		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$29,000		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	465			14		
\$10,000-49,999	233	50.1%	30.0%	10	71.4%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	139	29.9%	19.4%	4	28.6%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	53	11.4%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	31	6.7%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	9	1.9%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	0	0%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Jay

Total age 3	92	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	25	Less than 9 th grade	186
HS Eligible (poverty)	29	9-12 no diploma	324
Total age 4	157	H.S. Graduate	516
HS Eligible (poverty)	49	Some college, no degree	258
School District: (2004)		College graduate	259
Kindergarten Enrollment	134		
4 yr. old enrollment	56		
Free Lunch Eligible	77%	% H.S. or Higher	66.9%
		Drop out rate	7.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	5	168	3	26
DHS Contracts	4	126	1	12

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	4	7

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	1	1	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	3
1+ Star	0
2 Star	4
3 Star	1

Community Profile Kansas, Oklahoma

Total Population: 685

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 46.4% (almost 6x State level)
 Projected growth: 25.6%, 2000-2005 23.2% (above state all the way)
 Grandparents as caregivers: 2.7% (state 1.5%)
 65+ with disability: 63.2% (State 46.7%)
 Below poverty: Families, 26.5%; Female HH, 49%; Individuals over 18, 27.8%
 Unemployment rate 2000 6%
 57.5% of homes 25+, 42.5% under 25; 14.3% under 9
 Median price asked: \$10,000 Median value: \$62,000
 38.7% valued greater than \$70,000
 Median family income: \$26,736 (\$13,970) Median HH income: \$25,893 (\$7,500)
 No evening, weekend or overnight childcare

General Demographics Kansas OK Kansas

OK								
3 - 4 years old	20	2.9%	2.8%	Total Households	231			
65+ yrs old	63	9.2%	13.2%	Family Households	183	79.2%	68.7%	
Over 5 yrs with disability	151	22.0%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	104	45.0%	32.4%	
Over 65 with disability	36	63.2%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	23	10.0%	7.0%	
White	314	45.8%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	14	2.7%	1.5%	
African American	0	0%	7.6%	Live alone	44	19.0%	26.7%	
Native American	318	46.4%	7.9%					
Hispanic	8	1.2%	5.2%	Average family size	3.36		3.02	
Asian	1	.15%	1.4%					
Other	1	.15%	2.4%					
2 or more races	43	6.3%	1.4%					

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Kansas	556	685	23.2%	740	8.0%	800	8.1%	860	7.5%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Kansas's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 25.6% increase (gain of 175 in population)

Income and Employment Kansas OK Kansas

Median family income	\$26,736	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	133(27.8%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$25,893	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	10(4.4%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	50(26.5%)	11.2%	Commute to work	17.1 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	24(49.0%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	6.0%	3.3%

Housing Kansas OK Kansas

Total housing units	260			# units for sale	7		
Number occupied	231	88.8%	88.6%	# units for rent	7		
Owner occupied	177	76.6%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	54	23.4%	31.6%	4-9 years	38	14.3%	8.4%
Number vacant	29	11.2%	11.4%	10-24 years	75	28.2%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	3.8%		2.5%	25-44 years	96	36.1%	37.2%

Renter vacancy rate	11.5%		10.6%	45+ years	57	21.4%	31.1%
Median rent	\$361		\$456	Median value	\$62,000		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$10,000		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	106			4		
\$10,000-49,999	40	37.7%	30.0%	4	100%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	25	23.6%	19.4%	0	0%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	20	18.9%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	19	17.9%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	0	0%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	2	1.9%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Kansas

Total age 3	43	Ages 25+ Educational Attainment	
Enrolled in school	14	Less than 9 th grade	
HS Eligible (poverty)	13	9-12 no diploma	
Total age 4	108	H.S. Graduate	
HS Eligible (poverty)	33	Some college, no degree	
School District: (2004)		College graduate	
Kindergarten Enrollment	61		
4 yr. old enrollment	38+		
	16HS		
Free Lunch Eligible	67%	% H.S. or Higher	
		Drop out rate	
		79.2%	
		6.0%	

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	1	42	2	24
DHS Contracts	0	0	1	12

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	2	3

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	2
1+ Star	0
2 Star	1
3 Star	0

Community Profile

W. Siloam, Oklahoma

Total Population: 877

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 11.7% (lowest in county)
 Projected growth: 25.4% (above state levels all along)
 65+ with disability: 83.5% (State 46.7%)
 Public Assistance Recipients: 8.1% (State 5.1%)
 Low vacancy rates, median rent right at state level (\$445 compared to \$456)
 Unemployment 2000: 6.3%
 53.4% of homes under 25, 21.1% under 9, only 14.3% 45+
 Median price asked: \$65,000 Median value: \$65,000
 Median family income: \$31,953 (\$8,750) Median HH income: \$28,750 (\$4,650)
 No childcare facilities, No school district??

General Demographics W. Siloam OK W. Siloam

General Demographics	W. Siloam	OK	W. Siloam
3 - 4 years old	28	3.2%	2.8%
65+ yrs old	197	22.5%	13.2%
Over 5 yrs with disability	344	39.2%	17.6%
Over 65 with disability	172	83.5%	46.7%
White	670	76.4%	74.1%
African American	1	.1%	7.6%
Native American	103	11.7%	7.9%
Hispanic	40	4.6%	5.2%
Asian	5	.6%	1.4%
Other	10	1.0%	2.4%
2 or more races	49	5.6%	1.4%
Total Households	306		
Family Households	205	67.0%	68.7%
Family HH with Children <18	92	30.1%	32.4%
Female HH with Children	24	7.8%	7.0%
Grandparents as caregivers	16	2.2%	1.5%
Live alone	82	26.8%	26.7%
Average family size	2.95		3.02

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
W. Siloam	539	877	62.7%	950	8.3%	1,030	8.4%	1,100	6.8%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

W. Siloam's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 25.4% increase (gain of 223 in population)

Income and Employment W. Siloam OK W. Siloam

Median family income	\$31,953	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	121(17.3%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$28,750	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	25(8.1%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	29(13.4%)	11.2%	Commute to work	22.0 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	11(28.9%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	6.3%	3.3%

Housing W. Siloam OK W. Siloam

Total housing units	349		# units for sale	9	
Number occupied	306	87.7%	88.6%	# units for rent	10
Owner occupied	212	69.3%	68.4%	Age of Housing	
Renter occupied	94	30.7%	31.6%	4-9 years	74
Number vacant	43	12.3%	11.4%	10-24 years	113
Homeowner vacancy rate	4.1%		2.5%	25-44 years	113
					32.3%
					37.2%

Renter vacancy rate	9.6%		10.6%	45+ years	50	14.3%	31.1%
Median rent	\$445		\$456	Median value	\$65,000		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$65,000		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	75			3		
\$10,000-49,999	23	30.7%	30.0%	1	33.3%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	23	30.7%	19.4%	1	33.3%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	12	16.0%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	6	8.0%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	6	8.0%	11.8%	1	33.4%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	5	6.6%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education

School District:

Ages 3+ in preschool	11	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Public	11	Less than 9 th grade	60
3-4 yr old in school	8	9-12 no diploma	190
Public	-----	H.S. Graduate	224
Enrolled in Kindergarten	22	Some college, no degree	83
Public	22	College graduate	71
		% H.S. or Higher	60.2%
		Drop out rate	-----%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	0	0	0	0
DHS Contracts	0	0	0	0

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	0	0

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	0
1+ Star	0
2 Star	0
3 Star	0

**Ottawa County
Demographic Profiles**

Community Profile
Ottawa County, Oklahoma
Total Population: 33,194

General Demographics
OK

Ottawa OK

Ottawa

3 – 4 years old	849	2.6%	2.8%	Total Households	12,984		
65+ yrs old	5,601	16.9%	13.2%	Family Households	9,121	70.2%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	8,044	24.2%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	4,017	30.9%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	2,801	52.7%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	1,812	6.3%	7.0%
White	24,612	74.2%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	506	1.9%	1.5%
African American	192	.6%	7.6%	Live alone	3,455	26.6%	26.7%
Native American	5,488	16.5%	7.9%				
Hispanic	1,061	3.2%	5.2%	Average family size	2.98		3.02
Asian	142	.4%	1.4%				
Other	510	1.5%	2.4%				
2 or more races	1,189	3.6%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change
Ottawa	30,561	33,194	8.6%	34,000	2.4%	34,900	2.6%	36,100	3.4%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Ottawa's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 8.8% increase (gain of 2,906 in population)

Income and Employment
OK

Ottawa OK

Ottawa

Median family income	\$32,368	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	3,296(13.8)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$27,507	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	829(6.4%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	1,203(13.0)	11.2%	Commute to work	21.1 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	494(35.4)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	6.0%	3.3%

Housing
OK

Ottawa OK

Ottawa

Total housing units	14,842			# units for sale	222		
Number occupied	12,984	87.5%	88.6%	# units for rent	313		
Owner occupied	9,590	73.9%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	3,394	26.1%	31.6%	4-9 years	1,088	7.3%	8.4%
Number vacant	1,858	12.5%	11.4%	10-24 years	2,546	17.2%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	2.3%		2.5%	25-44 years	4,931	33.2%	37.2%
Renter vacancy rate	8.4%		10.6%	45+ years	6,277	42.3%	31.1%
Median rent	\$355		\$456	Median value	\$47,200		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$30,700		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	6,644			178		
\$10,000-49,999	3,570	53.7%	30.0%	127	71.4%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	1,266	19.1%	19.4%	21	11.8%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	812	12.2%	17.5%	16	9.0%	10.0%

\$90,000-124,999	609	9.2%	16.5%	7	3.9%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	307	4.6%	11.8%	7	3.9%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	80	1.2%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

Total age 3	449	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	95	Less than 9 th grade	1,723
HS Eligible (poverty)	114	9-12 no diploma	3,500
Total age 4	421	H.S. Graduate	7,436
Enrolled in school	235	Some college, no degree	4,436
HS Eligible (poverty)	106	College graduate	4,415
		% H.S. or Higher	75.7%
		Drop out rate	----%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	19	901	28	244
DHS Contracts	14	787	19	143

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	31	41

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	9	2	5

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	25
1+ Star	7
2 Star	14
3 Star	1

Community Profile Afton, Oklahoma Total Population: 1,118

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 14.6% (State 7.9%)

Projected growth: 9.1% (below state rate all along)

Unemployment rate 2000 6.4% (State 3.3%)

Low vacancy rates

76.8% of homes 25+, 45.8% 45+

Median price asked: \$21,700 Median value: \$39,800

Median family income: \$28,306 (\$12,670) Median HH income: \$21,964 (\$11,430)

No evening, overnight or weekend childcare

General Demographics Afton OK Afton OK

3 – 4 years old	30	2.7%	2.8%	Total Households	441		
65+ yrs old	190	17.0%	13.2%	Family Households	302	68.5%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	247	22.1%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	147	33.3%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	93	47.7%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	30	6.8%	7.0%
White	866	77.46%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	16	1.9%	1.5%
African American	1	.09%	7.6%	Live alone	131	29.7%	26.7%
Native American	163	14.58%	7.9%				
Hispanic	19	1.7%	5.2%	Average family size	3.11		3.02
Asian	1	.09%	1.4%				
Other	0	0%	2.4%				
2 or more races	68	6.08%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Afton	915	1,118	22.2%	1,150	2.9%	1,180	2.6%	1,220	3.4%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Afton's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 9.1% increase (gain of 102 in population)

Income and Employment Afton OK Afton OK

Median family income	\$28,036	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	125(16.0%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$21,964	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	28(6.4%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	48(15.9%)	11.2%	Commute to work	24.0 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	17(38.6%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	6.4%	3.3%

Housing Afton OK Afton OK

Total housing units	509			# units for sale	6		
Number occupied	441	86.6%	88.6%	# units for rent	16		
Owner occupied	302	68.5%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	139	31.5%	31.6%	4-9 years	40	7.9%	8.4%
Number vacant	68	13.4%	11.4%	10-24 years	78	15.3%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	1.9%		2.5%	25-44 years	158	31.0%	37.2%

Renter vacancy rate	10.3%		10.6%	45+ years	233	45.8%	31.1%
Median rent	\$356		\$456	Median value	\$39,800		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$21,700		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	220			6		
\$10,000-49,999	150	68.2%	30.0%	6	100%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	50	22.7%	19.4%	0	0%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	12	5.5%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	8	3.6%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	0	0%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	0	0%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals and eligible based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Afton & Cleora

Total age 3	25 (8)	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	0 (4)	Less than 9 th grade	85
HS Eligible (poverty)	6 (2)	9-12 no diploma	137
Total age 4	26 (20)	H.S. Graduate	244
HS Eligible (poverty)	6 (5)	Some college, no degree	114
School District: (2004)		College graduate	129
Kindergarten Enrollment	28 (11)		
4 yr. old enrollment	37 (11)		
Free Lunch Eligible	43% (50%)	% H.S. or Higher	68.7%
		Drop out rate	7.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	1	30	1	7
DHS Contracts	1	30	0	0

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	2	2

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	1
1+ Star	0
2 Star	1
3 Star	0

Community Profile Commerce, Oklahoma

Total Population: 2,645

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 13.4% (State 7.9%)
 Hispanic: 18.5% (over 3x State level)
 Projected growth: 8.9% (below state levels all along)
 65+ with disability 60.5% (State 46.7%)
 Public assistance: 9.9% (State 5.1%)
 Unemployment rate 2000 10.2%
 Low vacancy rates
 86.8% of homes 25+, 55.8% 45+
 Median price asked: \$22,500 Median value: \$33,900
 Median family income: \$30,547 (\$10,160) Median HH income: \$25,982 (\$7,420)
 No evening, overnight or weekend childcare

General Demographics Commerce OK Commerce

OK	Commerce	OK	Commerce	OK	Commerce	OK	Commerce
3 - 4 years old	91	3.4%	2.8%	Total Households	968		
65+ yrs old	408	15.4%	13.2%	Family Households	693	71.6%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	691	26.1%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	353	36.5%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	227	60.5%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	90	9.3%	7.0%
White	1,632	61.7%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	36	1.8%	1.5%
African American	17	.6%	7.6%	Live alone	245	25.3%	26.7%
Native American	353	13.4%	7.9%				
Hispanic	490	18.5%	5.2%	Average family size	2.65		3.02
Asian	8	.3%	1.4%				
Other	0	0%	2.4%				
2 or more races	145	5.5%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Commerce	2,426	2,645	9.0%	2,710	2.5%	2,780	2.3%	2,880	3.6%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Commerce's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 8.9% increase (gain of 235 in population)

Income and Employment Commerce OK Commerce

Median family income	\$30,547	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	254(14.2%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$25,982	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	98(9.9%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	105(14.0)	11.2%	Commute to work	16.1 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	52(31.7%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	10.9%	3.3%

Housing Commerce OK Commerce

Total housing units	1,079			# units for sale	25		
Number occupied	968	89.7%	88.6%	# units for rent	21		
Owner occupied	665	68.7%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	303	31.3%	31.6%	4-9 years	8	.8%	8.4%
Number vacant	111	10.3%	11.4%	10-24 years	133	12.4%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	3.6%		2.5%	25-44 years	332	31.0%	37.2%

Renter vacancy rate	6.5%		10.6%	45+ years	597	55.8%	31.1%
Median rent	\$328		\$456	Median value	\$33,900		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$22,500		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	603			24		
\$10,000-49,999	463	76.8%	30.0%	23	95.8%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	72	11.9%	19.4%	1	4.2%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	59	9.8%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	5	.8%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	4	.7%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	0	0%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Commerce

Total age 3	72	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	4	Less than 9 th grade	257
HS Eligible (poverty)	18	9-12 no diploma	296
Total age 4	67	H.S. Graduate	496
HS Eligible (poverty)	17	Some college, no degree	337
School District: (2004)		College graduate	209
Kindergarten Enrollment	64		
4 yr. old enrollment	36 + 14HS		
Free Lunch Eligible	77%	% H.S. or Higher	65.3%
		Drop out rate	11.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	2	69	5	40
DHS Contracts	1	49	3	21

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	3	6

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	6
1+ Star	0
2 Star	1
3 Star	0

Community Profile Fairland, Oklahoma

Total Population: 1,025

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 20.4% (2.6x State level)
 Projected growth: 8.3% (below State levels all along)
 Unemployment 2000 5%
 80% of homes 25+, 41.9% 45+
 Median price asked: \$33,800 Median value: \$54,900
 Median family income: \$28,885 (\$11,820) Median HH income: \$27,240 (\$6,160)
 No evening, overnight or weekend childcare

General Demographics Fairland OK Fairland

OK	Fairland	OK	Fairland	OK	Fairland	OK	Fairland
3 – 4 years old	19	1.9%	2.8%	Total Households	415		
65+ yrs old	225	21.9%	13.2%	Family Households	292	70.4%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	241	23.5%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	134	32.3%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	94	47.2%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	34	8.2%	7.0%
White	736	71.8%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	7	.8%	1.5%
African American	2	.2%	7.6%	Live alone	114	27.5%	26.7%
Native American	209	20.4%	7.9%				
Hispanic	9	.9%	5.2%	Average family size	2.89		3.02
Asian	1	.1%	1.4%				
Other	1	.1%	2.4%				
2 or more races	67	6.5%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change %
Fairland	916	1,025	11.9%	1,050	2.4%	1,080	2.9%	1,110	2.8%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Fairland's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 8.3% increase (gain of 85 in population)

Income and Employment Fairland OK Fairland

OK	Fairland	OK	Fairland	OK	Fairland
Median family income	\$28,885	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	80(10.6%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$27,240	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	17(4.1%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	25(8.1%)	11.2%	Commute to work	23.4 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	8(13.3%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	5.0%	3.3%

Housing Fairland OK Fairland

OK	Fairland	OK	Fairland	OK	Fairland
Total housing units	452		# units for sale	7	
Number occupied	415	91.8%	# units for rent	9	
Owner occupied	279	67.2%	Age of Housing		
Renter occupied	136	32.8%	4-9 years	31	6.9%
Number vacant	37	8.2%	10-24 years	59	13.2%
Homeowner vacancy rate	2.4%		25-44 years	170	38.0%
					37.2%

Renter vacancy rate	6.2%		10.6%	45+ years	188	41.9%	31.1%
Median rent	\$375		\$456	Median value	\$54,900		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$33,800		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	264			7		
\$10,000-49,999	107	40.5%	30.0%	5	71.4%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	85	32.2%	19.4%	2	28.6%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	47	17.8%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	21	8.0%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	2	.75%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	2	.75%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Fairland

Total age 3	26	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	0	Less than 9 th grade	58
HS Eligible (poverty)	6	9-12 no diploma	120
Total age 4	36	H.S. Graduate	276
HS Eligible (poverty)	9	Some college, no degree	116
School District: (2004)		College graduate	113
Kindergarten Enrollment	38		
4 yr. old enrollment	19		
Free Lunch Eligible	62%	% H.S. or Higher	73.9%
		Drop out rate	3.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	2	66	1	7
DHS Contracts	1	45	0	0

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	2	2

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	2
1+ Star	0
2 Star	1
3 Star	0

Community Profile Miami, Oklahoma

Total Population: 13,704

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 15.3% (State 7.9%)
 Projected growth: 8.7% (below state levels all along)
 Public Assistance Recipients: 7.2% (State 5.1%)
 Unemployment 2000 6.5%
 84.2% of homes 25+, 52.3% 45+
 Low vacancy rates
 Median price asked: \$45,400 Median value: \$49,000
 Median family income: \$30,821 (\$9,900) Median HH income: \$25,832 (\$7,570)

General Demographics Miami OK Miami

OK								
3 – 4 years old	338	2.5%	2.8%	Total Households	5,580			
65+ yrs old	2,659	19.4%	13.2%	Family Households	3,568	63.9%	68.7%	
Over 5 yrs with disability	3,528	25.7%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	1,607	28.8%	32.4%	
Over 65 with disability	1,371	52.6%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	429	7.7%	7.0%	
White	10,180	74.3%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	146	1.3%	1.5%	
African American	164	1.2%	7.6%	Live alone	1,823	32.7%	26.7%	
Native American	2,100	15.3%	7.9%					
Hispanic	322	2.4%	5.2%	Average family size	2.92		3.02	
Asian	94	.7%	1.4%					
Other	128	.9%	2.4%					
2 or more races	716	5.2%	1.4%					

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change
Miami	13,142	13,704	4.3%	14,040	2.5%	14,410	2.6%	14,900	3.4%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Miami's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 8.7% increase (gain of 1,196 in population)

Income and Employment Miami OK Miami

Median family income	\$30,821	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	1,425(14.7%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$25,832	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	401(7.2%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	540(15.1)	11.2%	Commute to work	17.9 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	255(36.4)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	6.5%	3.3%

Housing Miami OK Miami

Total housing units	6,111			# units for sale	91		
Number occupied	5,580	91.3%	88.6%	# units for rent	143		
Owner occupied	3,671	65.8%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	1,909	34.2%	31.6%	4-9 years	198	3.3%	8.4%
Number vacant	531	8.7%	11.4%	10-24 years	758	12.5%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	2.4%		2.5%	25-44 years	1,942	31.9%	37.2%

Renter vacancy rate	7.0%		10.6%	45+ years	3,182	52.3%	31.1%
Median rent	\$362		\$456	Median value	\$49,000		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$45,400		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	3,406			93		
\$10,000-49,999	1,753	51.5%	30.0%	53	57.0%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	658	19.3%	19.4%	17	18.3%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	456	13.4%	17.5%	16	17.2%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	328	9.6%	16.5%	7	7.5%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	154	4.5%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	57	1.7%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Miami

Total age 3	195	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	65	Less than 9 th grade	559
HS Eligible (poverty)	49	9-12 no diploma	1,374
Total age 4	205	H.S. Graduate	2,768
HS Eligible (poverty)	52	Some college, no degree	1,929
School District: (2004)		College graduate	2,125
Kindergarten Enrollment	175		
4 yr. old enrollment	109		
	HS		
Free Lunch Eligible	72%	% H.S. or Higher	78.2%
		Drop out rate	4.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	10	578	14	136
DHS Contracts	10	578	7	82

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	16	22

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	7	2	4

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	9
1+ Star	5
2 Star	9
3 Star	1

Community Profile Picher, Oklahoma

Total Population: 1,640

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 13.8% (State 7.9%)
 Projected growth: 8.5% (under State levels all along)
 65+ with disability: 69.5% (State 46.7%)
 Grandparents as caregivers: 4.8% (State 1.5%)
 Below poverty: Families, 21.1%, Female HH, 54.5%; Individuals over 18, 24.5%
 Public assistance: 12.7% (State 5.1%)
 Unemployment 2000 11.5% (State 3.3%)
 78.4% of homes 25+, 43% 45+
 Median price asked: \$10,000 Median value: \$20,700
 Median family income: \$29,375 (\$14,760) Median HH income: \$24,083 (\$13,680)

General Demographics Picher OK Picher

OK							
3 – 4 years old	51	3.1%	2.8%	Total Households	621		
65+ yrs old	266	16.2%	13.2%	Family Households	418	67.3%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	509	31.0%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	192	30.9%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	162	69.5%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	30	4.8%	7.0%
White	1,254	76.46%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	61	4.8%	1.5%
African American	0	0%	7.6%	Live alone	181	29.1%	26.7%
Native American	226	13.78%	7.9%				
Hispanic	23	1.4%	5.2%	Average family size	3.2		3.02
Asian	5	.3%	1.4%				
Other	1	.06%	2.4%				
2 or more races	131	8.0%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change
Picher	1,714	1,640	-4.5%	1,680	2.4%	1,720	2.4%	1,780	3.5%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Picher's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 8.5% increase (gain of 140 in population)

Income and Employment Picher OK Picher

Median family income	\$25,950	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	286(24.5%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$19,722	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	81(12.7%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	92(21.1%)	11.2%	Commute to work	20.2 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	36(54.5%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	11.5%	3.3%

Housing Picher OK Picher OK

Total housing units	708		# units for sale	7			
Number occupied	621	87.7%	88.6%	# units for rent	17		
Owner occupied	448	72.1%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	173	27.9%	31.6%	4-9 years	41	5.7%	8.4%
Number vacant	87	12.3%	11.4%	10-24 years	114	15.9%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	1.5%		2.5%	25-44 years	253	35.4%	37.2%
Renter vacancy rate	8.9%		10.6%	45+ years	308	43.0%	31.1%

Median rent	\$310		\$456	Median value	\$20,700		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$10,000		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	318			5		
\$10,000-49,999	266	83.7%	30.0%	4	80.0%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	30	9.4%	19.4%	1	20.0%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	14	4.4%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	8	2.5%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	0	0%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	0	0%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Picher-Cardin

Total age 3	36	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	4	Less than 9 th grade	149
HS Eligible (poverty)	9	9-12 no diploma	268
Total age 4	31	H.S. Graduate	402
HS Eligible (poverty)	8	Some college, no degree	129
School District: (2004)		College graduate	106
Kindergarten Enrollment	35		
4 yr. old enrollment	17HS		
Free Lunch Eligible	84%	% H.S. or Higher	60.4%
		Drop out rate	7.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	1	22	2	19
DHS Contracts	0	0	2	19

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	2	2

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	1	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	1
1+ Star	1
2 Star	1
3 Star	0

Community Profile Quapaw, Oklahoma

Total Population: 984

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 22.5% (nearly 3x State level)
 Projected growth: 8.7% (below state levels)
 65+ with disability: 67.7% (State 46.7%)
 Grandparents as caregivers: 5.4% (State 1.5%)
 Below poverty: Families, 22.3%; Female HH, 47.5%; Individuals over 18, 20.6%
 Public assistance: 14.5% (state 5.1%)
 79.6% of homes 25+, 48.4% 45+
 Median price asked: \$11,300 Median value: \$37,700
 Median family income: \$29,375 (\$11,330) Median HH income: \$24,083 (\$9,320)
 High renter vacancy rate
 No evening, overnight or weekend childcare

General Demographics Quapaw OK Quapaw

OK	Quapaw	OK	Quapaw	OK	Quapaw	OK	Quapaw
3 - 4 years old	34	3.5%	2.8%	Total Households	352		
65+ yrs old	158	16.1%	13.2%	Family Households	258	73.3%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	261	26.5%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	111	31.5%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	86	67.7%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	28	8.0%	7.0%
White	668	67.9%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	39	5.4%	1.5%
African American	0	0%	7.6%	Live alone	79	22.4%	26.7%
Native American	221	22.5%	7.9%				
Hispanic	15	1.5%	5.2%	Average family size	3.16		3.02
Asian	2	.2%	1.4%				
Other	1	.1%	2.4%				
2 or more races	77	7.8%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change
Quapaw	928	984	6.0%	1,010	2.6%	1,030	2.0%	1,070	3.9%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Quapaw's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 8.7% increase (gain of 86 in population)

Income and Employment Quapaw OK Quapaw

Median family income	\$29,375	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	131(20.6%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$24,083	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	49(14.5%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	58(22.3%)	11.2%	Commute to work	21.1 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	28(47.5%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	8.2%	3.3%

Housing Quapaw OK Quapaw

Total housing units	423		# units for sale	5			
Number occupied	352	83.2%	88.6%	# units for rent	28		
Owner occupied	254	72.2%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	98	27.8%	31.6%	4-9 years	26	6.1%	8.4%
Number vacant	71	16.8%	11.4%	10-24 years	61	14.3%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	1.9%		2.5%	25-44 years	133	31.2%	37.2%

Renter vacancy rate	22.2%		10.6%	45+ years	206	48.4%	31.1%
Median rent	\$359		\$456	Median value	\$37,700		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$11,300		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	201			5		
\$10,000-49,999	140	69.7%	30.0%	5	100%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	47	23.4%	19.4%	0	0%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	5	2.5%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	7	3.5%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	0	0%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	2	.9%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Quapaw

Total age 3	36	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	4	Less than 9 th grade	68
HS Eligible (poverty)	9	9-12 no diploma	118
Total age 4	26	H.S. Graduate	244
HS Eligible (poverty)	6	Some college, no degree	81
School District: (2004)		College graduate	65
Kindergarten Enrollment	52		
4 yr. old enrollment	17 + 20HS		
Free Lunch Eligible	78%	% H.S. or Higher	67.7%
		Drop out rate	5.0%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	2	106	2	14
DHS Contracts	1	85	1	7

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	3	3

Off Hours Availability

	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	1

Daycare Facility Ratings

	# Facilities
1 Star	1
1+ Star	1
2 Star	1
3 Star	0

Community Profile Wyandotte, Oklahoma

Total Population: 363

Demographic Highlights

Native American: 29.8% (nearly 4x State level)
 Projected growth: 7.4% (lowest in region)
 Grandparents as caregivers: 4.0% (State 1.5%)
 Public assistance 14.7% (State 5.1%)
 Unemployment rate 2000 1.4% (State 3.3%)
 78.2% of homes 25+, 34.7% 45+
 Median price asked: \$17,500 Median value: \$42,900
 Median family income: \$27,321 (\$13,390) Median HH income: \$23,281 (\$10,120)
 No evening, overnight or weekend childcare

General Demographics Wyandotte OK Wyandotte

OK	Wyandotte	OK	Wyandotte	OK	Wyandotte	OK	Wyandotte
3 – 4 years old	9	2.5%	2.8%	Total Households	128		
65+ yrs old	50	13.8%	13.2%	Family Households	93	72.7%	68.7%
Over 5 yrs with disability	70	19.3%	17.6%	Family HH with Children <18	51	39.8%	32.4%
Over 65 with disability	28	57.1%	46.7%	Female HH with Children	11	8.6%	7.0%
White	226	62.2%	74.1%	Grandparents as caregivers	10	4.0%	1.5%
African American	0	0%	7.6%	Live alone	32	25.0%	26.7%
Native American	108	29.8%	7.9%				
Hispanic	8	2.2%	5.2%	Average family size	3.39		3.02
Asian	1	.3%	1.4%				
Other	4	1.1%	2.4%				
2 or more races	16	4.4%	1.4%				

Growth and Projected Growth

	1990	2000	Change	2005	Change	2010	Change	2015	Change
Wyandotte	366	363	-.8%	370	1.9%	380	2.7%	390	2.6%
Oklahoma			9.7%		5.84%		5.7%		5.5%

Wyandotte's overall projected growth 2000-2015 = 7.4% increase (gain of 27 in population)

Income and Employment Wyandotte OK Wyandotte

Median family income	\$27,321	\$40,709	Individuals >18 below poverty	40(16.5%)	13.0%
Median Household income	\$23,281	\$33,400	Public Assistance recipients	19(14.7%)	5.1%
Families below poverty	16(17.2%)	11.2%	Commute to work	20.1 min.	21.7
Female HH below poverty	8(50.0%)	32.0%	Unemployment Rate (2000)	1.4%	3.3%

Housing Wyandotte OK Wyandotte

Total housing units	148		# units for sale	6			
Number occupied	128	86.5%	88.6%	# units for rent	7		
Owner occupied	93	72.7%	68.4%	Age of Housing			
Renter occupied	35	27.3%	31.6%	4-9 years	9	6.1%	8.4%
Number vacant	20	13.5%	11.4%	10-24 years	23	15.7%	23.3%
Homeowner vacancy rate	6.1%		2.5%	25-44 years	64	43.5%	37.2%

Renter vacancy rate	16.7%		10.6%	45+ years	51	34.7%	31.1%
Median rent	\$275		\$456	Median value	\$42,900		\$70,700
				Median Price Asked	\$17,500		\$43,300

Value and Prices Asked for Specific Owner-Occupied Housing

	Value	Value %	OK Value %	Price Asked	Price Asked %	OK Value %
Total Units	66			8		
\$10,000-49,999	38	57.6%	30.0%	8	100%	55.4%
\$50,000-69,999	22	33.3%	19.4%	0	0%	14.5%
\$70,000-89,999	2	3.0%	17.5%	0	0%	10.0%
\$90,000-124,999	4	6.1%	16.5%	0	0%	8.7%
\$125,000-199,999	0	0%	11.8%	0	0%	7.7%
\$200,000 +	0	0%	4.8%	0	0%	3.7%

Education (3 & 4 yr. old totals & eligibility based on 2005 projected figures)

School District: Wyandotte & Turkey Ford

Total age 3	46 (14)	Ages 25+ Educational	Attainment
Enrolled in school	0 (4)	Less than 9 th grade	18
HS Eligible (poverty)	11 (4)	9-12 no diploma	26
Total age 4	45 (4)	H.S. Graduate	102
HS Eligible (poverty)	11 (1)	Some college, no degree	41
School District: (2004)		College graduate	35
Kindergarten Enrollment	44 (17)		
4 yr. old enrollment	0 (19)		
Free Lunch Eligible	60% (75%)	% H.S. or Higher	80.2%
		Drop out rate	5%

Childcare Facilities:

	Centers	Capacity	Homes	Capacity
Total	0	0	3	21
DHS Contracts	0	0	3	21

Childcare for children ages 0-3

	0-2 years old	3 years old
# Facilities offering	2	3

Off Hours Availability

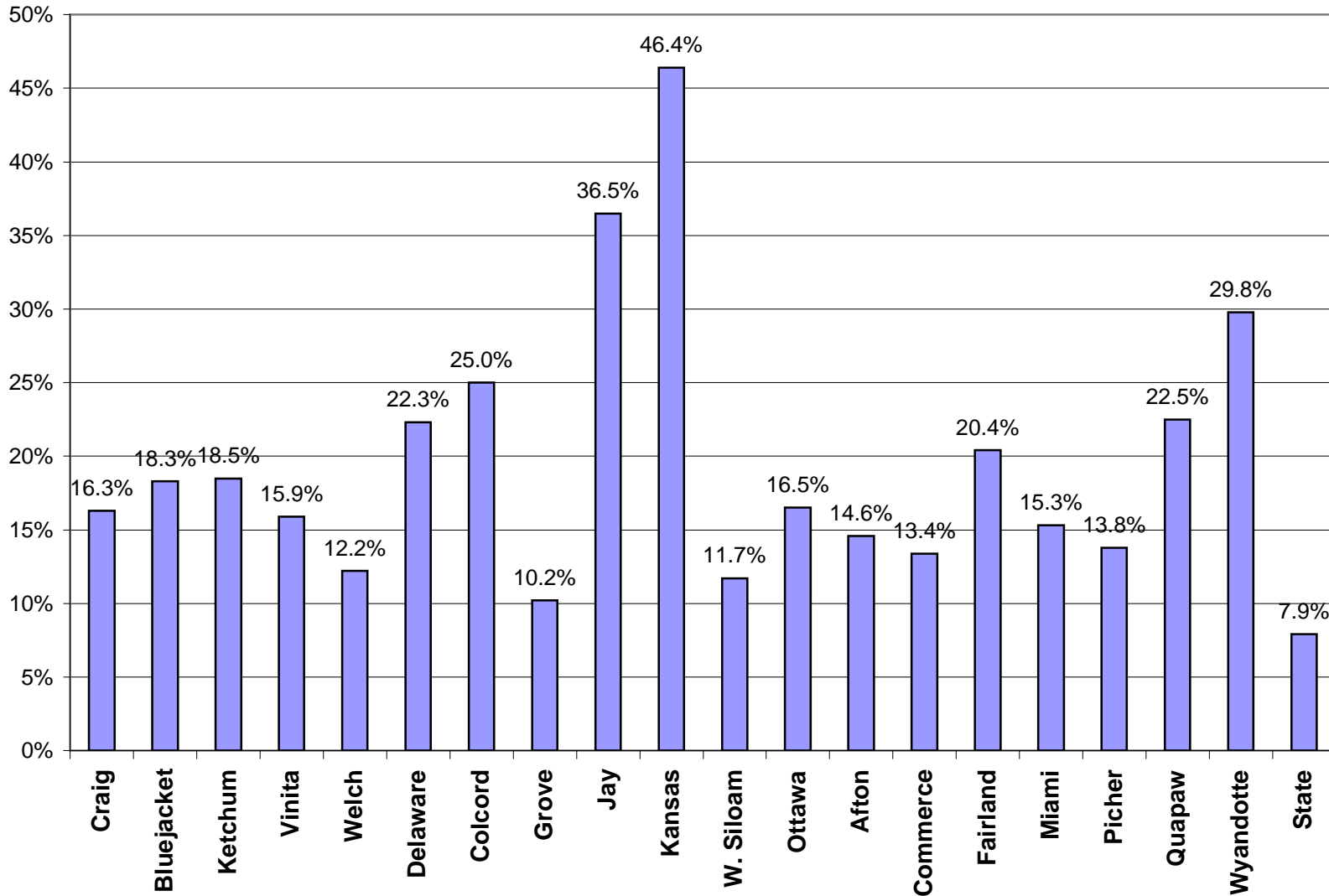
	Evenings	Overnight	Weekends
# Facilities offering	0	0	0

Daycare Facility Ratings

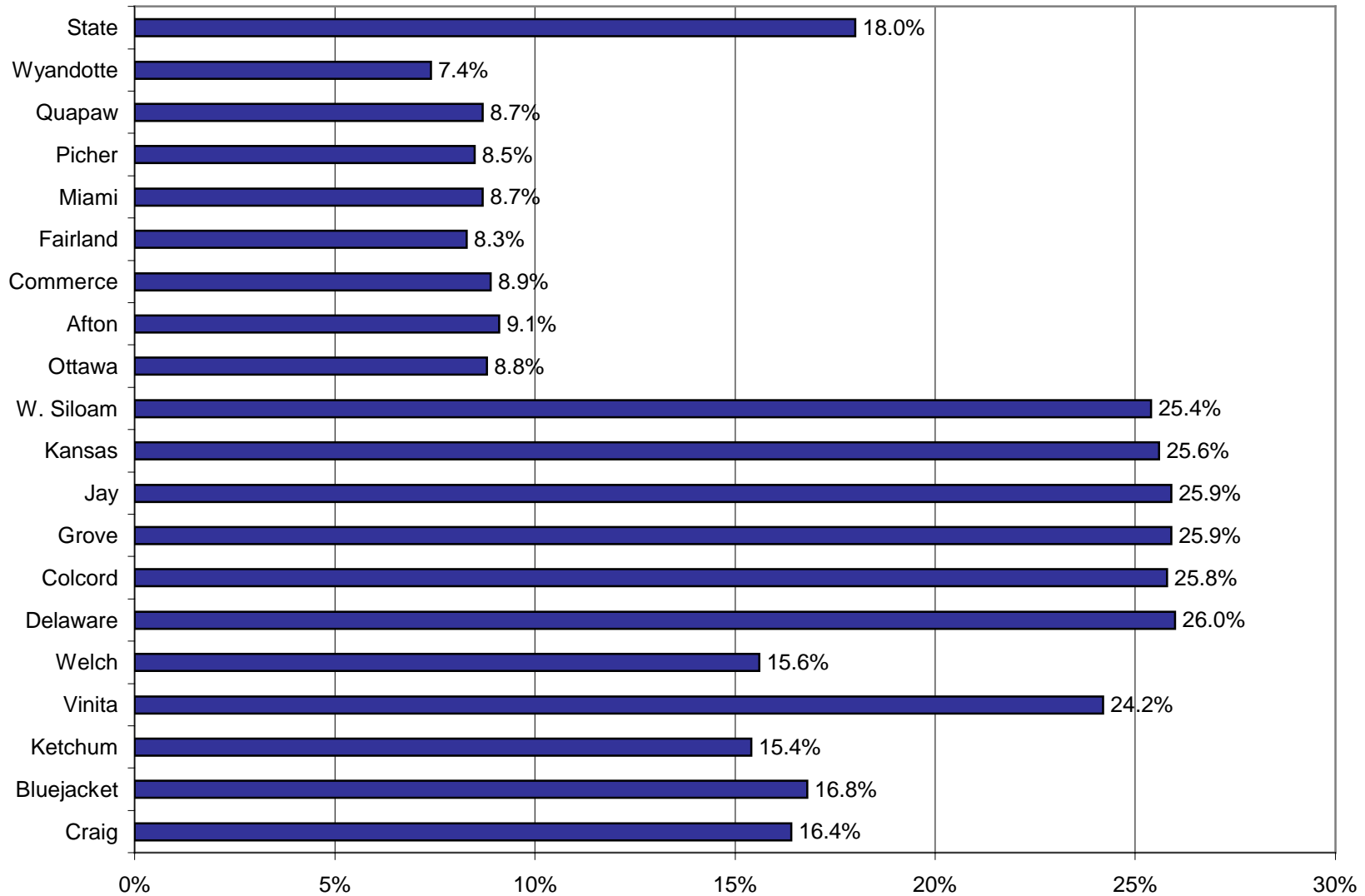
	# Facilities
1 Star	3
1+ Star	0
2 Star	0
3 Star	0

Selected Demographic Profile Data Graphs

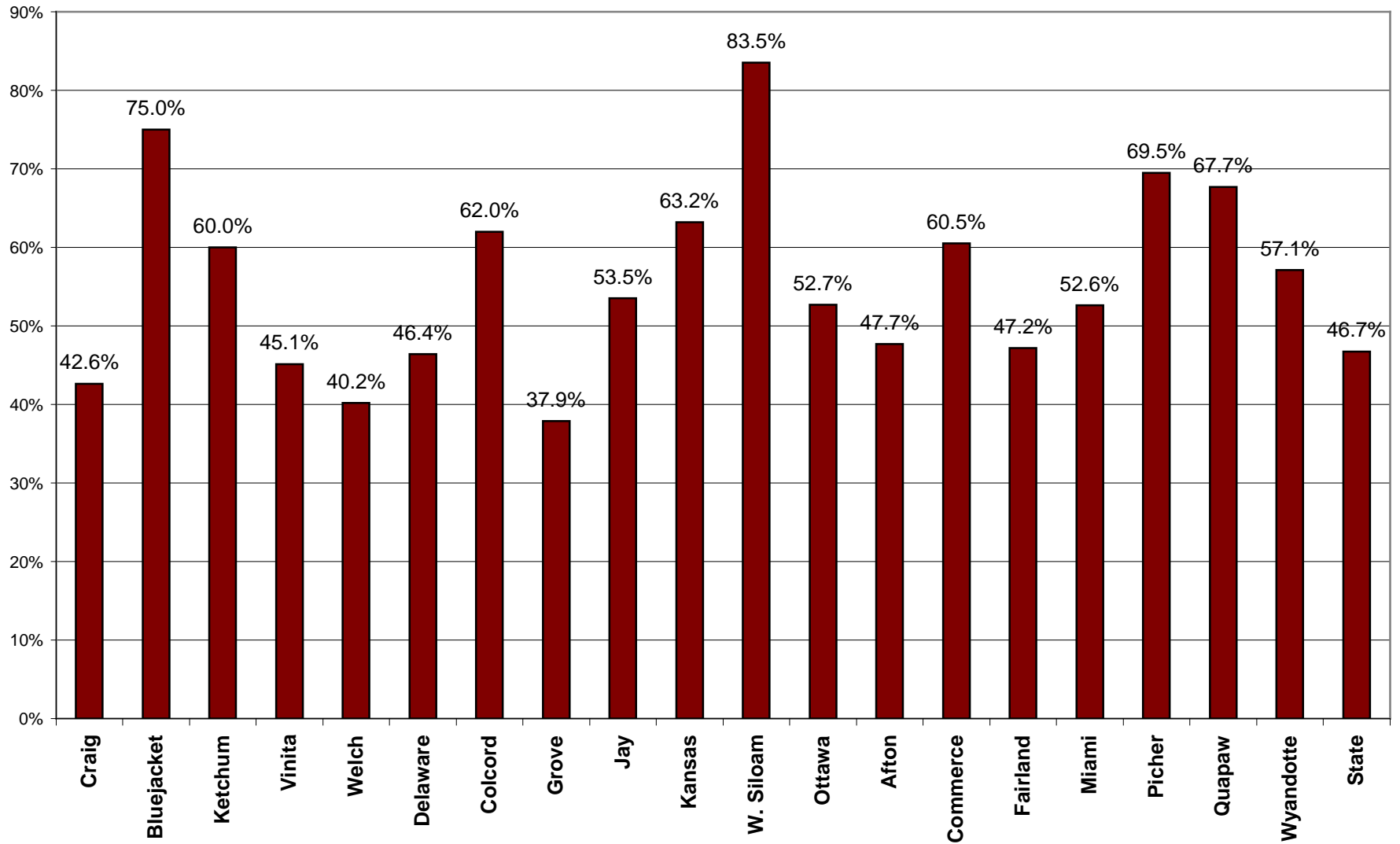
Native American Population



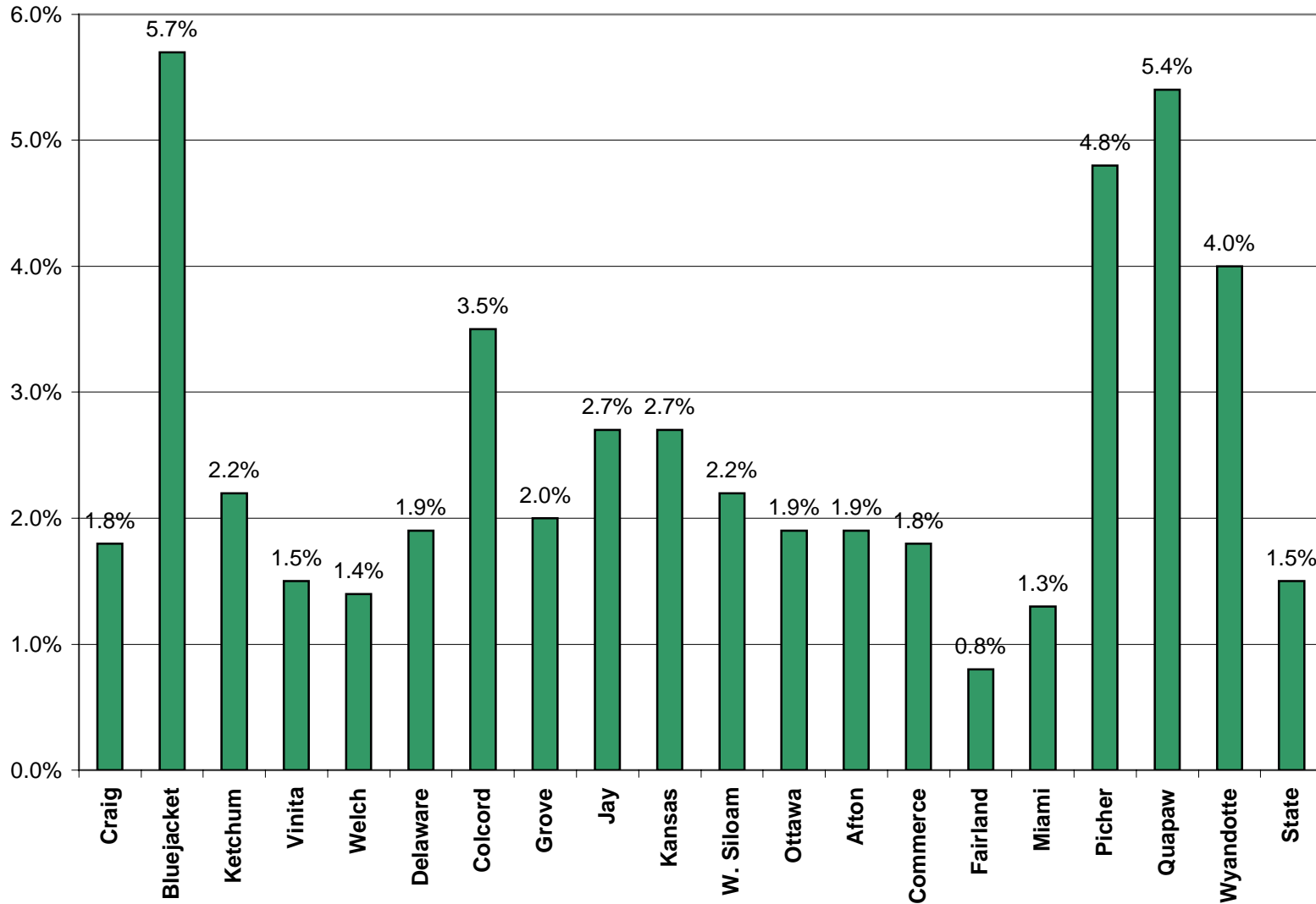
Projected Growth



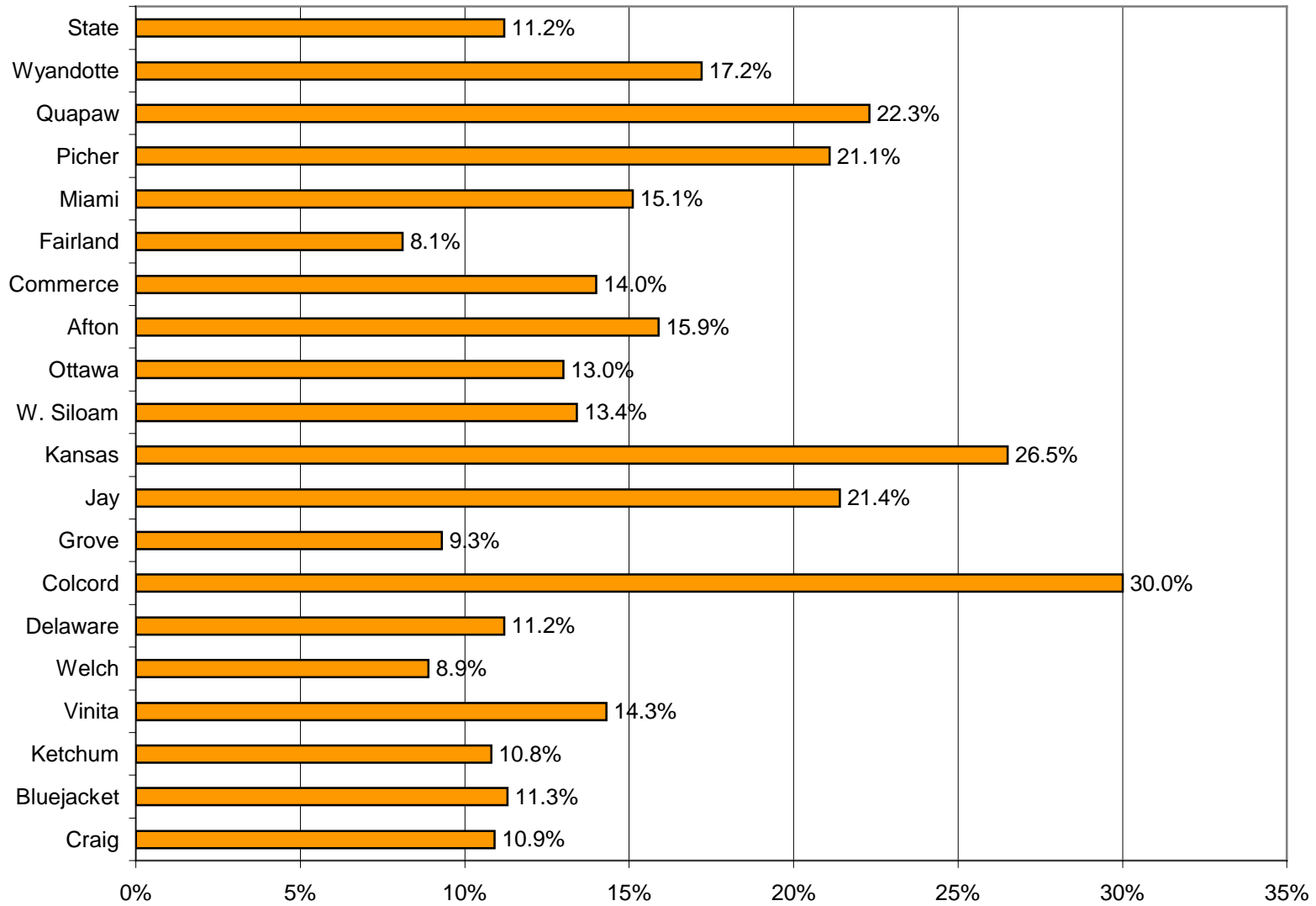
Age 65+ with Disability



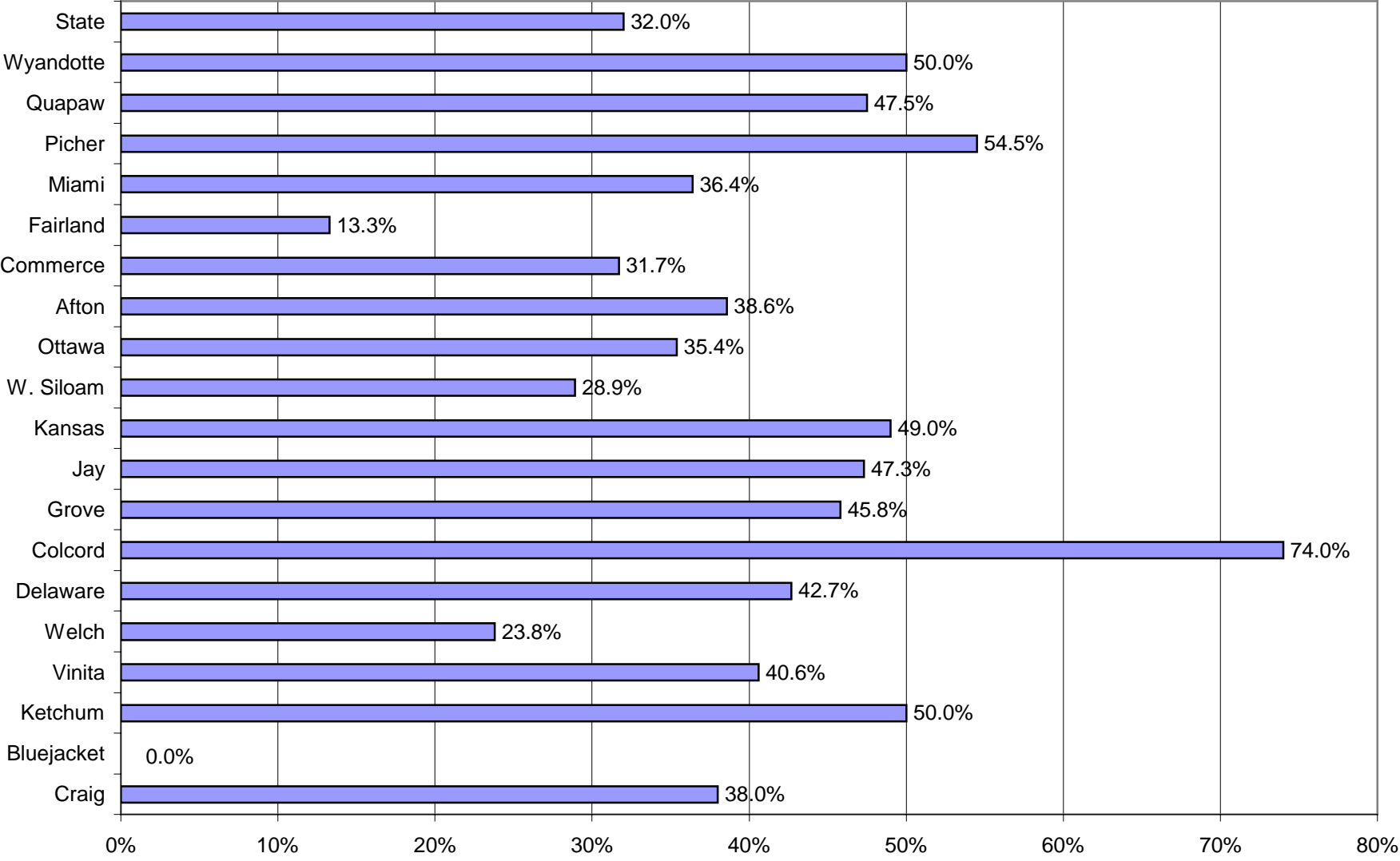
Grandparents as Caregivers



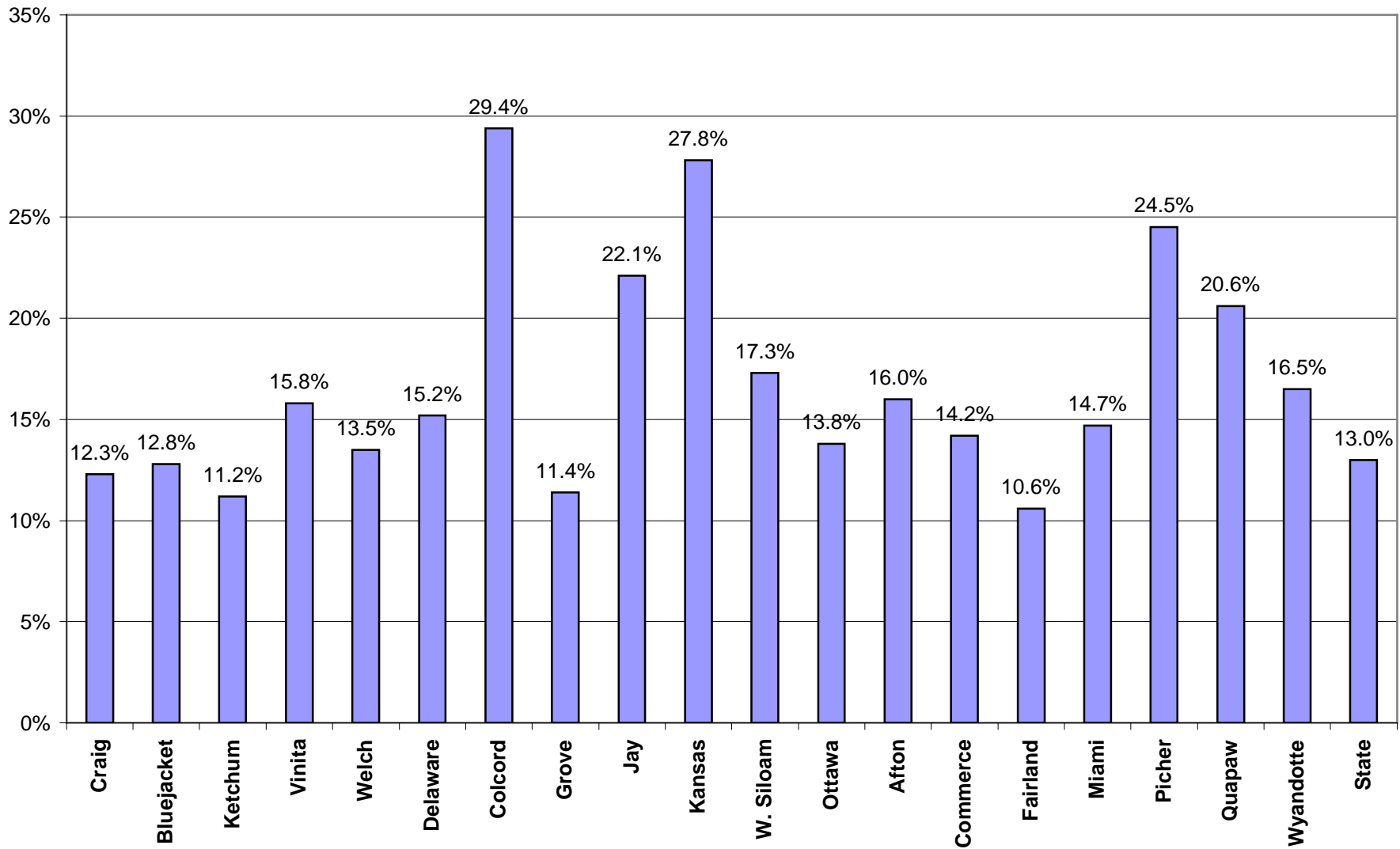
Families Below Poverty



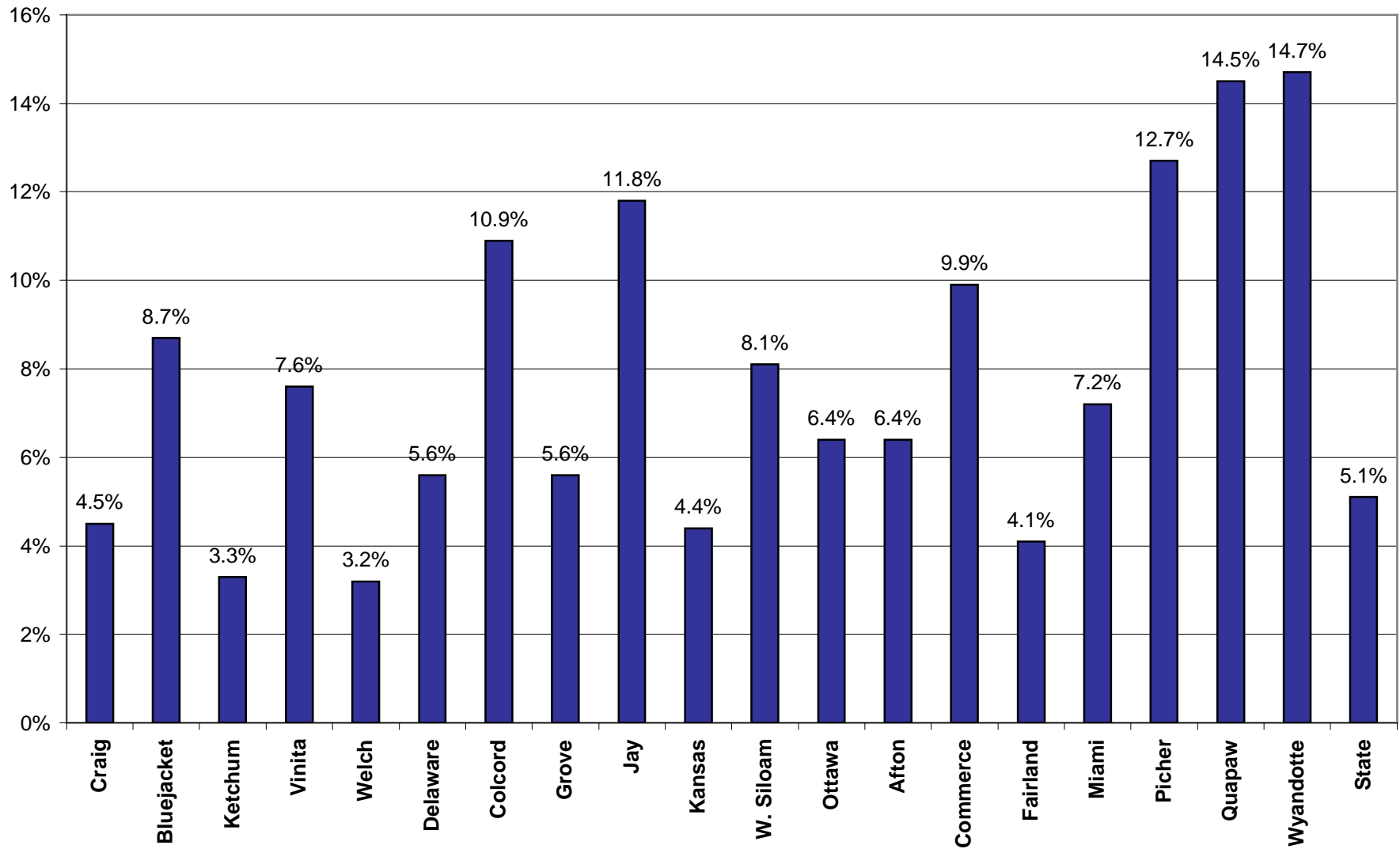
Female Heads of Households Below Poverty



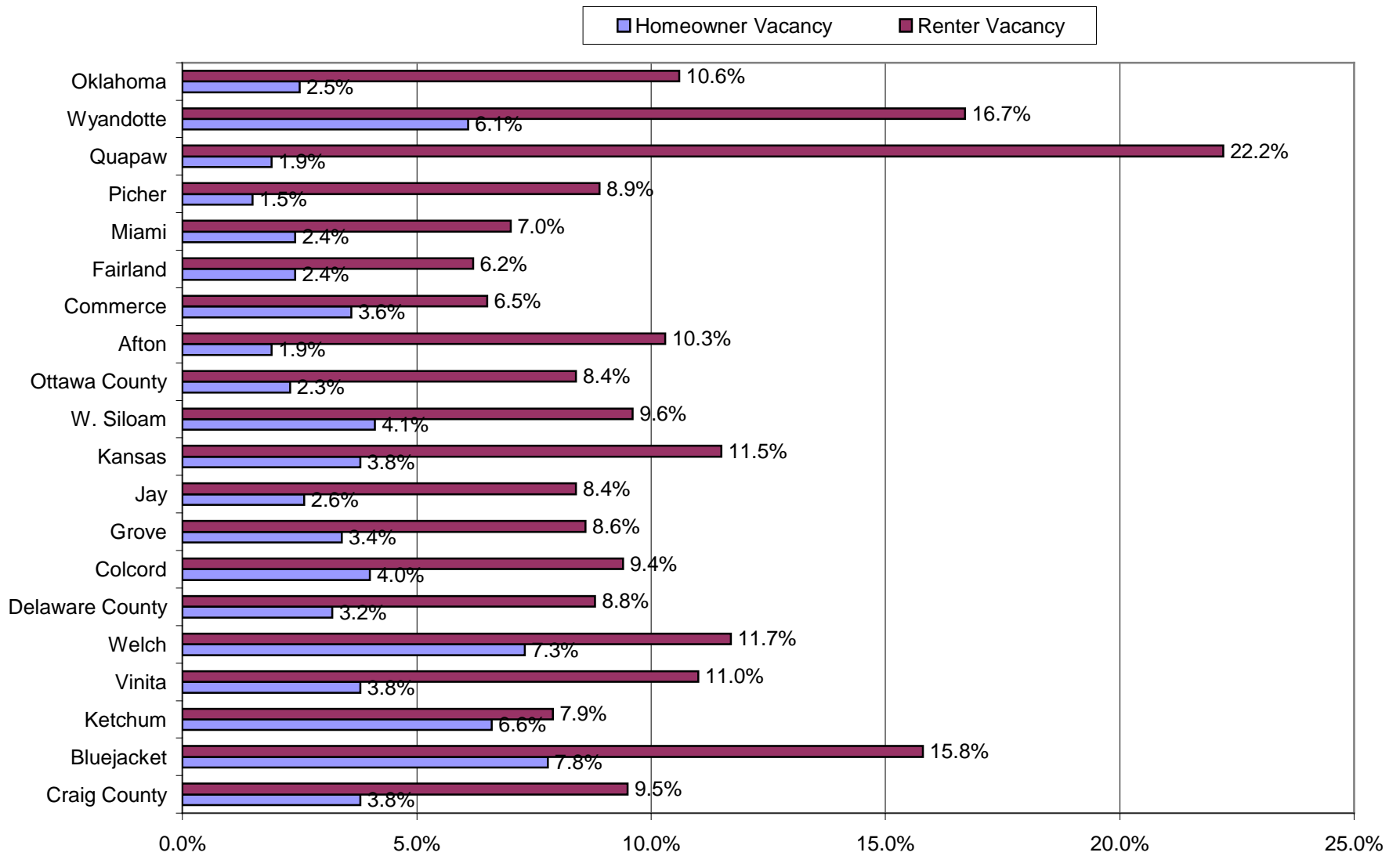
Individuals over 18 Below Poverty



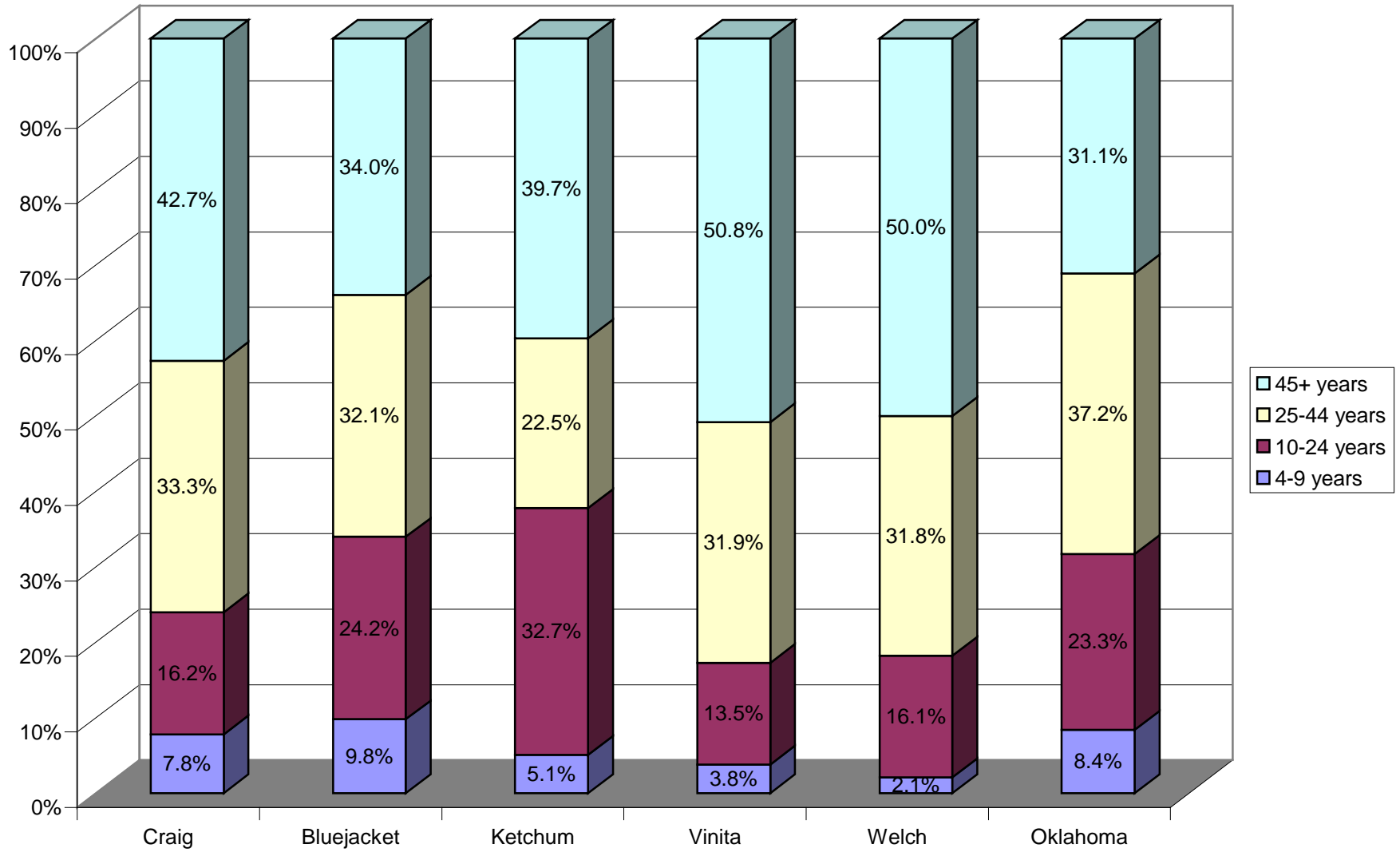
Public Assistance Recipients



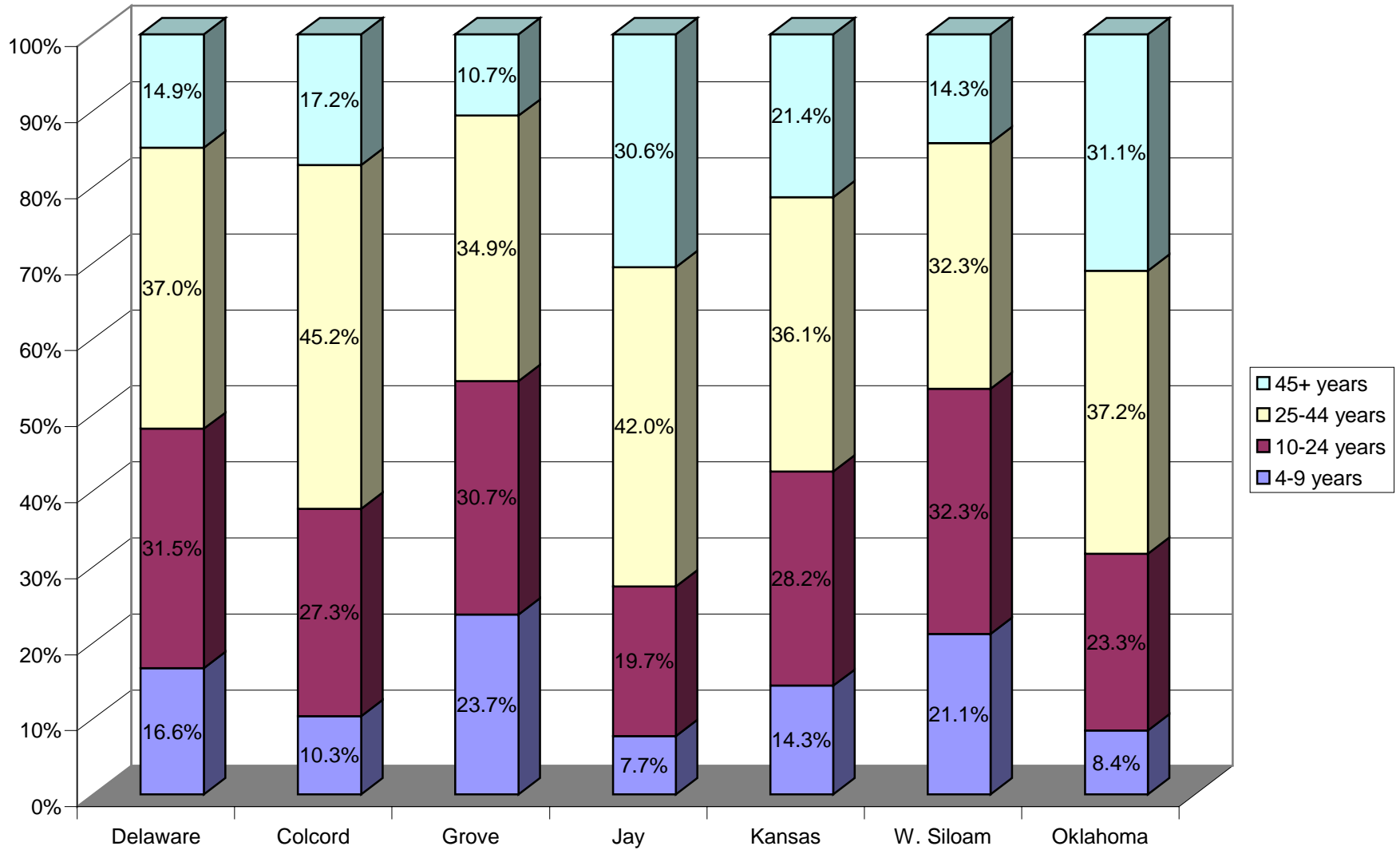
Homeowner and Renter Vacancy Rates



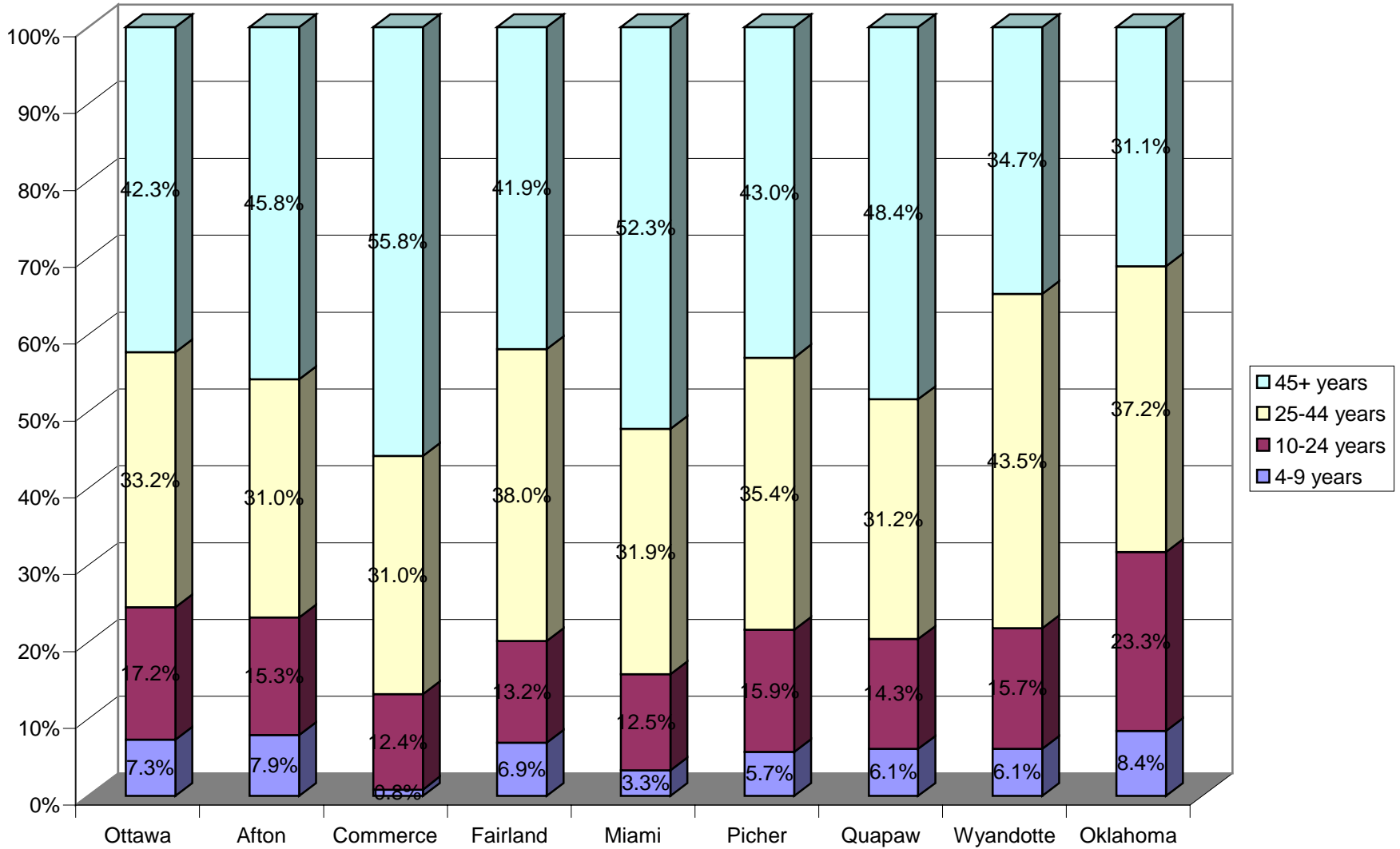
Craig County Age of Housing



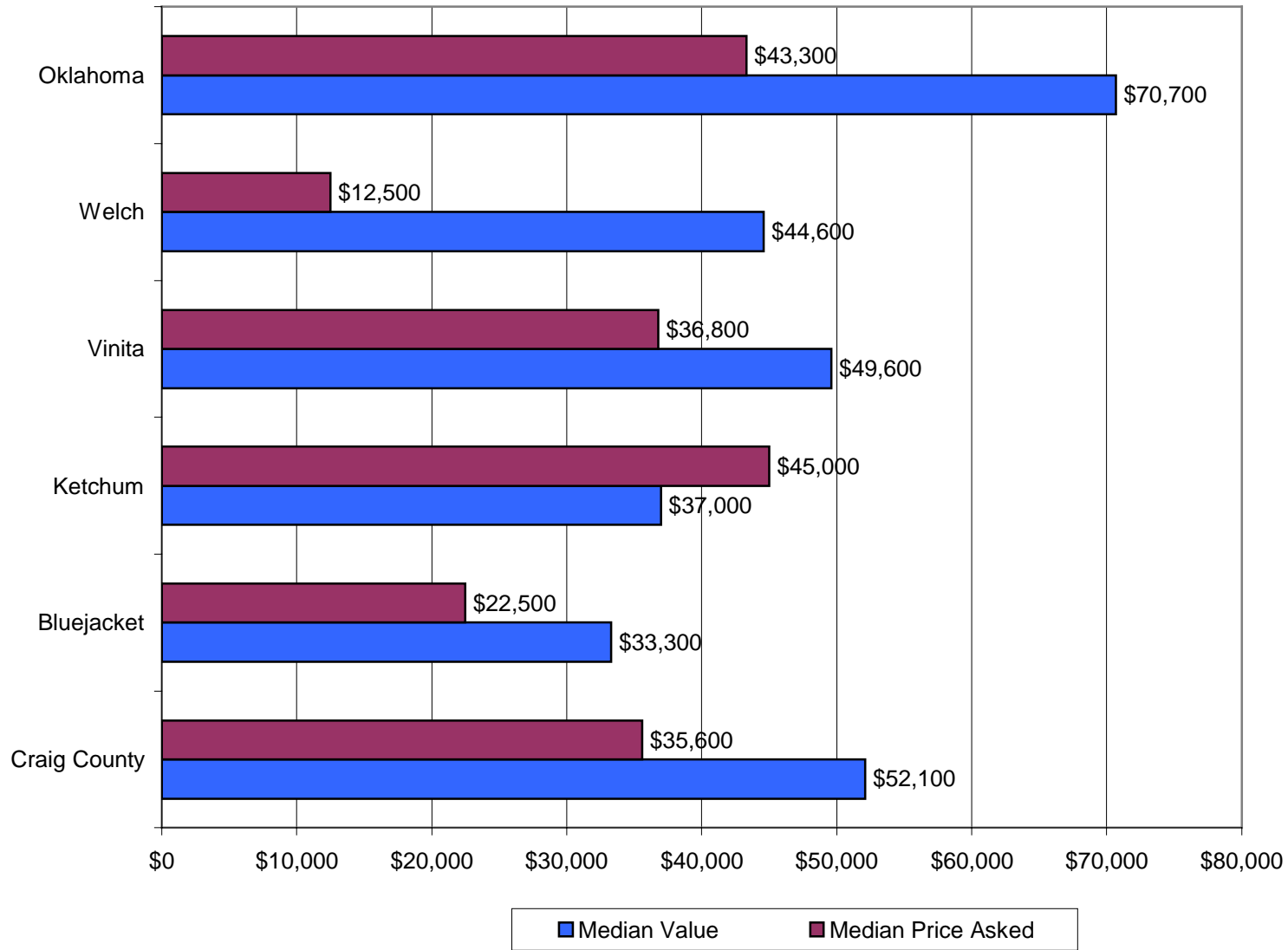
Delaware County Housing Ages



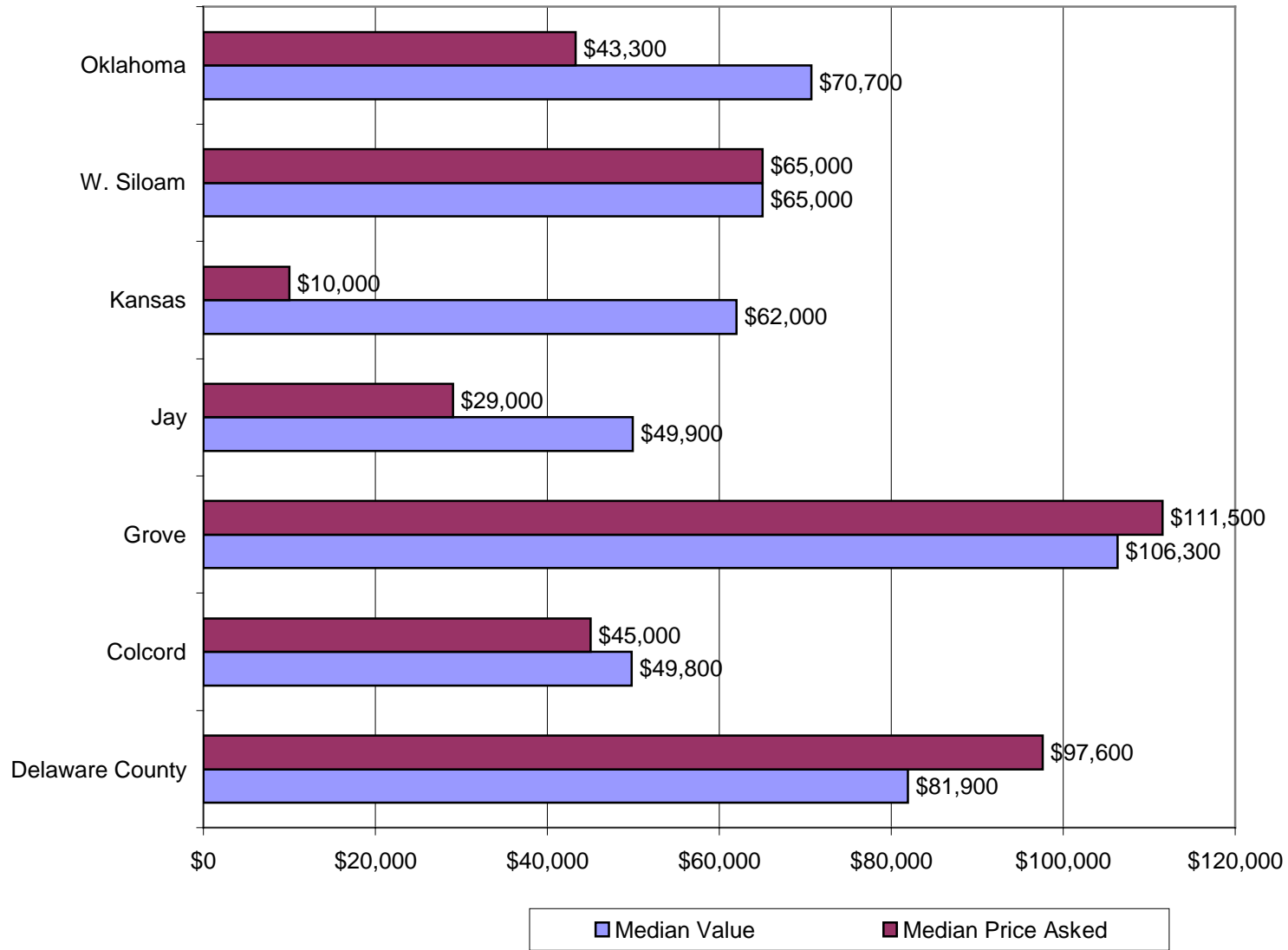
Ottawa County Housing Ages



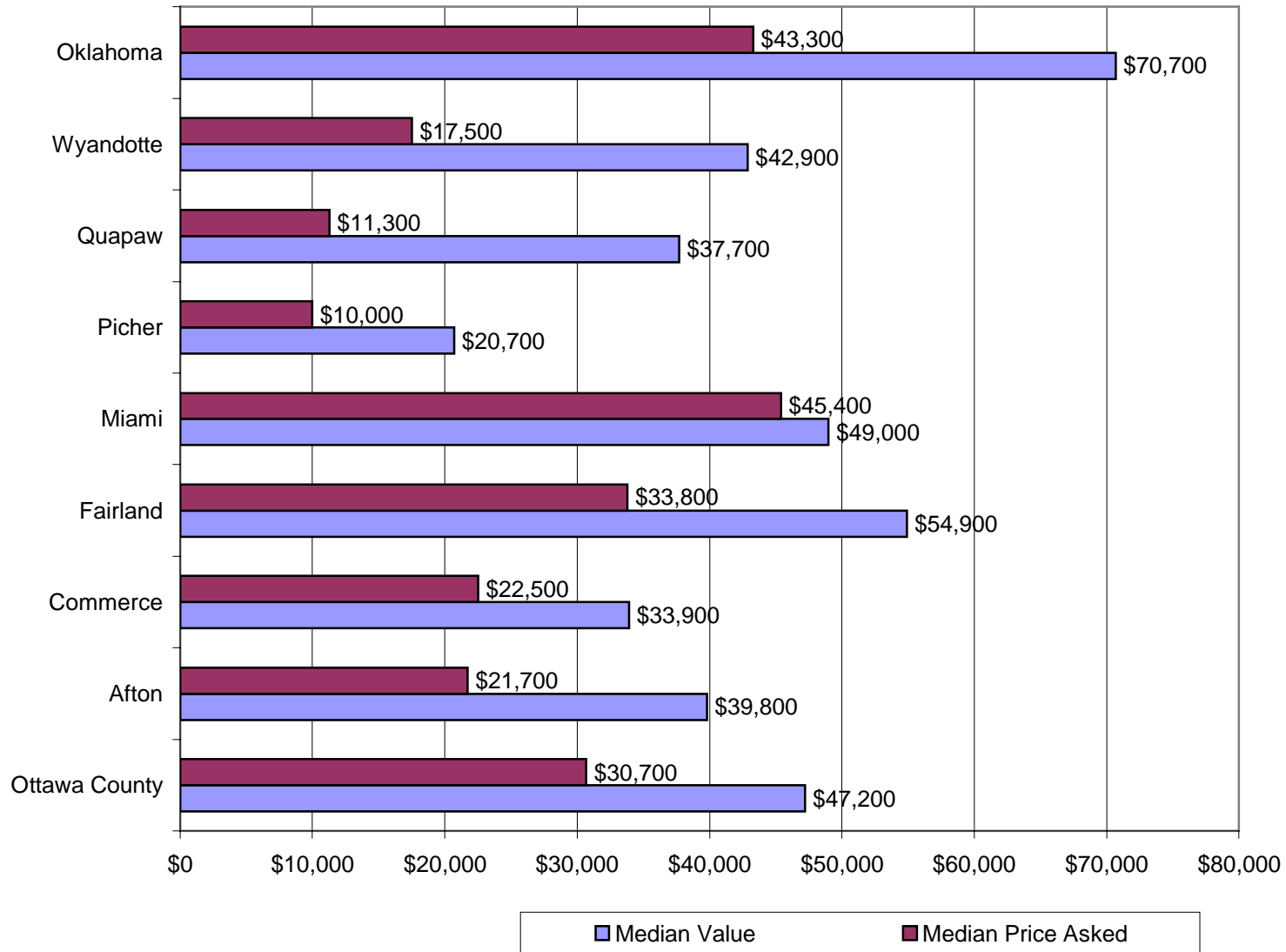
Craig County Median Value and Median Price Asked



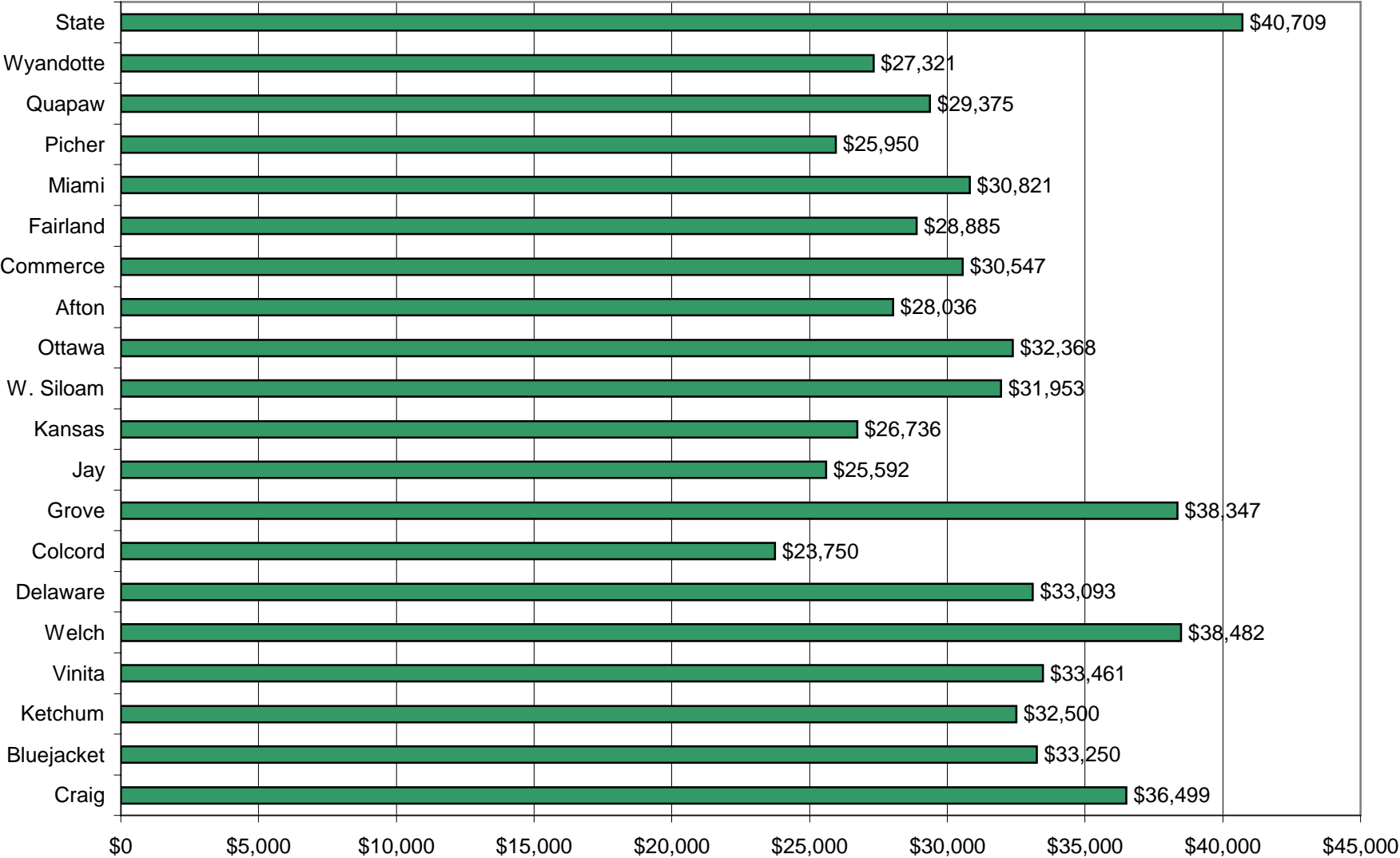
Delaware County Median Value and Median Price Asked for Housing



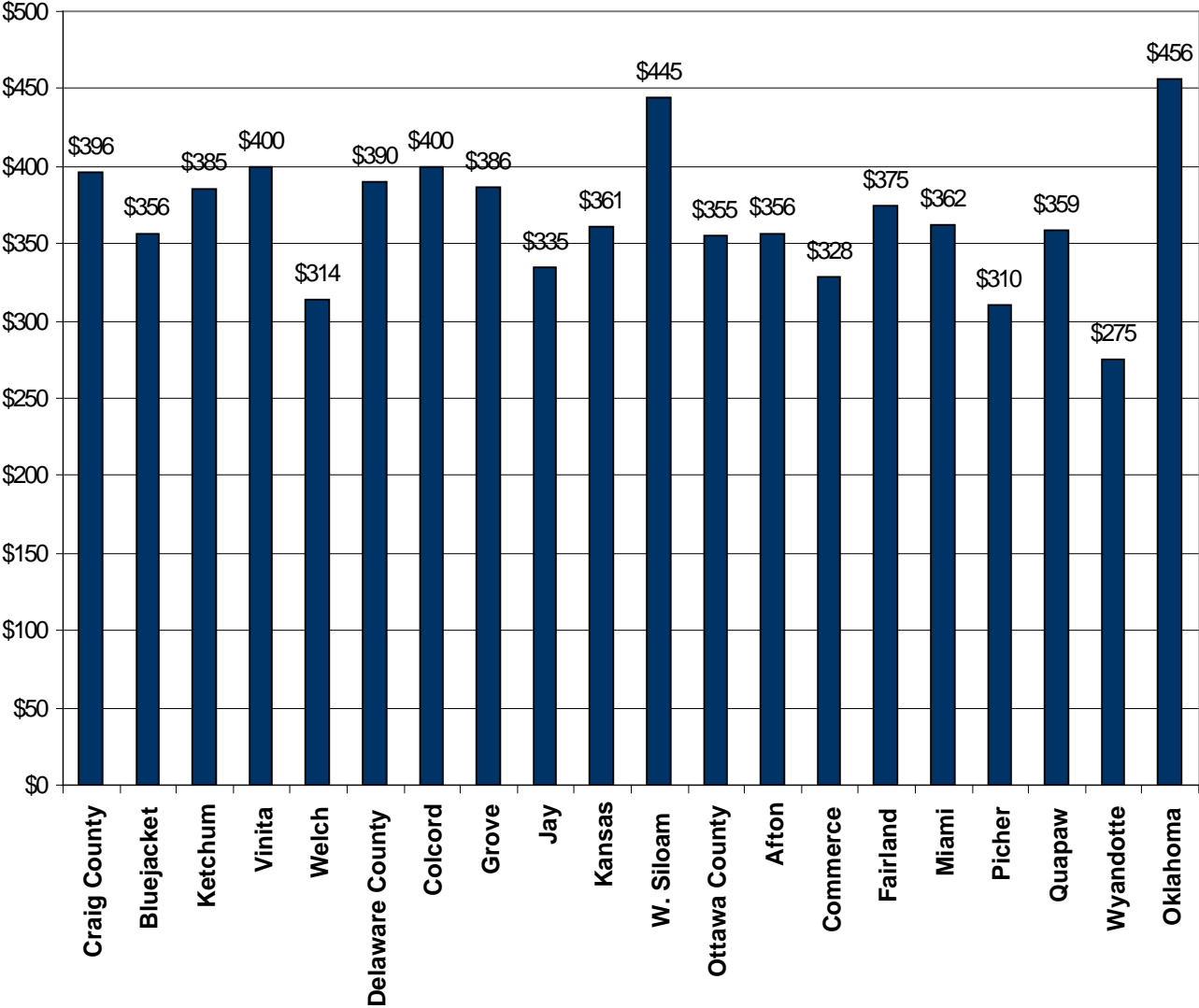
Ottawa County Median Value and Prices Asked for Housing



Median Family Income



Median Rent



Appendix B

Community Assessment Survey

Please Check One: Form Completed by: Head Start Parent _____ Schools _____ Agency Customer _____
 Another Agency or Program Representative _____ Business _____ Government _____ Other _____

City or Town _____ **County:** Craig Delaware Ottawa

Please rate the level of need for the following services in your community. Are they adequate, or are there unmet needs?									
		No Need	Some Need	Great Need			No Need	Some Need	Great Need
Food Assistance Programs	WIC				Mental Health Services				
	Commodities /Food Stamps					Counseling - Adults			
Employment	Jobs				Counseling - Children				
	Job Training/Assistance				Residential Care				
Emergency Assistance	Food Pantry				Alcohol/drug Treatment				
	Clothing				Domestic/Child Abuse				
	Utility Assistance				Financial Services				
	Rent/Deposits				Income Management/budget				
	Mortgage Assistance				Low interest, short-term, small loans				
	Crisis Shelter				Income Tax Preparation				
					Early Care/Education				
Health Care	Medical				Infants/Toddlers				
	Dental				Head Start/Pre-School				
	Family Planning				Child Care for Pre/School Age Children				
	Prescription Assistance				Daytime				
	Insurance				Evening				
					Sick Child Care				
Transportation	Public				Parenting Information/Classes				
	Private				Housing Affordable Houses to Buy				
	Vehicle Repair Assistance				Affordable Houses to Rent				
Adult Education	GED/Literacy Training				Affordable Home Rehabilitation				
	Vo Tech				Weatherization				
	College				Homebuyer Education/Assistance				
				Other Needs - Specify:					

Availability: Are any of the services listed above not available in your community or are they difficult to use? Please list which ones and why: _____

Accessibility: Are any of the services listed above difficult to find or to get to in your community? Please list which ones and why: _____

Individuals/families please provide the following information. Agency representatives need not complete this section.

1. Total number living in Home: _____ Number of Children: _____
2. Ages of Adults in Home: _____ Ages of Children: _____
3. Marital Status:
 Married Divorced/separated Never Married Widowed Other
4. Approximate family income last year: \$ _____
5. Sources of income:
 Wages Public Assistance Child Support Social Security
 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Retirement/Pension Other
6. Do you receive:
 Food Stamps WIC TANF Day Care Assistance Medicaid/Medicare
 Social Security Supplementary Security Income (SSI) Commodities
7. Race/Ethnic Group:
 White/Caucasian African American Asian Native American Hispanic Other
8. Are you: Homeowner Renter Other
9. Do you have health insurance? Yes No

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey. Your responses will help us assess the services and needs in our communities. The information you provide will be used to design new programs and apply for grants.

Overall Community Survey Results

	688	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Dental		615	163	342	505	82.1%
Jobs		607	124	368	492	81.1%
Job Training		555	163	281	444	80.0%
RX Asst.		604	147	327	474	78.5%
Utility Asst.		605	211	263	474	78.3%
Insurance		574	151	298	449	78.2%
Buy		603	158	310	468	77.6%
Medical		615	163	313	476	77.4%
Rent		594	146	312	458	77.1%
Sick		567	167	251	418	73.7%
Rent Asst.		574	219	203	422	73.5%
Weatherize		581	182	245	427	73.5%
Food Pantry		591	218	214	432	73.1%
Rehab		559	162	244	406	72.6%
Homebuyer		554	163	238	401	72.4%
Dom/child abuse		583	183	238	421	72.2%
Clothing		574	231	183	414	72.1%
Evening		561	169	234	403	71.8%
Child Counsel		606	202	233	435	71.8%
Food Stamps		520	172	201	373	71.7%
GED		589	185	237	422	71.6%
Loans		578	211	201	412	71.3%
Repair		570	172	234	406	71.2%
Budgeting		576	226	184	410	71.2%
Adult Counsel		621	241	201	442	71.2%
Infant/Toddler		581	184	226	410	70.6%
Alcohol/drug		599	182	237	419	69.9%
Income Tax		575	225	177	402	69.9%
Family Planning		570	177	221	398	69.8%
HS/Preschool		573	157	243	400	69.8%
Daytime		571	180	216	396	69.4%
Crisis Shelter		574	161	236	397	69.2%
Parenting		433	134	165	299	69.1%
Public		596	191	215	406	68.1%
Food WIC		579	177	216	393	67.9%
College		531	170	190	360	67.8%
Mortgage Asst.		545	195	166	361	66.2%
Residential		584	219	167	386	66.1%
Vo Tech		573	186	192	378	66.0%
Private		530	194	122	316	59.6%

**Craig County
Community Assessment Survey Results**

Craig County Community Survey Results

62	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Food Pantry	54	23	26	49	90.7%
Infant/Toddler	53	22	26	48	90.6%
Child Counsel	55	22	27	49	89.1%
Jobs	54	13	35	48	88.9%
Utility Asst.	53	22	25	47	88.7%
Buy	53	16	31	47	88.7%
Job Training	51	13	32	45	88.2%
Rent Asst.	51	23	22	45	88.2%
Insurance	51	14	31	45	88.2%
Crisis Shelter	50	18	26	44	88.0%
Rehab	50	16	28	44	88.0%
RX Asst.	58	17	34	51	87.9%
Sick	49	15	28	43	87.8%
Evening	47	17	24	41	87.2%
Dental	54	12	35	47	87.0%
Repair	52	19	26	45	86.5%
Budgeting	52	23	22	45	86.5%
Clothing	51	23	21	44	86.3%
Dom/child abuse	50	24	19	43	86.0%
Weatherize	55	19	28	47	85.5%
Homebuyer	48	17	24	41	85.4%
Rent	54	15	31	46	85.2%
Loans	47	19	21	40	85.1%
Public	53	24	21	45	84.9%
Adult Counsel	58	25	24	49	84.5%
Income Tax	51	31	12	43	84.3%
Parenting	37	11	20	31	83.8%
Alcohol/drug	55	23	23	46	83.6%
Medical	54	18	27	45	83.3%
Mortgage Asst.	46	22	16	38	82.6%
HS/Preschool	51	14	28	42	82.4%
Daytime	48	17	22	39	81.3%
Private	47	24	14	38	80.9%
GED	54	19	23	42	77.8%
Family Planning	49	19	19	38	77.6%
Residential	53	23	18	41	77.4%
Food Stamps	48	20	16	36	75.0%
Food WIC	51	19	18	37	72.5%
Vo Tech	49	13	22	35	71.4%
College	44	10	21	31	70.5%

Bluejacket Community Survey Results

8	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Food WIC	6	5	1	6	100.0%
Food Stamps	4	4	0	4	100.0%
Jobs	4	3	1	4	100.0%
Job Training	6	5	1	6	100.0%
Food Pantry	6	5	1	6	100.0%
Utility Asst.	6	6	0	6	100.0%
Rent Asst.	4	4	0	4	100.0%
Mortgage Asst.	4	4	0	4	100.0%
Medical	5	3	2	5	100.0%
Dental	5	3	2	5	100.0%
Family Planning	5	4	1	5	100.0%
RX Asst.	7	5	2	7	100.0%
Insurance	5	4	1	5	100.0%
Public	5	4	1	5	100.0%
Child Counsel	6	4	2	6	100.0%
Dom/child abuse	6	5	1	6	100.0%
Budgeting	5	3	2	5	100.0%
Loans	5	5	0	5	100.0%
Income Tax	7	7	0	7	100.0%
Infant/Toddler	5	4	1	5	100.0%
HS/Preschool	7	2	5	7	100.0%
Daytime	6	5	1	6	100.0%
Evening	5	3	2	5	100.0%
Sick	5	3	2	5	100.0%
Parenting	3	0	3	3	100.0%
Buy	8	6	2	8	100.0%
Rent	6	5	1	6	100.0%
Rehab	5	4	1	5	100.0%
Weatherize	7	6	1	7	100.0%
Homebuyer	6	5	1	6	100.0%
Adult Counsel	6	5	0	5	83.3%
Alcohol/drug	6	4	1	5	83.3%
Crisis Shelter	5	3	1	4	80.0%
Clothing	4	2	1	3	75.0%
Private	4	3	0	3	75.0%
Repair	4	3	0	3	75.0%
Vo Tech	4	1	2	3	75.0%
College	4	1	2	3	75.0%
GED	7	3	2	5	71.4%
Residential	6	3	1	4	66.7%

Ketchum Community Survey Results

	3	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Sick		1	1	1	2	200.0%
Parenting		1	1	1	2	200.0%
Food Stamps		1	0	1	1	100.0%
Jobs		2	1	1	2	100.0%
Job Training		2	1	1	2	100.0%
Food Pantry		2	0	2	2	100.0%
Clothing		2	0	2	2	100.0%
Utility Asst.		2	1	1	2	100.0%
Rent Asst.		1	0	1	1	100.0%
Mortgage Asst.		1	0	1	1	100.0%
Crisis Shelter		1	1	0	1	100.0%
Medical		1	1	0	1	100.0%
Dental		1	1	0	1	100.0%
Family Planning		2	0	2	2	100.0%
RX Asst.		2	1	1	2	100.0%
Insurance		2	1	1	2	100.0%
Public		3	2	1	3	100.0%
Private		2	1	1	2	100.0%
Repair		1	1	0	1	100.0%
GED		3	1	2	3	100.0%
Vo Tech		1	1	0	1	100.0%
College		1	1	0	1	100.0%
Adult Counsel		3	3	0	3	100.0%
Child Counsel		3	3	0	3	100.0%
Residential		1	1	0	1	100.0%
Alcohol/drug		3	3	0	3	100.0%
Dom/child abuse		1	1	0	1	100.0%
Budgeting		3	3	0	3	100.0%
Loans		1	0	1	1	100.0%
Income Tax		2	2	0	2	100.0%
Infant/Toddler		3	1	2	3	100.0%
HS/Preschool		3	1	2	3	100.0%
Daytime		1	1	0	1	100.0%
Evening		2	1	1	2	100.0%
Buy		3	1	2	3	100.0%
Rent		1	0	1	1	100.0%
Rehab		1	0	1	1	100.0%
Weatherize		3	1	2	3	100.0%
Homebuyer		1	0	1	1	100.0%
Food WIC		3	1	1	2	66.7%

Welch Community Survey Results

	8	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Jobs		7	4	3	7	100.0%
Job Training		6	4	2	6	100.0%
Food Pantry		7	5	2	7	100.0%
Clothing		6	5	1	6	100.0%
Utility Asst.		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Rent Asst.		7	5	2	7	100.0%
Mortgage Asst.		6	4	2	6	100.0%
Crisis Shelter		6	4	2	6	100.0%
Medical		7	2	5	7	100.0%
Dental		7	1	6	7	100.0%
Family Planning		6	4	2	6	100.0%
RX Asst.		8	2	6	8	100.0%
Insurance		7	1	6	7	100.0%
Public		6	3	3	6	100.0%
Private		6	5	1	6	100.0%
Repair		7	3	4	7	100.0%
GED		6	4	2	6	100.0%
Adult Counsel		7	5	2	7	100.0%
Child Counsel		6	4	2	6	100.0%
Dom/child abuse		5	3	2	5	100.0%
Budgeting		6	5	1	6	100.0%
Loans		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Income Tax		6	4	2	6	100.0%
Infant/Toddler		6	3	3	6	100.0%
HS/Preschool		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Daytime		6	1	5	6	100.0%
Evening		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Sick		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Parenting		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Rent		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Rehab		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Weatherize		7	2	5	7	100.0%
Homebuyer		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Vo Tech		7	2	4	6	85.7%
Alcohol/drug		7	4	2	6	85.7%
Food WIC		6	3	2	5	83.3%
Food Stamps		6	3	2	5	83.3%
College		6	3	2	5	83.3%
Residential		6	3	2	5	83.3%
Buy		6	0	5	5	83.3%

Vinita Community Survey Results

34	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Buy	31	9	18	27	87.1%
Infant/Toddler	32	12	15	27	84.4%
Food Pantry	33	9	18	27	81.8%
Dental	32	6	20	26	81.3%
Child Counsel	32	10	16	26	81.3%
Rehab	32	10	16	26	81.3%
Crisis Shelter	31	8	17	25	80.6%
Repair	31	10	15	25	80.6%
Dom/child abuse	30	13	11	24	80.0%
Budgeting	30	11	13	24	80.0%
Loans	30	11	13	24	80.0%
Sick	30	8	16	24	80.0%
Evening	29	9	14	23	79.3%
Jobs	33	4	22	26	78.8%
Utility Asst.	33	11	15	26	78.8%
Adult Counsel	33	9	17	26	78.8%
Clothing	32	12	13	25	78.1%
Rent Asst.	32	11	14	25	78.1%
Alcohol/drug	32	10	15	25	78.1%
Rent	32	7	18	25	78.1%
Job Training	31	2	22	24	77.4%
Insurance	30	5	18	23	76.7%
Homebuyer	30	10	13	23	76.7%
Public	34	15	11	26	76.5%
Daytime	29	9	13	22	75.9%
RX Asst.	33	6	19	25	75.8%
Medical	32	10	14	24	75.0%
Weatherize	31	9	14	23	74.2%
Mortgage Asst.	29	12	9	21	72.4%
Private	29	13	8	21	72.4%
Income Tax	29	15	6	21	72.4%
Residential	32	14	9	23	71.9%
Parenting	22	5	10	15	68.2%
HS/Preschool	28	6	13	19	67.9%
GED	31	8	13	21	67.7%
Food Stamps	31	10	10	20	64.5%
Family Planning	30	9	10	19	63.3%
Vo Tech	29	5	13	18	62.1%
College	28	4	13	17	60.7%
Food WIC	29	8	9	17	58.6%

**Delaware County
Community Assessment Survey Results**

Delaware County Community Survey Results

202	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Dental	178	55	95	150	84.3%
RX Asst.	172	53	86	139	80.8%
Insurance	163	53	78	131	80.4%
Job Training	156	43	82	125	80.1%
Buy	171	47	90	137	80.1%
Medical	178	56	86	142	79.8%
Utility Asst.	173	70	68	138	79.8%
Jobs	175	34	105	139	79.4%
Rent	169	39	93	132	78.1%
Sick	164	57	70	127	77.4%
Adult Counsel	176	87	49	136	77.3%
Daytime	163	58	67	125	76.7%
Rehab	156	48	71	119	76.3%
Homebuyer	154	46	71	117	76.0%
Family Planning	164	50	74	124	75.6%
Child Counsel	173	67	63	130	75.1%
Food Stamps	144	61	47	108	75.0%
Alcohol/drug	168	59	67	126	75.0%
Repair	159	56	63	119	74.8%
Rent Asst.	163	71	50	121	74.2%
Weatherize	163	53	68	121	74.2%
Dom/child abuse	166	48	75	123	74.1%
Crisis Shelter	157	51	65	116	73.9%
Evening	157	51	65	116	73.9%
Budgeting	164	65	56	121	73.8%
Loans	164	68	53	121	73.8%
GED	170	59	66	125	73.5%
Food Pantry	167	69	53	122	73.1%
Residential	165	75	45	120	72.7%
Infant/Toddler	163	53	65	118	72.4%
Income Tax	161	69	46	115	71.4%
Parenting	111	36	43	79	71.2%
Clothing	163	69	47	116	71.2%
Public	175	59	65	124	70.9%
HS/Preschool	160	49	64	113	70.6%
College	153	64	42	106	69.3%
Food WIC	164	64	54	118	69.8%
Vo Tech	169	66	45	111	65.7%
Mortgage Asst.	152	58	38	96	63.2%
Private	149	57	31	88	59.1%

Colcord Community Survey Results

	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Food WIC	9	5	4	9	100.0%
Food Stamps	6	3	3	6	100.0%
Medical	9	3	6	9	100.0%
Dental	9	2	7	9	100.0%
Family Planning	7	0	7	7	100.0%
RX Asst.	9	3	6	9	100.0%
Insurance	7	3	4	7	100.0%
Daytime	9	4	5	9	100.0%
Evening	7	2	5	7	100.0%
Sick	9	4	5	9	100.0%
GED	9	4	4	8	88.9%
Adult Counsel	9	6	2	8	88.9%
Child Counsel	9	6	2	8	88.9%
Residential	9	5	3	8	88.9%
Alcohol/drug	9	5	3	8	88.9%
Buy	9	4	4	8	88.9%
Weatherize	9	3	5	8	88.9%
Jobs	8	0	7	7	87.5%
Job Training	8	1	6	7	87.5%
Food Pantry	8	1	6	7	87.5%
Utility Asst.	8	3	4	7	87.5%
Public	8	4	3	7	87.5%
College	8	6	1	7	87.5%
Dom/child abuse	8	4	3	7	87.5%
Infant/Toddler	8	3	4	7	87.5%
Rent	8	3	4	7	87.5%
Clothing	7	2	4	6	85.7%
Rent Asst.	7	2	4	6	85.7%
Crisis Shelter	7	2	4	6	85.7%
Private	7	3	3	6	85.7%
Repair	7	2	4	6	85.7%
HS/Preschool	7	1	5	6	85.7%
Rehab	7	2	4	6	85.7%
Homebuyer	7	2	4	6	85.7%
Mortgage Asst.	6	1	4	5	83.3%
Income Tax	6	2	3	5	83.3%
Parenting	6	3	2	5	83.3%
Vo Tech	8	5	1	6	75.0%
Budgeting	8	4	2	6	75.0%
Loans	8	3	3	6	75.0%

Grove Community Survey Results

81	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Dental	68	17	40	57	83.8%
Medical	66	21	32	53	80.3%
Job Training	62	15	34	49	79.0%
Buy	66	22	30	52	78.8%
Jobs	67	9	43	52	77.6%
RX Asst.	67	20	32	52	77.6%
Insurance	65	20	30	50	76.9%
Parenting	39	12	17	29	74.4%
Income Tax	65	33	15	48	73.8%
Sick	65	20	28	48	73.8%
Rent	66	17	31	48	72.7%
Homebuyer	61	20	24	44	72.1%
Family Planning	64	20	26	46	71.9%
Utility Asst.	67	22	26	48	71.6%
Repair	62	24	20	44	71.0%
Loans	62	29	15	44	71.0%
Adult Counsel	68	28	20	48	70.6%
Dom/child abuse	64	20	25	45	70.3%
Alcohol/drug	67	22	25	47	70.1%
Weatherize	63	26	18	44	69.8%
Crisis Shelter	61	14	28	42	68.9%
Child Counsel	67	23	23	46	68.7%
Daytime	63	23	20	43	68.3%
Food WIC	66	24	21	45	68.2%
College	56	25	13	38	67.9%
Food Stamps	59	21	19	40	67.8%
Rent Asst.	65	25	19	44	67.7%
GED	64	23	20	43	67.2%
Clothing	67	25	20	45	67.2%
Residential	66	26	18	44	66.7%
Evening	63	19	23	42	66.7%
Rehab	60	17	23	40	66.7%
HS/Preschool	62	16	25	41	66.1%
Budgeting	64	25	17	42	65.6%
Infant/Toddler	63	17	23	40	63.5%
Public	69	14	29	43	62.3%
Food Pantry	67	19	22	41	61.2%
Vo Tech	64	24	15	39	60.9%
Mortgage Asst.	60	19	15	34	56.7%
Private	61	20	9	29	47.5%

Jay Community Survey Results

32	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Dental	30	14	12	26	86.7%
Insurance	27	9	14	23	85.2%
RX Asst.	26	10	12	22	84.6%
Budgeting	25	12	9	21	84.0%
Daytime	24	8	12	20	83.3%
Evening	24	11	9	20	83.3%
Jobs	29	4	20	24	82.8%
Rent	28	6	17	23	82.1%
Rehab	27	11	11	22	81.5%
Repair	26	10	11	21	80.8%
Medical	30	13	11	24	80.0%
Infant/Toddler	25	11	9	20	80.0%
Food Pantry	29	14	9	23	79.3%
Buy	29	7	16	23	79.3%
Utility Asst.	28	13	9	22	78.6%
Adult Counsel	28	12	10	22	78.6%
Job Training	27	7	14	21	77.8%
Rent Asst.	27	15	6	21	77.8%
Public	26	11	9	20	76.9%
Alcohol/drug	25	7	12	19	76.0%
Child Counsel	28	8	13	21	75.0%
Sick	24	9	9	18	75.0%
GED	27	9	11	20	74.1%
Homebuyer	26	8	11	19	73.1%
Vo Tech	25	10	8	18	72.0%
College	25	11	7	18	72.0%
Loans	25	9	9	18	72.0%
HS/Preschool	25	10	8	18	72.0%
Food WIC	28	12	8	20	71.4%
Clothing	27	11	8	19	70.4%
Family Planning	26	5	13	18	69.2%
Dom/child abuse	26	7	11	18	69.2%
Weatherize	26	9	9	18	69.2%
Residential	25	9	8	17	68.0%
Private	24	9	7	16	66.7%
Parenting	21	5	9	14	66.7%
Crisis Shelter	26	8	9	17	65.4%
Food Stamps	23	9	6	15	65.2%
Mortgage Asst.	25	10	6	16	64.0%
Income Tax	23	7	7	14	60.9%

Kansas Community Survey Results

	19	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Utility Asst.		19	9	9	18	94.7%
Dental		17	6	10	16	94.1%
Food Stamps		15	7	7	14	93.3%
Jobs		18	5	11	16	88.9%
Food Pantry		17	9	6	15	88.2%
Rehab		16	2	12	14	87.5%
Medical		18	8	7	15	83.3%
RX Asst.		18	6	9	15	83.3%
Rent Asst.		17	9	5	14	82.4%
Crisis Shelter		17	10	4	14	82.4%
Family Planning		17	7	7	14	82.4%
Insurance		17	4	10	14	82.4%
Public		17	6	8	14	82.4%
Repair		17	5	9	14	82.4%
Adult Counsel		17	9	5	14	82.4%
Child Counsel		17	8	6	14	82.4%
Residential		17	10	4	14	82.4%
Alcohol/drug		17	7	7	14	82.4%
Loans		17	5	9	14	82.4%
Daytime		17	4	10	14	82.4%
Buy		17	2	12	14	82.4%
Rent		17	2	12	14	82.4%
Weatherize		17	2	12	14	82.4%
Job Training		16	3	10	13	81.3%
Budgeting		16	5	8	13	81.3%
Income Tax		16	7	6	13	81.3%
Infant/Toddler		16	4	9	13	81.3%
Evening		16	3	10	13	81.3%
Sick		16	5	8	13	81.3%
Homebuyer		16	2	11	13	81.3%
Parenting		13	4	6	10	76.9%
GED		17	6	7	13	76.5%
Dom/child abuse		17	7	6	13	76.5%
HS/Preschool		17	6	7	13	76.5%
Food WIC		16	6	6	12	75.0%
Private		16	9	3	12	75.0%
Clothing		18	8	5	13	72.2%
Mortgage Asst.		17	7	5	12	70.6%
College		17	8	4	12	70.6%
Vo Tech		18	9	3	12	66.7%

West Siloam Springs Community Survey Results

	5	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Food WIC		4	3	1	4	100.0%
Food Stamps		2	1	1	2	100.0%
Jobs		4	2	2	4	100.0%
Child Counsel		4	3	1	4	100.0%
Residential		4	4	0	4	100.0%
Loans		4	4	0	4	100.0%
Daytime		4	3	1	4	100.0%
Evening		4	3	1	4	100.0%
Sick		4	3	1	4	100.0%
Parenting		3	2	1	3	100.0%
Buy		4	3	1	4	100.0%
Rent		4	2	2	4	100.0%
Rehab		3	1	2	3	100.0%
Weatherize		4	2	2	4	100.0%
Homebuyer		4	2	2	4	100.0%
Job Training		5	2	2	4	80.0%
Utility Asst.		5	3	1	4	80.0%
Medical		5	2	2	4	80.0%
RX Asst.		5	1	3	4	80.0%
Repair		5	3	1	4	80.0%
Food Pantry		4	3	0	3	75.0%
Crisis Shelter		4	2	1	3	75.0%
Insurance		4	1	2	3	75.0%
GED		4	1	2	3	75.0%
Adult Counsel		4	3	0	3	75.0%
Alcohol/drug		4	1	2	3	75.0%
Dom/child abuse		4	3	0	3	75.0%
Budgeting		4	1	2	3	75.0%
Income Tax		4	3	0	3	75.0%
Infant/Toddler		4	1	2	3	75.0%
HS/Preschool		4	1	2	3	75.0%
Clothing		5	2	1	3	60.0%
Dental		5	1	2	3	60.0%
Family Planning		5	1	2	3	60.0%
Public		5	2	1	3	60.0%
Mortgage Asst.		4	2	0	2	50.0%
College		4	1	1	2	50.0%
Rent Asst.		5	1	1	2	40.0%
Vo Tech		5	1	1	2	40.0%
Private		4	1	0	1	25.0%

**Ottawa County
Community Assessment Survey Results**

Ottawa County Community Survey Results

277	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Jobs	263	57	154	211	80.2%
Dental	262	66	143	209	79.8%
Job Training	252	79	114	193	76.6%
Medical	262	60	135	195	74.4%
Insurance	250	63	122	185	74.0%
RX Asst.	259	55	136	191	73.7%
Rent	259	64	126	190	73.4%
Buy	259	63	126	189	73.0%
Utility Asst.	262	82	108	190	72.5%
Clothing	253	99	75	174	68.8%
Sick	251	63	109	172	68.5%
Rent Asst.	250	86	85	171	68.4%
Weatherize	253	78	93	171	67.6%
Evening	253	68	102	170	67.2%
Food Stamps	241	68	93	161	66.8%
GED	253	72	96	168	66.4%
Homebuyer	250	70	96	166	66.4%
Dom/child abuse	257	79	91	170	66.1%
Repair	249	67	97	164	65.9%
Rehab	250	68	96	164	65.6%
Food Pantry	254	89	77	166	65.4%
Budgeting	250	93	68	161	64.4%
HS/Preschool	252	54	108	162	64.3%
Loans	252	75	87	162	64.3%
Child Counsel	261	82	85	167	64.0%
Infant/Toddler	251	71	90	161	79.3%
Parenting	203	62	67	129	63.5%
Mortgage Asst.	245	84	71	155	63.3%
Income Tax	252	82	77	159	63.1%
Family Planning	247	79	76	155	62.8%
College	236	66	80	146	61.9%
Adult Counsel	263	85	77	162	61.6%
Daytime	250	70	83	153	61.2%
Alcohol/drug	262	69	91	160	61.1%
Food WIC	241	56	89	145	60.2%
Vo Tech	246	73	74	147	59.8%
Crisis Shelter	254	65	85	150	59.1%
Public	255	66	82	148	58.0%
Residential	256	82	64	146	57.0%
Private	238	77	48	125	52.5%

Afton Community Survey Results

11	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Food Stamps	8	3	5	8	100.0%
Clothing	8	7	1	8	100.0%
Utility Asst.	9	3	6	9	100.0%
Rent Asst.	8	3	5	8	100.0%
Mortgage Asst.	7	2	5	7	100.0%
Crisis Shelter	7	4	3	7	100.0%
Dental	10	2	8	10	100.0%
Family Planning	8	4	4	8	100.0%
RX Asst.	8	1	7	8	100.0%
Insurance	8	3	5	8	100.0%
Child Counsel	9	5	4	9	100.0%
Income Tax	7	3	4	7	100.0%
HS/Preschool	8	4	4	8	100.0%
Buy	8	1	7	8	100.0%
Rent	9	2	7	9	100.0%
Rehab	8	3	5	8	100.0%
Weatherize	9	3	6	9	100.0%
Homebuyer	8	2	6	8	100.0%
Medical	11	0	10	10	90.9%
Adult Counsel	10	6	3	9	90.0%
Daytime	10	4	5	9	90.0%
Food Pantry	9	5	3	8	88.9%
Alcohol/drug	9	3	5	8	88.9%
Dom/child abuse	9	3	5	8	88.9%
Loans	9	4	4	8	88.9%
Infant/Toddler	9	5	3	8	88.9%
Residential	8	3	4	7	87.5%
Evening	8	3	4	7	87.5%
Job Training	7	4	2	6	85.7%
Private	7	4	2	6	85.7%
Repair	7	2	4	6	85.7%
GED	7	1	5	6	85.7%
Food WIC	10	1	7	8	80.0%
Jobs	10	4	4	8	80.0%
Public	10	2	6	8	80.0%
Vo Tech	10	5	3	8	80.0%
College	10	5	3	8	80.0%
Sick	9	3	4	7	77.8%
Budgeting	8	4	2	6	75.0%
Parenting	6	1	3	4	66.7%

Commerce Community Survey Results

	10	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Job Training		9	4	5	9	100.0%
Medical		9	3	6	9	100.0%
Dental		9	2	7	9	100.0%
Family Planning		9	6	3	9	100.0%
RX Asst.		9	3	6	9	100.0%
Insurance		9	3	6	9	100.0%
Dom/child abuse		10	4	6	10	100.0%
Budgeting		9	4	5	9	100.0%
Sick		9	2	7	9	100.0%
Parenting		5	1	4	5	100.0%
Buy		9	5	4	9	100.0%
Rent		9	5	4	9	100.0%
Utility Asst.		10	4	5	9	90.0%
Adult Counsel		10	4	5	9	90.0%
Alcohol/drug		10	3	6	9	90.0%
Loans		10	6	3	9	90.0%
Evening		10	4	5	9	90.0%
Jobs		9	3	5	8	88.9%
GED		9	4	4	8	88.9%
Child Counsel		9	2	6	8	88.9%
Income Tax		9	3	5	8	88.9%
Infant/Toddler		9	2	6	8	88.9%
HS/Preschool		9	1	7	8	88.9%
Daytime		9	4	4	8	88.9%
Public		8	3	4	7	87.5%
Residential		8	3	4	7	87.5%
Food WIC		5	2	2	4	80.0%
Weatherize		10	3	5	8	80.0%
Crisis Shelter		9	2	5	7	77.8%
Repair		9	3	4	7	77.8%
Vo Tech		9	4	3	7	77.8%
Rehab		9	3	4	7	77.8%
Homebuyer		9	4	3	7	77.8%
Food Stamps		8	2	4	6	75.0%
Private		7	4	1	5	71.4%
College		7	3	2	5	71.4%
Rent Asst.		9	5	1	6	66.7%
Mortgage Asst.		9	3	3	6	66.7%
Food Pantry		8	3	2	5	62.5%
Clothing		8	3	1	4	50.0%

Fairland Community Survey Results

21	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Medical	20	8	11	19	95.0%
Dental	18	8	9	17	94.4%
Insurance	17	6	10	16	94.1%
Clothing	16	10	5	15	93.8%
Jobs	19	6	11	17	89.5%
RX Asst.	17	6	9	15	88.2%
Food Stamps	16	9	5	14	87.5%
Food Pantry	16	9	5	14	87.5%
Crisis Shelter	16	8	6	14	87.5%
Utility Asst.	15	6	7	13	86.7%
Rent Asst.	15	6	7	13	86.7%
Mortgage Asst.	15	7	6	13	86.7%
Buy	19	8	8	16	84.2%
Rent	19	8	8	16	84.2%
Job Training	17	4	10	14	82.4%
Rehab	17	10	4	14	82.4%
Homebuyer	17	7	7	14	82.4%
Vo Tech	16	8	5	13	81.3%
College	16	8	5	13	81.3%
GED	18	7	7	14	77.8%
Weatherize	18	9	5	14	77.8%
Family Planning	16	7	4	11	68.8%
Parenting	16	7	4	11	68.8%
Repair	15	7	3	10	66.7%
Loans	18	8	4	12	66.7%
Sick	18	6	6	12	66.7%
Income Tax	17	8	3	11	64.7%
Infant/Toddler	19	7	5	12	63.2%
Food WIC	18	7	4	11	61.1%
Public	18	3	8	11	61.1%
HS/Preschool	18	5	6	11	61.1%
Dom/child abuse	20	5	7	12	60.0%
Budgeting	17	6	4	10	58.8%
Child Counsel	19	5	6	11	57.9%
Residential	19	6	5	11	57.9%
Private	16	6	3	9	56.3%
Evening	18	4	6	10	55.6%
Adult Counsel	20	6	5	11	55.0%
Alcohol/drug	19	5	5	10	52.6%
Daytime	17	3	5	8	47.1%

Miami Community Survey Results

172	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Dental	167	44	85	129	77.2%
Jobs	166	37	90	127	76.5%
Job Training	165	56	63	119	72.1%
Buy	165	38	78	116	70.3%
Medical	167	38	79	117	70.1%
Rent	165	36	79	115	69.7%
RX Asst.	166	34	81	115	69.3%
Insurance	162	43	69	112	69.1%
Sick	161	34	75	109	67.7%
Evening	160	44	64	108	67.5%
Utility Asst.	167	46	65	111	66.5%
Rent Asst.	162	53	52	105	64.8%
Clothing	163	58	46	104	63.8%
HS/Preschool	162	33	70	103	63.6%
Weatherize	161	45	56	101	62.7%
Dom/child abuse	162	48	53	101	62.3%
Homebuyer	164	40	62	102	62.2%
Rehab	163	37	64	101	62.0%
Child Counsel	165	47	54	101	61.2%
Food Stamps	158	37	59	96	60.8%
Loans	163	38	61	99	60.7%
Budgeting	160	52	45	97	60.6%
GED	162	37	61	98	60.5%
Repair	164	37	62	99	60.4%
Daytime	161	43	54	97	60.2%
Infant/Toddler	160	38	58	96	60.0%
Mortgage Asst.	159	51	44	95	59.7%
Parenting	130	39	38	77	59.2%
Income Tax	163	44	51	95	58.3%
College	153	36	53	89	58.2%
Food Pantry	162	48	46	94	58.0%
Adult Counsel	166	49	47	96	57.8%
Alcohol/drug	165	39	55	94	57.0%
Family Planning	161	43	48	91	56.5%
Food WIC	157	31	57	88	56.1%
Crisis Shelter	165	35	53	88	53.3%
Vo Tech	159	38	46	84	52.8%
Public	165	40	47	87	52.7%
Residential	162	46	38	84	51.9%
Private	156	48	28	76	48.7%

Picher Community Survey Results

	20	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Jobs		20	4	12	16	80.0%
Utility Asst.		19	9	5	14	73.7%
Job Training		15	4	7	11	73.3%
Food Stamps		18	7	6	13	72.2%
Budgeting		20	11	3	14	70.0%
Loans		20	10	4	14	70.0%
Food WIC		19	7	6	13	68.4%
Medical		19	5	8	13	68.4%
Dental		19	3	10	13	68.4%
Repair		19	8	5	13	68.4%
Family Planning		18	8	4	12	66.7%
Insurance		18	2	10	12	66.7%
Dom/child abuse		18	6	6	12	66.7%
Infant/Toddler		18	7	5	12	66.7%
Food Pantry		20	11	2	13	65.0%
RX Asst.		20	4	9	13	65.0%
Alcohol/drug		20	5	8	13	65.0%
GED		19	8	4	12	63.2%
Weatherize		20	5	7	12	60.0%
Clothing		19	9	2	11	57.9%
Rent Asst.		19	6	5	11	57.9%
Evening		19	1	10	11	57.9%
Buy		19	4	7	11	57.9%
Income Tax		18	6	4	10	55.6%
Vo Tech		20	6	5	11	55.0%
Adult Counsel		20	5	6	11	55.0%
Homebuyer		20	5	6	11	55.0%
Mortgage Asst.		19	6	4	10	52.6%
Child Counsel		19	5	5	10	52.6%
Rent		19	3	7	10	52.6%
Rehab		19	3	7	10	52.6%
Crisis Shelter		20	5	5	10	50.0%
Residential		20	7	3	10	50.0%
Parenting		16	4	4	8	50.0%
College		19	5	4	9	47.4%
HS/Preschool		19	2	7	9	47.4%
Daytime		19	2	7	9	47.4%
Sick		19	3	6	9	47.4%
Public		20	4	5	9	45.0%
Private		19	5	3	8	42.1%

Quapaw Community Survey Results

19	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Clothing	17	7	7	14	82.4%
Jobs	17	2	11	13	76.5%
Job Training	17	5	8	13	76.5%
Infant/Toddler	17	7	6	13	76.5%
Rent	17	5	8	13	76.5%
Food Pantry	16	5	7	12	75.0%
Repair	16	7	5	12	75.0%
Utility Asst.	18	7	6	13	72.2%
Vo Tech	18	7	6	13	72.2%
Rent Asst.	17	9	3	12	70.6%
HS/Preschool	17	4	8	12	70.6%
Weatherize	17	6	6	12	70.6%
Food Stamps	16	6	5	11	68.8%
Medical	18	1	11	12	66.7%
Dental	18	3	9	12	66.7%
Mortgage Asst.	17	8	3	11	64.7%
Crisis Shelter	17	6	5	11	64.7%
RX Asst.	17	3	8	11	64.7%
Insurance	17	4	7	11	64.7%
Public	17	8	3	11	64.7%
GED	17	4	7	11	64.7%
Daytime	17	7	4	11	64.7%
Sick	17	6	5	11	64.7%
Buy	17	1	10	11	64.7%
Parenting	11	3	4	7	63.6%
Food WIC	16	5	5	10	62.5%
Private	16	6	4	10	62.5%
College	16	5	5	10	62.5%
Income Tax	16	5	5	10	62.5%
Evening	16	4	6	10	62.5%
Homebuyer	16	4	6	10	62.5%
Child Counsel	18	6	5	11	61.1%
Family Planning	17	5	5	10	58.8%
Adult Counsel	17	7	3	10	58.8%
Residential	17	6	4	10	58.8%
Alcohol/drug	17	5	5	10	58.8%
Dom/child abuse	17	5	5	10	58.8%
Rehab	17	4	6	10	58.8%
Budgeting	16	5	4	9	56.3%
Loans	16	4	5	9	56.3%

Wyandotte Community Survey Results

	8	Total Responses	Some	Great	Total S/G	Percent
Food Stamps		3	1	2	3	100.0%
Jobs		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Job Training		4	1	3	4	100.0%
Clothing		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Utility Asst.		6	1	5	6	100.0%
Medical		5	2	3	5	100.0%
Dental		6	2	4	6	100.0%
RX Asst.		6	1	5	6	100.0%
Insurance		5	1	4	5	100.0%
Repair		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Parenting		5	3	2	5	100.0%
Buy		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Rent		6	2	4	6	100.0%
Rehab		5	4	1	5	100.0%
Weatherize		5	3	2	5	100.0%
Homebuyer		5	3	2	5	100.0%
Food Pantry		7	3	3	6	85.7%
Rent Asst.		6	1	4	5	83.3%
GED		6	3	2	5	83.3%
Income Tax		6	3	2	5	83.3%
Food WIC		5	1	3	4	80.0%
Family Planning		5	4	0	4	80.0%
Public		5	2	2	4	80.0%
Vo Tech		5	2	2	4	80.0%
College		5	2	2	4	80.0%
Residential		5	3	1	4	80.0%
Alcohol/drug		5	4	0	4	80.0%
Dom/child abuse		5	3	1	4	80.0%
Loans		5	3	1	4	80.0%
Daytime		5	4	0	4	80.0%
Sick		5	3	1	4	80.0%
Adult Counsel		6	4	0	4	66.7%
Evening		6	3	1	4	66.7%
Mortgage Asst.		5	1	2	3	60.0%
Private		5	2	1	3	60.0%
Child Counsel		5	3	0	3	60.0%
Budgeting		5	3	0	3	60.0%
Infant/Toddler		5	1	2	3	60.0%
Crisis Shelter		6	2	1	3	50.0%
HS/Preschool		5	2	0	2	40.0%

**Community Assessment Survey
Availability of Programs and Services**

Overall Survey Responses Regarding Availability

177	Total Responses	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
Must travel for all svcs	10		4	6
Publicity	6			6
Access for working fam.	1		1	
All if White	2			2
Food Asst.	2	1	1	
Food WIC	2			2
Commodities for Srs.	1		1	
Employment				
Jobs	5		1	4
Job Training	1		1	
Emergency Asst	12	4	2	6
Utility Asst.	2			2
Rent Asst.	4		2	2
Mortgage Asst.	5		2	3
Crisis Shelter	3	2		1
Health Care	2			2
Medical	8			8
Dental	7		4	3
RX Asst.	5	1	1	3
Adult Insurance	1	1		
Ins for glasses, hear aid, Dental	1		1	
Transportation	3	1		2
Public	6		2	4
Repair	6		2	4
Adult Ed.	4	1		3
Higher Ed. Evenings	1		1	
Mental Health	7	2	3	2
Counseling	2	2		
Child Counsel	2			2
Residential	2			2
Alcohol/drug	4		3	1
Dom/child abuse	2		2	
Financial Svcs	1		1	
Budgeting	2		1	1
Loans	3		1	2
Early care/ed	3		1	2
Infant/Toddler	1		1	
HS/Preschool	1	1		
Childcare				
Daytime	1			1
Evening	6	1		5

	Total Responses	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
Sick	9	1		8
CC Asst/Subsidy	1			1
Off Hours CC	3		3	
CC Special Needs	1		1	
CC for Job Search	1	1		
Parenting	4	1	3	
Housing	4		3	1
Buy	6			6
Rent	4	1		3
Rehab	1			1
Weatherize	2			2
Homebuyer	3	2		1
HUD Housing	1			1
Total Responses	177	23	49	105

Craig County Survey Responses Regarding Availability

	Craig	Welch	Vinita
Food Asst.	1		1
Employment			
Emergency Asst	4	1	3
Crisis Shelter	2		2
Health Care			
RX Asst.	1		1
Adult Insurance	1		1
Transportation	1		1
Adult Ed.	1		1
Mental Health	2		2
Counseling	2		2
Early care/ed			
HS/Preschool	1		1
Childcare			
Evening	1		1
Sick	1		1
CC for Job Search	1	1	
Parenting	1		1
Housing			
Rent	1	1	
Homebuyer	2	1	1
HUD Housing			
Total Responses	23	4	19

Delaware County Survey Responses Regarding Availability

	Delaware	Colcord	Grove	Jay	Kansas	W. Siloam
Must travel for all svcs	4	1			2	
Access for working fam.	1					
Food Asst.	1	1				
Commodities for Srs.	1			1		
Employment						
Jobs	1				1	
Job Training	1					1
Emergency Asst	2		1	1		
Rent Asst.	2		2			
Mortgage Asst.	2		2			
Health Care						
Dental	4		3	1		
RX Asst.	1			1		
Ins for glasses, hear aid, Dental	1			1		
Transportation						
Public	2		1			1
Repair	2		2			
Adult Ed.						
Higher Ed. Evenings	1		1			
Mental Health	3			2		1
Alcohol/drug	3			2		1
Dom/child abuse	2		2			
Financial Svcs	1				1	
Budgeting	1		1			
Loans	1				1	
Early care/ed	1				1	
Infant/Toddler	1			1		
Childcare						
Off Hours CC	3		1		1	
CC Special Needs	1			1		
CC for Job Search						
Parenting	3		2	1		
Housing	3	1			1	1
Total Responses	49	3	18	12	8	5

Ottawa County Survey Responses Regarding Availability

	Ottawa	Afton	Commerce	Fairland	Miami	Picher	Quapaw	Wyandotte
Must travel for all svcs	6			1		3		1
Publicity	6		1	1	4		1	
All if White	2			1			1	
Food Asst.								
Food WIC	2			1	1			
Employment								
Jobs	4				4			
Emergency Asst	6	1			3		2	
Utility Asst.	2				1			
Rent Asst.	2				1			
Mortgage Asst.	3		1		1	1		
Crisis Shelter	1				1			
Health Care	2	1			1			
Medical	8			3	4			
Dental	3		1		2			
RX Asst.	3				2			
Transportation	2	1			1			
Public	4			1	3			
Repair	4				3			
Adult Ed.	3				3			
Mental Health	2	1		1				
Child Counsel	2	1			1			
Residential	2				1			
Alcohol/drug	1							
Financial Svcs								
Budgeting	1				1			
Loans	2				2			
Early care/ed	2				2			
Childcare								
Daytime	1				1			
Evening	5				5			
Sick	8		1		7			
CC Asst/Subsidy	1				1			
Housing	1						1	
Buy	6			1	5			
Rent	3				3			
Rehab	1				1			
Weatherize	2	1			1			
Homebuyer	1				1			
HUD Housing	1				1			

Total Responses	105	6	4	10	68	4	5	1
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Community Assessment Survey Accessibility of Programs and Services

Overall Survey Responses Regarding Accessibility

	Total Responses	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
Must travel for all svcs	6		2	4
Publicity	6		4	2
Special Needs Assistance	1	1		
All if White	1			1
Services hard to locate	1		1	
Wheelchair Access	1		1	
Don't know where to go	3			3
Youth Activities	1		1	
Food Asst.				
Food Stamps	1			1
Commodities for Srs.	1		1	
Employment				
Jobs	10		4	6
Job Training	1			1
Job Search Assistance	2		2	
Emergency Asst	2			2
Utility Asst.	2			2
Rent Asst.	6		5	1
Mortgage Asst.	2		2	
Crisis Shelter	1	1		
Clothing	4		3	1
Health Care	2		2	
Medical for special needs	1			1
Dental	4	1	1	2
RX Asst.	4	2		2
Insurance	2			2
Sliding Fee Health Clinic	1	1		
Transportation	4		1	3
Public	3	1		2
Repair	9		1	8
Adult Ed.	1			1
Mental Health	1			1
Adult Counseling	5			5
Residential	1	1		
Alcohol/drug support groups	1		1	
Financial Svcs	3			3
Budgeting	1			1
Loans	1			1
Credit Counseling	1	1		
Early care/ed	2			2

Childcare				
	Total Responses	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
Evening	6	4		2
Sick	6	1	2	3
CC <2 yrs	4	4		
Weekend CC	2	2		
Affordable CC	1			1
Preschool CC	1			1
Housing	3		1	2
Buy	5		2	3
Rent	8	1	2	5
Rehab	2			2
Homebuyer	1	1		
Total Responses	138	22	39	77

Craig County Survey Responses Regarding Accessibility

	Craig	Welch	Vinita
Special Needs Assistance	1		1
Emergency Asst			
Crisis Shelter	1		1
Health Care			
Dental	1		1
RX Asst.	2		2
Sliding Fee Health Clinic	1		1
Transportation			
Public	1		1
Mental Health			
Residential	1		1
Financial Svcs			
Credit Counseling	1	1	
Childcare			
Evening	4		4
Sick	1		1
CC <2 yrs	4		4
Weekend CC	2		2
Housing			
Rent	1		1
Homebuyer	1		1
Total Responses	22	1	21

Delaware County Survey Responses Regarding Accessibility

	Delaware	Colcord	Grove	Jay	Kansas
Must travel for all svcs	2				2
Publicity	4		4		
Services hard to locate	1		1		
Wheelchair Access	1		1		
Youth Activities	1	1			
Food Asst.					
Commodities for Srs.	1			1	
Employment					
Jobs	4			1	2
Job Search Assistance	2		2		
Emergency Asst					
Rent Asst.	5		2	3	
Mortgage Asst.	2		2		
Clothing	3		2	1	
Health Care	2	1			1
Dental	1			1	
Transportation	1				
Repair	1		1		
Mental Health					
Alcohol/drug support groups	1		1		
Childcare					
Sick	2		2		
Housing	1				1
Buy	2		1		1
Rent	2		1		1
Total Responses	39	2	20	7	8

Ottawa County Survey Responses Regarding Accessibility

	Ottawa	Afton	Commerce	Fairland	Miami	Picher	Quapaw	Wyandotte
Must travel for all svcs	4	1		2		1		
Publicity	2		1			1		
All if White	1						1	
Don't know where to go	3	2			1			
Food Asst.								
Food Stamps	1				1			
Employment								
Jobs	6		1		3	1		1
Job Training	1				1			
Emergency Asst	2						1	1
Utility Asst.	2				2			
Rent Asst.	1				1			
Clothing	1		1					
Health Care								
Medical for special needs	1			1				
Dental	2		1		1			
RX Asst.	2		1		1			
Insurance	2				2			
Transportation	3		1		1			
Public	2				2			
Repair	8		1		7			
Adult Ed.	1							1
Mental Health	1		1					
Adult Counseling	5				1			
Financial Svcs	3				2		1	
Budgeting	1				1			
Loans	1				1			
Early care/ed	2				2			
Childcare					1			
Evening	2				1			
Sick	3				2			
Affordable CC	1				1			
Preschool CC	1							
Housing	2						1	
Buy	3				3			
Rent	5				5			
Rehab	2				1	1		
Total Responses	77	3	8	3	44	4	4	3

Appendix C

Community Focus Forums

Community Input Sessions

Northeast Oklahoma Community Action Agency and Northeast Oklahoma Head Start conducted fourteen (14) Community Focus Forums during the month of September 2004, involving representatives from sixteen (16) key communities located in the three-county service area. The selected communities included all of the communities in which the agency operates a Head Start Center, plus four additional communities identified as key communities in the region. These sessions were designed to gather community input regarding issues and needs in each community. One hundred sixty-seven (167) invitations were sent out to school superintendents and principals, business representatives, service providers, county human service and health agencies, housing authorities, veterans representatives, tribal entities, local government representatives, chambers of commerce, mental health and medical service providers, libraries, media representatives, utility companies, and funders. Additionally, notices regarding the meetings were distributed to Head Start parents, Head Start Policy Council Members and NEOCAA's Board of Directors.

Community Focus Forums were held in the following locations:

- ◆ Grove
- ◆ Jay
- ◆ Colcord
- ◆ Miami
- ◆ Commerce
- ◆ Fairland (included communities of Afton and Fairland)
- ◆ Quapaw
- ◆ Kansas (included communities of Kansas and Lowery)
- ◆ Vinita
- ◆ Picher
- ◆ Bluejacket (included communities of Bluejacket and Welch)
- ◆ Ketchum
- ◆ West Siloam Springs
- ◆ Wyandotte

A total of 145 individuals attended the community forums, at which a standard set of questions were asked in an attempt to gather information regarding community issues and needs. Each session began with a presentation outlining the mission of NEOCAA and the services and programs offered by the agency. A short summary or community profile consisting of relevant Census data was then presented to each group, outlining data identified as potentially having an impact on community needs or issues. Copies of these community profiles are included under Exhibit XX. Attendees were then asked to answer the following questions regarding their community:

Community Focus Forums

Questions

1. What do you like best about your community? What are the best things it has going for it?
2. Which of the following issues would you identify as the most important community issue or problem?
 - a. Crime
 - b. Homelessness
 - c. Drugs/Alcohol
 - d. Poverty
 - e. Youth/teen violence/crime
 - f. Unemployment
 - g. Childcare
 - h. Health Care costs/availability
 - i. Education quality/funding
 - j. Early childhood education/preschool
 - k. Teen pregnancy
 - l. Hunger
 - m. Senior needs
 - n. Transportation
 - o. Pollution/environment
 - p. Housing
 - q. Information/referral
3. What opportunities and services do families/individuals want most? Why do you want or need this service?
4. What is the greatest need in your community with regards to housing?
 - a. Rental Housing
 - b. Housing to purchase
 - a. Single family
 - b. Multi-family
 - a. New Construction
 - b. Rehabilitation/repair of existing housing
5. What programs/services are needed for children/youth?
6. What opportunities exist to help develop resources for your community? What new opportunities should be explored?
7. What barriers keep you from developing these opportunities?

A tabulated summary of the resulting input is presented in Tables 1-6 on the following pages:

**Table 1: Community Focus Forum
Community Issues by Community**

	Colcord	Grove	Jay	Kansas	W. Siloam	Commerce	Fairland	Miami	Picher	Quapaw	Wyandotte	Bluejacket	Vinita	Total Yes
Unemployment/ Underemployment	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		12
Drugs/Alcohol	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y		Y	10
Child Care	Y			Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Y	9
Health Care Costs	Y			Y	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y	9
Senior Needs			Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Y		Y		7
Teen Pregnancy	Y		Y	Y		Y		Y	Y	Y				7
Education Quality/Funding	Y(Oaks)	Y	Y		Y		Y			Y				6
Housing	Y			Y	Y	Y						Y		5
Transportation			Y			Y		Y		Y			Y	5
Early Childhood Education									Y	Y		Y	Y	4
Youth/Teen Violence/Crime	Y			Y		Y				Y				4
Lack of Law Enforcement	Y			Y						Y				3
Poverty	Y			Y							Y			3
Crime				Y						Y				2
Homelessness						Y							Y	2
Pollution						Y			Y					2
Hunger			Y											1
Information/ Referral														0

**Table 1: Community Focus Forums
Community Issues by County**

	Delaware	Ottawa	Craig
Unemployment/Underemployment	5	6	1
Drugs/Alcohol	4	5	1
Child Care	3	5	1
Health Care Costs	3	4	2
Senior Needs	3	3	1
Teen Pregnancy	3	4	0
Education Quality/Funding	4	2	0
Housing	3	1	1
Transportation	1	3	1
Early Childhood Education	0	2	2
Youth/Teen Violence/Crime	2	2	0
Lack of Law Enforcement	2	1	0
Poverty	2	1	0
Crime	1	1	0
Homelessness	0	1	1
Pollution	0	2	0
Hunger	1	0	0
Information/Referral	0	0	0

**Table 2: Community Focus Forums
Community Needs by Community**

	Colcord	Grove	Jay	Kansas	W. Siloam	Commerce	Fairland	Miami	Picher	Quapaw	Wyandotte	Bluejacket	Vinita	Total Yes
Economic Development	Y	Y				Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y		8
Affordable Housing		Y			Y	Y		Y		Y		Y		6
Youth Activities	Y		Y	Y		Y		Y		Y				6
Child care			Y			Y	Y	Y		Y				5
Infrastructure			Y		Y					Y		Y		4
Rx Assistance				Y	Y					Y		Y		4
Counseling services			Y	Y										2
Drug/Alcohol Rehab			Y	Y										2
Higher Education		Y									Y			2
Parenting Skills			Y	Y										2
Senior Activities						Y						Y		2
Senior Respite Care	Y					Y								2
Transportation				Y									Y	2
Community Building /services					Y									1
Dental Providers			Y											1
Financial Planning		Y												1
Homeless services													Y	1
Jobs for youth	Y													1
Law Enforcement	Y													1
Referral sources		Y												1

**Table 2: Community Focus Forums
Community Needs by County**

	Delaware	Ottawa	Craig
Economic Development	2	5	1
Affordable Housing	2	3	1
Youth Activities	3	3	0
Child care	1	4	0
Infrastructure	2	1	1
Rx Assistance	2	1	1
Counseling services	2	0	0
Drug/Alcohol Rehab	2	0	0
Higher Education	1	1	0
Parenting Skills	2	0	0
Senior Activities	0	1	1
Senior Respite Care	1	1	0
Transportation	1	0	1
Community Building/services	1	0	0
Dental Providers	1	0	0
Financial Planning	1	0	0
Homeless services	0	0	1
Jobs for youth	1	0	0
Law Enforcement	1	0	0
Referral sources	1	0	0

**Table 3: Community Focus Forums
Community Housing Needs**

	Colcord	Grove	Jay	Kansas	W. Siloam	Commerce	Fairland	Miami	Picher	Quapaw	Wyandotte	Bluejacket	Vinita	Total Yes
Rental	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			Y		Y	10
Ownership		Y		Y	Y			Y		Y	Y	Y		7
Single		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	10
Multi	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y	Y	Y					Y	8
New	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	11
Rehab			Y			Y	Y	Y			Y		Y	6
			Delaware					Ottawa				Craig		
Rental			5					4				1		
Ownership			3					3				1		
Single			4					4				2		
Multi			4					3				1		
New			5					4				2		
Rehab			1					4				1		

**Table 4: Community Focus Forums
Youth Needs**

	Colcord	Grove	Jay	Kansas	W. Siloam	Commerce	Fairland	Miami	Picher	Quapaw	Wyandotte	Bluejacket	Vinita	Total Yes
Youth Activities/Center	Y	Y		Y		Y		Y		Y				6
After School Activities	Y	Y			Y	Y					Y			5
Early Youth Intervention	Y			Y			Y			Y				4
Counseling/mentoring				Y			Y	Y			Y			4
Drug/Alcohol intervention				Y			Y	Y						3
HS for all incomes			Y									Y		2
Jobs	Y													1
Dental			Y											1
Transportation to HS			Y											1
				Delaware				Ottawa					Craig	
Youth Activities/Center			3					3				0		
After School Activities			3					2				0		
Early Youth Intervention			2					2				0		
Counseling/mentoring			1					3				0		
Drug/Alcohol intervention			1					2				0		
HS for all incomes			1					0				1		
Jobs			1					0				0		
Dental			1					0				0		
Transportation to HS			1					0				0		

**Table 5: Community Focus Forums
Community Opportunities**

	Colcord	Kansas	W. Siloam	Commerce	Wyandotte
Faith-based funding	Y	Y			
CDBG	Y				
Community Resources/ services		Y			
Growth Area			Y		
Transportation			Y		
Tribal Resources					Y
Planning/coordination					Y

**Table 6: Community Focus Forums
Community Barriers**

	Colcord	Grove	Kansas	Commerce	Miami	Picher	Wyandotte
Lack of Unity	Y		Y				
Lack of Funding	Y		Y	Y			
Higher Ed. Opportunities		Y					
Ed. Financing		Y					
Services for Single Parents		Y					
Housing					Y		
Pollution						Y	
Lack of Jobs							Y
Economic Development							Y

Exhibit XX
Community Focus Forums
Narrative Summaries by Community

Narrative Summaries by Community

This section contains narrative summaries of the information collected at the Community Focus Forums.

I. Colcord (Delaware County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum in Colcord reported that they liked the small-town, rural atmosphere in the community and indicated that the community has a strong faith-based ethic, with a very active church community. The participants felt the school system was very good and were pleased with the excellent Head Start Center and its services. Another community asset identified was the availability of a free clinic for medical care, operated one evening a week.

B. Community Issues:

The most significant issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows, in priority order:

- i) Drugs and alcohol
- ii) Teen pregnancy
- iii) Poverty
- iv) Lack of law enforcement
- v) Crime: Especially youth/teen violence and crime
- vi) Health care costs: Cannot afford insurance
- vii) Early childhood education/preschool: Identified by representative from Oaks
- viii) Child care: Only one provider and no evening or weekend child care
- ix) Housing
- x) Underemployment and living wage issues

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following community needs:

- i) Youth activities/services: A teen center/YMCA, open late evenings and night hours as well as afternoon hours
- ii) Early intervention for kids, before they become problems
- iii) Senior citizen care/respice care for families caring for elderly persons
- iv) PTA for parents to become involved in education and youth issues
- v) Jobs for youth
- vi) Law enforcement
- vii) Economic development: Especially home-based small business and micro-enterprise including day care and home health care

D. Housing:

Participants stated that finding suitable housing to rent is a real issue, as much of what is available now is unsuitable. Participants expressed a need for the construction of multi-family housing units.

E. Youth Programs and Services:

Needed services for youth have been described under item 1C above

F. Community Assets and Opportunities:

Participants identified the following as opportunities that should be explored by the community: Faith-based funding opportunities to address youth issues and CDBG funding opportunities for economic development, especially in Oaks

G. Barriers:

Participants identified lack of unity in the community as a barrier. Need to have community come together to address issues and find solutions. Lack of funding was also identified as a barrier.

2. Grove (Delaware County)

A. Assets/Strengths

Participants attending the Focus Forum in Grove reported that they liked the small town atmosphere coupled with the amenities of a larger town. Grand Lake was listed as an asset to the community because of the income generated, but was also listed as a negative because of the increased cost of living created by higher prices. The Head Start program was listed as a community asset.

B. Community Issues:

The most significant community issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows:

- i) Stagnant economy
- ii) People retire here with their money: Elderly retirees resist additional taxes/funding for youth/family issues
- iii) No jobs here: Lack of job diversity, lack of good paying jobs
- iv) Not close to higher education
- v) Technology: Limited access to high speed internet
- vi) Drugs
- vii) Health care costs, cannot afford insurance
- viii) Childcare costs, can't make it on what it cost. Need more flexible subsidies
- ix) The better you do the more services you lose
- x) Under employment and living wage issue
- xi) Pollution and the lake
- xii) Predatory lending credit card marketing to the poor

C. Community Needs:

- i) Financial planning literacy
- ii) Higher education in the area
- iii) Affordable housing: Available housing not affordable to low and moderate-income families, however land costs in Grove make this hard
- iv) Job Placement
- v) Referral source to help find skilled trade workers like carpenters. Hard to find them and they are busy when you do, but there are many unemployed skilled people that could fill this need

D. Housing:

Participants stated that finding affordable housing to rent or buy is difficult. Multi-family housing in Grove is too restrictive and is not family/child friendly. There is a need for the construction of new housing units to meet the need in the community.

E. Youth Programs and services:

Participants identified a need for all kinds of youth services and programs, as very little is available now for youth of any age. The need for a YMCA was especially expressed.

F. Community Assets and Opportunities: None identified

G. Barriers:

Participants identified the following barriers that they felt were keeping them from developing opportunities:

- i) Health insurance unaffordable
- ii) Need a place to get a four-year degree. Advocacy needed to get NSU or other higher education provider to offer classes/degree programs locally
- iii) Night time child care
- iv) Financing for education
- v) Services for single parents

4. Jay (Delaware County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum in Jay noted that it is a giving community with hometown values where people help each other. Jay's central location between top growth areas and its location near Grand Lake and associated natural resources is definitely an asset. It was noted that the smaller town means fewer traffic issues than those seen in larger communities. The educational system was felt to be an asset. Other assets/strengths mentioned included Cruise Night, the farm show and the gigging tournament.

B. Community Issues:

The issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows:

- i) Infrastructure: City, roads, accessibility
- ii) Education: Keep intelligent young children in community
- iii) Better paying jobs so we don't lose educated young people
- iv) Need more jobs: People going to Arkansas
- v) Alternate route to Grove
- vi) Transportation to jobs
- vii) Drugs: Has impact on all other areas/issues
- viii) Transportation: Develop roads. Bedroom community with no roads, airport or rail system access.
- ix) Jobs: Need more than minimum wage jobs, can't support families. Need new industries to eliminate bi-industry situation
- x) Teen Pregnancy
- xi) Hungry: Especially children and in summer
- xii) Grandparents raising kids
- xiii) Senior citizen needs: Nursing home, senior population growing. Minimal income. High needs but don't or can't access services

C. Community Needs:

- i) Drug and alcohol rehab., mental health issues (besides adult and non-tribal) Longer rehab and more facilities
- ii) Dental Providers
- iii) Court-ordered parenting classes
- iv) Safe place for kids to go (teenagers). Especially late evening into morning hours (6pm to 6am)
- v) Childcare/ childcare subsidies: Sometimes make too much for DHS assistance and not enough to pay for care

D. Housing:

Participants noted that affordable housing to rent is a problem and that much of what is present is not suitable to live in. There is a need for both single-family and multi-family housing and a need for both new construction and rehabilitation of existing housing. It was suggested that consideration be given to development of duplexes for more mixed neighborhoods.

E. Youth Programs and Services:

Participants identified a need for dental services for youth. There are few dentists in the area and it is difficult to get dental care for adults, let alone for children and youth. A need was expressed for Head Start Programming for all income levels, not just the low income. It was also mentioned that transportation to the Head Start Center would be a valuable service.

F. **Community Assets and Opportunities:** None identified

G. **Barriers:** None identified

4. Kansas (Delaware County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending this Focus Forum represented the communities of Kansas and Lowery. These participants stated that they liked the small town, rural atmosphere and that many of those residing in the area have strong family ties and an extensive family support network in the area. The school system was reported as being excellent and the community is lucky to have a Vocational/Technical school located here. The Head Start program is an asset in the community. Kansas is located right off of a major highway (412), so there is easy access to other parts of the state and country.

B. Community Issues:

The most significant issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows, in priority order:

- i) Drugs/Alcohol
- ii) Unemployment/underemployment
- iii) Teen Pregnancy
- iv) Poverty
- v) Health care costs
- vi) Lack of law enforcement
- vii) Crime: Especially youth/teen violence/crime
- viii) Child care
- ix) Senior Citizen's needs
- x) Housing

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following needs:

- i) Parenting skills classes/training: As a means of early intervention into youth problems/issues
- ii) Youth activities: Boys and girls clubs available in Oaks and Kansas, but open limited hours and have limited activities. However, clubs have resources that many in community are not aware of, so need to educate community about resources available.
- iii) Need more counseling in schools about alcohol/drugs, teen pregnancy and parenting skills for teenage mothers
- iv) Prescription medication assistance for senior citizens on fixed incomes
- v) Transportation, especially for elderly who should not be driving.

D. Housing:

Participants felt there was a need for new construction of both single-family and multi-family housing, both for rent and for ownership.

E. Youth Programs and Services:

Youth services needed are described under item 4C above

F. Community Assets and Opportunities:

Participants identified two community assets and one opportunity to be explored. Red Willow Ministries and New Life Ranch are community resources and the community needs to find ways to support them and expand services available. Also, the Boys and Girls Clubs are resources. Need to further develop, support and expand them. It was expressed that there are many faith-based funding opportunities to address community issues. However, need ministerial alliance or some way to get churches working together on issues.

G. Barriers:

Participants felt that a lack of unity in community was a barrier. Chamber has low attendance and participation and churches work separately. Need community to come together to address issues and find solutions. Other barriers included a lack of funding for youth programs and enhanced law enforcement.

4. West Siloam Springs (Delaware County)

A. Asset/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum in West Siloam Springs reported that they liked the small town, rural atmosphere of the community and the fact that it has a low crime rate. The community is located on the edge of a rapidly growing area and there are good transportation resources available, with Northwest Arkansas Regional airport being located close by and the community is located on a major east/west highway (412). It was noted that another asset is that taxes are lower than in Arkansas.

B. Community Issues:

The most significant issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows:

- i) Drugs/Alcohol
- ii) Unemployment/underemployment
- iii) Health care costs
- iv) Child care: No child care facilities available at all in West Siloam Springs
- v) Senior Citizen's needs
- vi) 412 bypass tying everything up until a decision is made as to where it will be routed
- vii) Affordable housing to rent and buy
- viii) Students must go to school in Colcord, Mosely and Watts. Mosely school only goes to 8th grade
- ix) Remote location in SE corner of county: Many services like DHS or NEOCAA are located far away and hard to access readily

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following community needs:

- i) Community building: No community facility available now
- ii) Post office: Nearest is located in Siloam Springs, nearest in Oklahoma is in Colcord
- iii) Tag agency: Currently must go to Lowery, Watts or Jay
- iv) Street, water and sewer improvements started/finished
- v) DHS outreach worker/Emergency services worker available at scheduled times in community (even monthly would work. Town willing to provide space)
- vi) Prescription medication assistance for senior citizens on fixed incomes
- vii) Section 8 subsidies to assist in renting. Difficult process, as must go through State, referred to Jay to find those services only available to Native Americans. Need to find a way to get rental housing approved for Section 8.

D. Housing:

Participants noted a need for construction of single-family homes for both rental and ownership. It was also noted that land is difficult to find, mostly located toward Mosely and until 412 by-pass issue is resolved, it is uncertain where land may be available or desirable.

E. Youth Programs and Services:

Many youth services and programs are available in nearby Siloam Springs Arkansas. Youth issues and needs revolved mainly around school issues. It was felt that Mosely school should be expanded beyond 8th grade and it was noted that the after school program in Mosely was nice, but grant is ending this year.

F. Community Assets and Opportunities:

Participants note that growth in NE Arkansas coming this way. Could mean great opportunities in future years. It was felt that there was a need to explore home-based business development/micro-enterprise

G. Barriers:

Participants noted that Oklahoma versus Arkansas tax structures and incentives for business development makes Arkansas more desirable for businesses. It was also noted that the Section 8 approval process hasn't worked in this community.

7. Commerce (Ottawa County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum in Commerce liked the small town atmosphere and felt that the

community was very welcoming to the growing Hispanic population. It was noted that the Head Start offered bilingual services and programs. The educational system was felt to be very good and it was felt that the community and the school system offered good resources and opportunities for children with disabilities. The community's location close to Miami was felt to be an asset because of the opportunities it affords for employment, shopping and amenities.

School system: Close by and good quality

B. Community Issues:

The most significant issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows, in priority order:

- i) Teen Pregnancy
- ii) Drugs and crime related to them
- iii) Pollution: Especially lead related issues
- iv) Child care: No evening, weekend or overnight care available
- v) Unemployment/underemployment
- vi) Transportation: Public transportation, Pelivan doesn't run at night and \$1.25 one-way cost is prohibitive to low-income individuals. Also is only available for certain activities, can't use to get to work, etc.
- vii) No activities or facilities available for senior citizens
- viii) Housing

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following as community needs:

- i) Youth activities: Teen Center/YMCA, open late evening and night hours as well as late afternoon hours. Can't seem to get any of these services/locations that last.
- ii) 24 hour day care
- iii) After school activities for youth
- iv) Senior Citizen Care/respice care for families caring for elderly
- v) Tear down dilapidated/ uninhabitable homes and build new ones
- vi) Fix up repairable homes
- vii) Senior center/activities for senior citizens
- viii) Economic Development: new businesses, especially micro-enterprise and home based businesses.

D. Housing:

It was noted that housing to rent it is a problem. Much of what is present is not suitable and there are no apartments or multi-family dwellings available. Waiting lists exist for rental properties. Also, there is a need to tear down unoccupied, dilapidated homes and build new homes. Participants felt there is a need for both single-family and multi-family housing and that both new construction and rehabilitation of existing homes both needed

E. Youth Programs and Services:

In addition to youth services mentioned in item 6C above, participants expressed a need for further renovation/upgrading of parks. Some work being done now, but need equipment for younger children.

F. Community Assets and Opportunities: None, that is why the needs exist

G. Barriers:

Lack of funding and continued support, especially for youth and senior activities.

7. Fairland/Afton (Ottawa County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum at Fairland represented the communities of Fairland and Afton. They reported they liked the small town, rural atmosphere, the slower paced life style and the fact that no one bugs anyone. The church community was reported to be very active and doing a lot for the community and the school system was rated high. The communities' location close to Grand Lake was felt to be an asset.

B. Community Issues and Needs:

The most significant issues and community needs identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows:

- i) Drugs and alcohol: relates to all other areas, crosses all age boundaries
- ii) Child care: Daycare prices too high: DHS will only help until you have income, so those who are working and earning can't get help Need extended care, no evening, weekend or overnight care available.
- iii) Unemployment/underemployment: not enough high paying jobs, have to drive too far for work and if you cross the state line, you pay huge Oklahoma state taxes.
- iv) Need higher wages: Poverty leads to depression and then escape through drugs and alcohol. Need to focus kids toward education, to colleges, etc.
- v) Cost of health care: Barely making enough wages to get by, but not enough to pay for health care. Health care system needs to be reviewed, as people can't survive this way.
- vi) Senior citizens not accessing services, maybe due to pride? Just won't ask for help.
- vii) Sports in school system: Male versus female
- viii) School funding: try to influence legislators to continue funding and increase number of \$ to schools.
- ix) Possible funding for Head Start for those with higher incomes, who can pay perhaps on a sliding fee?

C. Housing:

It was mentioned that a large portion of the free/subsidized housing in Afton occupied by drug dealers. Housing to rent is a problem: Need safe, drug free apartments (subsidized) and there is a need for more policing. Want mandatory drug testing for public assistance. The consensus was that there is a need for affordable multi-family housing needed and that there is also a need to rehabilitate existing buildings to increase pride and value of community. Perhaps there is a way to rehabilitate these buildings to create the needed housing.

D. Youth Programs and Services:

Participants identified a number of youth-related needs and issues including:

- i) Programs for drug, alcohol, psychiatric behavior problems
- ii) Need more therapists
- iii) Schools need to take more active role in providing quality services
- iv) Community education needs to be increased on mental illness
- v) Earlier intervention would help
- vi) School-based service worker to be shared with Wyandotte at Fairland

E. Community Assets and Opportunities: None identified

F. Barriers: None identified

8. Miami (Ottawa County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum in Miami indicated that community strengths include a strong

family recreation and theater program and excellent educational opportunities including a good local elementary and secondary school system and excellent post-secondary educational services available on the NEO Campus. It was also noted that Tracker Marine and the Casino are assets because of the employment and resources they bring into the community.

B. Community Issues:

The most significant issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows:

- i) Drugs/alcohol: Need prevention
- ii) Teen pregnancy: More things for teens to do in the community
- iii) Health care costs/availability: Middle income families left out of services
- iv) Transportation: Costs and lack of immediate transportation
- v) Unemployment: Big companies closing in area
- vi) Child care: Lack of assistance for payment of safe and affordable care

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following community needs:

- i) More jobs that pay a living wage
- ii) Child care: Affordable and safe. Also classrooms for 3-year old children

D. Housing:

Participants indicated there is a lack affordable housing and that there is a need for rehabilitation and repair of existing housing

E. Youth Programs and Services

While no particular programs or services were identified, it was noted that the community needs to adopt more of a teenage focus, recognizing the needs of the teenage population.

F. Community Assets and Opportunities:

One opportunity to explore is to develop possibilities for the unbanked to be able to get a checking or savings account.

G. Barriers:

Participants indicated access to affordable housing as a major barrier.

9. Picher (Ottawa County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum in Picher pointed to an excellent array of youth-related activities and programs as assets in the community. These include a strong, active Boys & Girls Club, a good after school program serving 65 youth, and a nearly new sports complex for youth athletic activities. It was also noted that the community has an excellent school system.

B. Community Issues:

The community's primary concern right now revolves around the possible closure of the Head Start Center because of legislation concerning the lead poisoning issues in Picher. The community has been deemed "unsafe" for children ages six and under, so by mandate, the Head Start Center must relocate to a safe area. State legislation will provide a "buy out" opportunity for families with children under the age of six and it is uncertain how many families will choose to stay and how many will choose to take the buy out opportunity and relocate their families to other communities. Other issues identified included the following:

- i) Pollution/Environment
- ii) Living wage issues
- iii) Teen Pregnancy
- iv) Child care costs
- v) Health care costs

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following community needs:

- i) Resolution of Head Start issue
- ii) Homebuyer education services offered locally: Services will be needed for families being bought out and desiring to move. These families should be educated about home buying processes. Also may need down payment assistance funds to help families who are relocating and wanting to buy homes.

D. Housing:

Uncertainty at this time, but new construction, single-family homes to buy would be a priority. Concerns: Who will buy, and what about resale values?

E. Youth Programs and Services:

It was felt there were no needs in this area, as good youth services are currently available

F. Community Assets and Opportunities: None discussed or indicated

G. **Barriers:** Resolution of buy-out issues, the timing of the buy-out and the impact on the community. Until more is known, it is difficult to know what the community will need.

10. Quapaw (Ottawa County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum in Quapaw reported they liked the small town, rural atmosphere. Most of the residents of the community have lived there a long time. The public school system is good and includes a program for four-year old children.

B. Community Issues:

The most significant issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows:

- i) Teen Pregnancy
- ii) Drugs and crime related to them: especially among youth
- iii) Youth violence: Nothing better to do. No after school programs available. Public school systems after school activities too entirely focused on sports to the exclusion of other activities for youth.
- iv) School just ended grant period under 21st Century learning grant, so has lost funds for after school programs including mentoring program for parents and youth.
- v) Crime in trailer park
- vi) Lack of law enforcement: Quapaw has no police force, must rely on county sheriff
- vii) Child care: No evening, weekend or overnight care available. Only one child care provider in area. Child care requires payment even if child is not in attendance.
- viii) Quapaw tribe: Learning center: Not really a learning environment, more like day care or babysitting.
- ix) Unemployment/underemployment
- x) Transportation: Many families have only one vehicle (DHS has plan to help families obtain vehicles in Miami). Public transportation, Pelivan: Tried to contact and it's either busy or no answer. Even school bus is crowded. Only one school bus in town.
- xi) Health care: Costs high, fewer benefits. There are no dentists and few doctors that accept Medicaid. Have to go to Joplin to find providers that do accept it. Doctors are leaving area. Tribal health care is a great benefit.
- xii) Higher education not available locally. VoTech, Miami NEO offer courses, but not always at convenient times when childcare is available
- xiii) Rental costs are high: \$400-\$500 and utility costs are also high
- xiv) Harder to get DHS services than it used to be and DHS doesn't have much help for married couples.
- xv) Senior citizens have trouble getting commodities/food stamps

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following as community needs:

- i) Youth activities: Teen Center/Boys & Girls club providing structured activities.
- ii) 24 hour day care
- iii) Parks and recreational facilities
- iv) Prescription assistance for Senior Citizens
- v) Housing

D. Housing:

Participants indicated a need for the construction of affordable single family to purchase.

E. Youth Programs and Services:

Youth program and service needs have been identified in item 10C above

F. Community Assets and Opportunities: None identified

G. Barriers: None identified

11 Wyandotte

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum in Wyandotte indicated that this is a small, close-knit town that takes care of things. The community has a good array of community services due to its progressive actions. The town has an excellent police force with 24/7 protection and rapid response. The school is excellent and has a great sports program. The Bearskin Clinic facility is an excellent multi-use community facility and the community has a senior citizen's center. Yet another strength is the fact that the tribe employs 100 people.

B. Community Issues:

The most significant issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows:

- i) Drugs/Alcohol
- ii) Unemployment/underemployment
- iii) Poverty

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following as community needs:

- i) Education and opportunities so families can earn living wage
- ii) Economic development, especially manufacturing
- iii) Senior citizens' home

D. Housing:

Participants indicated a need for single family rental and ownership units and it was felt there is a need for both new construction and rehabilitation of existing homes.

E. Youth Programs and Services:

Participants identified a need for mentoring programs and for after school care.

F. Community Assets and Opportunities:

It was felt that the Tribe and the community are progressive and base efforts on good planning and coordination and that there are tribal resources help. Opportunities to be explored include business development, especially for manufacturing operation

G. Barriers:

Participants identified the following barriers that they felt were impeding progress in developing opportunities in their community:

- i) Lack of jobs
- ii) Not much progress on economic development

12 Bluejacket/Welch (Craig County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending this focus forum primarily represented the community of Bluejacket. These participants indicated that the schools in this community are good and that the community is clean and well cared for as the result of a new law requiring property owners to maintain their properties.

Participants felt they liked the small town, rural atmosphere of this community.

B. Community Issues:

The most significant issues identified by participants in this Focus forum were as follows:

- i) Community is working on infrastructure needs to address issues around need for new park and walking trail
- ii) Head Start program

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following as community needs:

- i) Jobs that pay a living wage
- ii) Head Start program
- iii) Community park and walking trail
- iv) Senior Citizens/retirees: Medical costs and Prescription medicine costs are issues. Large population of senior citizens, so need to ensure provision of services/activities for senior citizens.
- v) Affordable new housing

D. Housing:

Participants indicated a need for construction of single family ownership units

E. Youth Programs and Services

Participants indicated the need to consider development of a Head Start program in the community

F. Community Assets and Opportunities:

Participants felt a need to explore opportunities in Economic/job development and the development and construction of affordable housing

G. Barriers: None identified

13 Vinita (Craig County)

A. Assets/Strengths:

Participants attending the Focus Forum in Vinita stated that the school system is good, with a good after school program. Participants liked the fact that employment opportunities are located close by.

B. Community Issues:

The most significant issues identified by participants in this Focus Forum were as follows:

- i) Drugs
- ii) Some homelessness: Especially women
- iii) Child care: Especially for kids under 2
- iv) Cost of health care
- v) Head Start waiting list of 20
- vi) Water quality
- vii) Transportation: Pelivan available, but not always easily accessible

C. Community Needs:

Participants identified the following as community needs:

- i) Transitional housing for homeless: Especially for women
- ii) Transportation for specialized medical needs: Joplin, Tulsa, Muskogee: Sooner Ride only takes child and parent to one appointment per day, poses problem if have more than one child or multiple appointments.
- iii) Help for child with disability: Remodeled bathroom for wheelchair access and ramp slippery in winter. (USDA loans?)

D. Housing:

Participants identified a need for the construction of new rental units. There was also discussion about the potential for renovation of downtown buildings as apartments to meet this need.

E. Community Assets and Opportunities: None discussed or indicated

F. Barriers: None discussed or indicated

Appendix D
Head Start Community Survey

County _____

NORTHEAST OKLAHOMA HEAD START
COMMUNITY NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Center _____

Area _____

2004 - 2005 SURVEY

	Marital Status	Date of Birth	Sex	Race	Language Spoken	Highest Grade Completed	If Disabled List Condition	Type of Income: Earned, TANF, SSI, Ch Support	Attending College, VoTech, etc?	Hrs worked or in school per week	Actual hrs at school or work
Head of House:											
Spouse:											
Children in Order of Birth (use back if necessary):											
Others in House:											

Total # Living in Home _____ # of Children _____ Phone # _____ Emergency # _____ Approximate Family Income last yr _____

Address _____ City _____ State, Zip _____

Location Address _____

Is anyone in home pregnant? _____ Do you need care for a child age birth - 3 yrs? Yes ___ No ___

If yes, what hrs/days? _____

Are you interested in Head Start for your child? Yes _____ No _____

What hours/days do you prefer your child attend Head Start?
Part Day: _____ 5 hrs per day (ex: 8:30-1:30, 9:00-2:00)
Full School Day: _____ More than 5 hrs per day (ex: 8:00-3:00, 8:30-3:30)
Extended Full Day: _____ More than full school day
During the school year: _____
Full year: _____

Which days per week do you prefer your child attend Head Start? 4 days _____ 5 days _____

Who normally takes care of your pre-school children:
During the day? _____ During the night? _____

If you need child care on a regular basis, who provides the care?
Relative _____ Friend _____ Neighbor _____ Babysitter _____ Day Care _____ Other _____

Do you need child care: Before Head Start hours _____
or After Head Start hours _____

Do you receive:
Food Stamps _____ WIC _____ TANF _____ Day Care Assistance _____

Medicaid _____ Social Security _____ SSI _____ Commodities _____

Thank you for completing this form. Your answers help determine Program Options

**Head Start Survey Response: Need for Head Start
Question: Are you interested in Head Start?**

Location	Total Responses	Yes	%	No	%	No Resp.	%
Colcord	22	20	90.91%	0	0.00%	2	9.09%
Commerce	32	31	96.88%	0	0.00%	1	3.13%
Fairland	19	19	100.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Grove	58	50	86.21%	1	1.72%	7	12.07%
Jay	39	34	87.18%	1	2.56%	4	10.26%
Lowery	71	68	95.77%	1	1.41%	2	2.82%
Miami	217	200	92.17%	10	4.61%	7	3.23%
Picher	21	17	80.95%	1	4.76%	3	14.29%
Quapaw	46	46	100.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Vinita	32	31	96.88%	1	3.13%	0	0.00%
Total	557	516	92.64%	15	2.69%	26	4.67%

Head Start Survey Response: Full Year or Part Year Program

Location	Total Responses	School Year	%	Full Year	%	No Response	%
Colcord	22	8	36.36%	2	9.09%	12	54.55%
Commerce	32	9	28.13%	1	3.13%	22	68.75%
Fairland	19	9	47.37%	1	5.26%	9	47.37%
Grove	58	14	24.14%	17	29.31%	27	46.55%
Jay	39	7	17.95%	12	30.77%	20	51.28%
Lowery	71	30	42.25%	5	7.04%	36	50.70%
Miami	217	38	17.51%	48	22.12%	131	60.37%
Picher	21	7	33.33%	0	0.00%	14	66.67%
Quapaw	46	21	45.65%	4	8.70%	21	45.65%
Vinita	32	6	18.75%	2	6.25%	24	75.00%
Total	557	149	26.75%	92	16.52%	316	56.73%

Head Start Survey Response: 4 day/week or 5 day/week Head Start Program

Location	Total Responses	4 day	%	5 day	%	No Response	%
Colcord	22	1	4.55%	20	90.91%	1	4.55%
Commerce	32	1	3.13%	27	84.38%	4	12.50%
Fairland	19	0	0.00%	18	94.74%	1	5.26%
Grove	58	1	1.72%	53	91.38%	4	6.90%
Jay	39	0	0.00%	35	89.74%	4	10.26%
Lowery	71	3	4.23%	59	83.10%	9	12.68%
Miami	217	11	5.07%	185	85.25%	21	9.68%
Picher	21	1	4.76%	18	85.71%	2	9.52%
Quapaw	46	0	0.00%	46	100.00%	0	0.00%
Vinita	32	0	0.00%	31	96.88%	1	3.13%
Total	557	18	3.23%	492	88.33%	47	8.44%

**Head Start Survey Response
Length of Head Start School Day**

Location	Total Responses	Part Day	%	Full Day	%	Extended Day	%	No Response	%
Colcord	22	4	18.18%	16	72.73%	0	0.00%	2	9.09%
Commerce	32	1	3.13%	27	84.38%	0	0.00%	4	12.50%
Fairland	19	2	10.53%	16	84.21%	0	0.00%	1	5.26%
Grove	58	1	1.72%	41	70.69%	13	22.41%	3	5.17%
Jay	39	0	0.00%	25	64.10%	12	30.77%	2	5.13%
Lowery	71	3	4.23%	57	80.28%	1	1.41%	10	14.08%
Miami	217	17	7.83%	146	67.28%	35	16.13%	19	8.76%
Picher	21	6	28.57%	13	61.90%	0	0.00%	2	9.52%
Quapaw	46	3	6.52%	42	91.30%	0	0.00%	1	2.17%
Vinita	32	2	6.25%	26	81.25%	3	9.38%	1	3.13%
Total	557	39	7.00%	409	73.43%	64	11.49%	45	8.08%

**Head Start Survey Response
Need for Childcare for 0-3 Year Old Children**

Location	Total Responses	Yes	%	No	%	No Resp.	%
Colcord	22	2	9.09%	18	81.82%	2	9.09%
Commerce	32	2	6.25%	27	84.38%	3	9.38%
Fairland	19	3	15.79%	12	63.16%	4	21.05%
Grove	58	11	18.97%	41	70.69%	6	10.34%
Jay	39	6	15.38%	30	76.92%	3	7.69%
Lowery	71	2	2.82%	65	91.55%	4	5.63%
Miami	217	27	12.44%	171	78.80%	19	8.76%
Picher	21	4	19.05%	17	80.95%	0	0.00%
Quapaw	46	5	10.87%	40	86.96%	1	2.17%
Vinita	32	0	0.00%	27	84.38%	5	15.63%
Total	557	62	11.13%	448	80.43%	47	8.44%

**Head Start Survey Response
Question: Is Childcare Needed Before or After Head Start Hours?**

Location	Total Responses	Before	%	After	%	No Resp.	%
Colcord	22	1	4.55%	1	4.55%	20	90.91%
Commerce	32	1	3.13%	1	3.13%	30	93.75%
Fairland	19	2	10.53%	1	5.26%	16	84.21%
Grove	58	8	13.79%	10	17.24%	40	68.97%
Jay	39	7	17.95%	2	5.13%	30	76.92%
Lowery	71	4	5.63%	1	1.41%	66	92.96%
Miami	217	44	20.28%	20	9.22%	153	70.51%
Picher	21	1	4.76%	0	0.00%	20	95.24%
Quapaw	46	1	2.17%	2	4.35%	43	93.48%
Vinita	32	0	0.00%	5	15.63%	27	84.38%
Total	557	69	12.39%	43	7.72%	445	79.89%

**Head Start Survey Response
Services Received by Family**

	Food Stamps	%	WIC	%	TANF	%	Day Care	%	Medicaid	%	Social Sec.	%	SSI	%	Commodities	%
Craig	18	3.23%	18	3.23%	1	0.18%	6	1.08%	24	4.31%	4	0.72%	4	0.72%	0	0.00%
Delaware	68	12.21%	82	14.72%	4	0.72%	22	3.95%	102	18.31%	3	0.54%	11	1.97%	4	0.72%
Ottawa	152	27.29%	132	23.70%	9	1.62%	80	14.36%	203	36.45%	13	2.33%	22	3.95%	7	1.26%
Total	238	42.73%	232	41.65%	14	2.51%	108	19.39%	329	59.07%	20	3.59%	37	6.64%	11	1.97%

Appendix E

Realtor Survey

Realtor Questionnaire

Realtor's Name _____

City _____

Phone _____

Person Contacted _____

What is the total number of real estate inquiries that you have in a year? _____

Is the housing stock in your area adequate? Yes _____ No _____

What do you feel your housing market needs the most:

Single-family Housing _____ or Multi-family Housing _____

Rental homes _____ or Purchase homes _____

New Construction _____ or Rehabilitated houses _____

For each of the following price ranges please indicate demand level and sufficiency of stock for each price level:

Demand Level	Sufficient Stock
--------------	------------------

Price Range	Low	Moderate	High	Yes	No
<\$35,000					
\$35,001 – 40,000					
\$40,001 – 50,000					
\$50,001 – 65,000					
\$65,001 – 85,000					
\$85,001 – 120,000					
>\$120,000					

2004 Realtor Survey Results

A survey of area realtors was conducted in June 2004 to determine the demand and availability of affordable housing in the three counties served by The Northeast Oklahoma Community Action Agency (Craig, Delaware and Ottawa Counties). Twenty-three realtors were contacted, and eighteen participated in the survey with representation of realtors from all three counties. One participating realtor handled only commercial properties, so could provide no information regarding residential real estate. Data from the remaining seventeen realtors participating in the survey indicated there is a moderate to high demand for housing priced over \$40,000, with insufficient housing stock available in this price range, especially in the \$40,000 to \$85,000 price range, where there was significant demand and the highest incidences of insufficient housing stock for sale. The consensus among those responding to the survey was that housing available for under \$40,000 consisted mostly of mobile homes and dwellings in poor condition, needing extensive rehabilitation to be habitable. Each of the participating realtors described whether they believed the demand for housing in a particular price range was low, moderate, or high and whether there was sufficient stock in each price range. The realtors also indicated there was a demand for both rental and purchased homes, primarily single-family dwellings. The realtors indicated that there is also an equal need for new construction and remodeled housing. The following table summarizes the results of the responses to the survey tabulated for the entire three-county region.

**June 2004 Survey of Realtors
Tabulated results for three-county region**

Price Range	Demand			Sufficient	Stock
	Low	Moderate	High	Yes	No
<\$35,000	9	5	3	7	10
\$35,000-\$40,000	9	5	3	8	9
\$40,001-\$50,000	6	8	3	4	13
\$50,001-\$65,000	3	8	6	2	15
\$65,001-\$85,000	4	6	7	2	15
\$85,001-\$120,000	6	6	5	6	11
>\$120,000	2	7	8	11	6

As can be seen in this table, only 8 of 17 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced from \$0 to \$40,000, so demand levels were lowest for this price range. 11 of 17 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced from \$40,001 to \$50,000 and 13 of 17 indicated there was insufficient stock available in this price range. 14 of 17 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced between \$50,001 and \$65,000, with 15 of 17 indicating a shortage of housing in this price range. 15 of 17 realtors also indicated a shortage of housing in the \$65,000 to \$85,000 price range, with 13 of 17 indicating a moderate to high demand for housing at these prices. While 11 of 17 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced between \$85,000 and \$120,000, coupled with the fact that 11 of 17 indicated a shortage of housing available for sale in this range, the fact is that housing in this price range is not affordable to low and moderate income families. It should also be noted that although demand was reported to be high (15 of 17 realtors indicating moderate to high demand) for housing priced over \$120,000, 11 of 17 realtors indicated there is sufficient stock for sale at these prices.

This pattern of demand coupled with insufficient available units for sale carried over into the individual counties as well. While the realtors responding to the survey may list properties in more than one county, the survey was designed to elicit responses regarding housing demand and sufficiency of stock in their local market. The following tables tabulate the survey results based on the location of the realtor's office, indicating the county represented by their local area. Analysis of the data at a county level reveals a consistent pattern of moderate to high demand for housing priced between \$40,000 and \$85,000 with insufficient housing stock available in that price range.

**June 2004 Survey of Realtors
Tabulated results for Craig County**

Price Range	Demand			Sufficient	Stock
	Low	Moderate	High	Yes	No
<\$35,000	4	1	1	3	3
\$35,000-\$40,000	3	2	1	3	3
\$40,001-\$50,000	1	3	2	1	5
\$50,001-\$65,000	1	3	2	1	5
\$65,001-\$85,000	1	3	2	1	5
\$85,001-\$120,000	2	2	2	1	5
>\$120,000	1	2	3	3	3

*One realtor out of six responding indicated that they listed mostly waterfront properties starting at \$120,000

As can be seen in this table, in Craig County only 2 of 6 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced from \$0 to \$35,000 and only 3 of 6 indicated moderate to high demand for homes priced from \$35,000 to \$40,000 and opinions were evenly split regarding sufficient availability of housing in this price range. 5 of 6 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced from \$40,001 to \$85,000 and 5 of 6 indicated there was insufficient stock available in this price range. While 4 of 6 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced between \$85,000 and \$120,000, coupled with the fact that 5 of 6 indicated a shortage of housing available for sale in this range, the fact is that housing in this price range is not affordable to low income families. It should also be noted that although demand was reported to be high (5 of 6 realtors indicating moderate to high demand) for housing priced over \$120,000, opinions were evenly split regarding the availability of housing in this price range.

**June 2004 Survey of Realtors
Tabulated results for Delaware County**

Price Range	Demand			Sufficient	Stock
	Low	Moderate	High	Yes	No
<\$35,000	3	3	1	3	4
\$35,000-\$40,000	4	2	1	4	3
\$40,001-\$50,000	3	4	0	3	4
\$50,001-\$65,000	0	4	3	1	6
\$65,001-\$85,000	1	2	4	1	6
\$85,001-\$120,000	2	2	3	4	3
>\$120,000	1	2	4	5	2

As can be seen in this table, in Delaware County while 4 of 7 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced below \$35,000, the reactions were split regarding available housing for sale (4 of 7 indicating insufficient stock). Additionally, only 3 of 7 realtors reported a moderate to high demand for housing priced between \$35,000 and \$40,000, making it the lowest demand level and 4 of 7 felt there was sufficient stock available. 4 of 7 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced from \$40,001 to \$50,000 and 4 of 7 indicated there was insufficient stock available in this price range. Highest demand levels, coupled with the lowest amount of available housing stock in Delaware County were reported to be in the \$50,000 to \$85,000 price range, with all seven realtors reporting a moderate to high demand for housing priced between \$50,001 and \$65,000 and 6 of 7 indicating moderate and high demand levels for housing priced between \$65,001 to \$85,000. 6 of 7 realtors indicated insufficient housing stock available in both of these price ranges. While 5 of 7 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing priced between \$85,000 and \$120,000, 4 of 7 indicated sufficient stock available for sale in this range, the fact is that housing in this price range is not affordable to low and moderate income families. It should also be noted that although demand was reported to be high (6 of 7 realtors indicating moderate to high demand) for housing priced over \$120,000, 5 of 7 realtors felt there was sufficient housing available in this price range.

**June 2004 Survey of Realtors
Tabulated results for Ottawa County**

Price Range	Demand			Sufficient	Stock
	Low	Moderate	High	Yes	No
<\$35,000	2	1	1	1	3
\$35,000-\$40,000	2	1	1	1	3
\$40,001-\$50,000	2	1	1	0	4
\$50,001-\$65,000	2	1	1	0	4
\$65,001-\$85,000	2	1	1	0	4
\$85,001-\$120,000	2	2	0	1	3
>\$120,000	2	3	1	3	1

*Two realtors out of 4 responding from this area indicated that the homes they listed started at \$200,000

As can be seen in this table, in Ottawa County 2 of 4 realtors indicated a moderate to high demand for housing in all price ranges from \$0 to \$120,000. All 4 realtors surveyed indicated there was not sufficient housing stock available between \$40,000 and \$85,000. While 4 of 4 realtors indicated moderate to high demand for homes priced over \$120,000, 3 out of 4 felt available stock was sufficient to meet demand.

Appendix F
Continuum of Care Homeless Surveys
And Housing Gaps Analysis

POINT-IN-TIME HOMELESS SURVEY – 2004

SURVEY DATE: February 25, 2004		Return Due Date: March 4, 2004	
Return to: Northeast Oklahoma Community Action P.O. Box 603 Jay, OK 74346		Phone: (918) 253-4683 Fax: (918) 253-6059	
Name of Shelter/Social Service Organization	Shelter and Services Provided (check all that apply)		
TOTAL COUNT	Emergency Shelter (temporary shelter)		
Address: Surveys Distributed: 78	Transitional Housing (short-term hsg. 6-24 months)		
Surveys Returned: 18	Permanent Supportive Housing (for persons with disabilities)		
Phone: Fax:	Supportive Services only		
Contact Name:	Other (describe):		
A. If a shelter/housing provider, list current capacity of facility for:			
1. Individuals	# Beds	2. Persons in families with children	# Beds
Emergency Shelter	62	Emergency Shelter	4
Transitional Shelter	8	Transitional Shelter	6
Permanent Supportive Housing	0	Permanent Supportive Housing	0
B. Do you plan on adding beds in 2004? YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> If YES, How many beds for:			
Individuals	# Beds	Persons in families with children	# Beds
Emergency Shelter	0	Emergency Shelter	0
Transitional Shelter	6	Transitional Shelter	0
Permanent Supportive Housing	3	Permanent Supportive Housing	3

II. Please report the numbers of homeless individuals/families served or encountered on Feb. 25, 2004

A. COUNT BY FAMILY TYPE		D. COUNT BY AGE	
1. Unaccompanied Male	68	Age 0-1 yr.	1
2. Unaccompanied Female	23	Age 1-3 yr.	4
3. Single Parent – Male, with children	0	Age 3-4 yr.	5
4. Single Parent – Female, with children	7	School Age 5-17	25
5. Two-Parent Family with children	0	18	5
6. Total # of persons in family groups (#3-5)	21	19-25	10
Other relative	3	26-35	23
Couple	0	36-45	33
B. Primary Characteristics that best describe Clients (#)		46-55	6
Chronic Substance Abuse	33	56-65	4
Seriously Mentally Ill	4	65+	1
Dually Diagnosed	0	E. NUMBER HOUSED THIS DATE:	
Veterans	3	1. Individuals (total # in shelter this date)	# Housed
Persons with HIV/AIDS	0	Emergency Shelter	40
Youth	32	Transitional Shelter	8
Other (describe): 3 transient, 10 Dev. Disabled	13	Permanent Supportive Housing	0
Victims of Domestic Violence	19	2. # persons in families with children	# Housed
C. SUPPORTIVE SERVICE NEEDS	# in need	Emergency Shelter	14
Job Training/Employment	64	Transitional Shelter	6
Case Management	63	Permanent Supportive Housing	0
Child Care	3	F. HISTORY OF HOMELESSNESS**	
Substance Abuse Treatment	28	# of clients homeless less than 3 months	72
Mental Health Care	12	# of clients homeless more than 3 months	30
Housing Placement	13	# of clients with history of homelessness	13
Life Skills Training	60	**please indicate history of homelessness for all individuals counted on survey	
Transportation	33		
Health Care	19		
SIGNATURE:	DATE:		

POINT-IN-TIME HOMELESS SURVEY – 2004

SURVEY DATE: June 7, 2004		Return Due Date: June 11, 2004	
Return to: Northeast Oklahoma Community Action P.O. Box 603 Jay, OK 74346		Phone: (918) 253-4683 Fax: (918) 253-6059	
Name of Shelter/Social Service Organization	Shelter and Services Provided (check all that apply)		
TOTAL COUNT	Emergency Shelter (temporary shelter)		
Address: Surveys Distributed: 77	Transitional Housing (short-term hsg. 6-24 months)		
Surveys Returned: 25	Permanent Supportive Housing (for persons with disabilities)		
Phone: Fax:	Supportive Services only		
Contact Name:	Other (describe):		
A. If a shelter/housing provider, list current capacity of facility for:			
1. Individuals	# Beds	2. Persons in families with children	# Beds
Emergency Shelter	52	Emergency Shelter	22
Transitional Shelter	26	Transitional Shelter	3
Permanent Supportive Housing	6	Permanent Supportive Housing	0
B. Do you plan on adding beds in 2004? YES <input type="radio"/> NO <input type="radio"/> If YES, How many beds for:			
Individuals	# Beds	Persons in families with children	# Beds
Emergency Shelter	0	Emergency Shelter	0
Transitional Shelter	7	Transitional Shelter	0
Permanent Supportive Housing	3	Permanent Supportive Housing	3

II. Please report the numbers of homeless individuals/families served or encountered on June 7, 2004

A. COUNT BY FAMILY TYPE		D. COUNT BY AGE	
1. Unaccompanied Male	69	Age 0-1 yr.	8
2. Unaccompanied Female	34	Age 1-3 yr.	25
3. Single Parent – Male, with children	0	Age 3-4 yr.	10
4. Single Parent – Female, with children	28	School Age 5-17	65
5. Two-Parent Family with children	13	18	4
6. Total # of persons in family groups (#3-5)	139	19-25	18
Other relative	0	26-35	44
Couple	3	36-45	37
B. Primary Characteristics that best describe Clients (#)		46-55	31
Chronic Substance Abuse	80	56-65	5
Seriously Mentally Ill	22	65+	1
Dually Diagnosed	6	E. NUMBER HOUSED THIS DATE:	
Veterans	10	1. Individuals (total # in shelter this date)	# Housed
Persons with HIV/AIDS	0	Emergency Shelter	25
Victims of Domestic Violence	33	Transitional Shelter	23
Youth	96	Permanent Supportive Housing	12
Other (describe): Disabled	22	2. # persons in families with children	# Housed
C. SUPPORTIVE SERVICE NEEDS	# in need	Emergency Shelter	5
Job Training/Employment	83	Transitional Shelter	11
Case Management	121	Permanent Supportive Housing	0
Child Care	12	F. HISTORY OF HOMELESSNESS**	
Substance Abuse Treatment	78	# of clients homeless less than 3 months	57
Mental Health Care	56	# of clients homeless more than 3 months	156
Housing Placement	165	# of clients with history of homelessness	35
Life Skills Training	201	**please indicate history of homelessness for all individuals counted on survey	
Transportation	154		
Health Care	171		
SIGNATURE:		DATE:	

Continuum of Care Housing Gaps Analysis Chart

	Current Inventory in 2004	Under Development in 2004	Unmet Need/ Gap
--	---------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------

Individuals

Beds	Emergency Shelter	52	0	6
	Transitional Housing	26	7	25
	Permanent Supportive Housing	6	3	44
	Total	84	10	75

Persons in Families With Children

Beds	Emergency Shelter	22	0	0
	Transitional Housing	3	0	62
	Permanent Supportive Housing	0	3	62
	Total	25	3	124

EXHIBIT 1: Continuum of Care Homeless Population and Subpopulations Chart

Part 1: Homeless Population	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
1. Homeless Individuals	25 (N)	45 (N)	33 (N)	103 (N)
2. Homeless Families with Children	2 (N)	3 (N)	36 (N)	41 (N)
2a. Persons in Homeless Families with Children	5 (N)	11 (N)	123 (N)	139 (N)
Total (lines 1 + 2a)	30 (N)	56 (N)	156 (N)	242 (N)
Part 2: Homeless Subpopulations	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
1. Chronically Homeless	52 (N)		139 (N)	191 (N)
2. Seriously Mentally Ill	6 (N)		16 (N)	22 (N)
3. Chronic Substance Abuse	41 (N)		39 (N)	80 (N)
4. Veterans	8 (N)		2 (N)	10 (N)
5. Persons with HIV/AIDS	0 (N)		0 (N)	0 (N)
6. Victims of Domestic Violence	27 (N)		6 (N)	33 (N)
7. Youth	19 (N)		77 (N)	96 (N)

Appendix G
Oklahoma Department of Human Services
County Profile Data

Oklahoma DHS County Profile Data 2004

	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
Adult Protective services			
Total	14	36	18
Self Neglect	9	26	14
Caretaker Neglect	3	2	0
Caretaker Abuse	1	1	3
Other	1	7	1
Completed Investigations	14	36	18
Confirmed Reports	10	31	13
Child Abuse & Neglect			
Referrals Accepted for Investigation	15	34	28
Total	23	64	38
Confirmed Court Intervention Requested	3	3	6
Confirmed Services Recommended	7	13	9
Services not needed	9	21	17
Services Recommended	4	21	3
Failed to Cooperate	0	6	3
Assessments			
Referrals Accepted for Assessment	3	12	16
Total	3	59	18
Services Provided	0	3	6
Services Recommended	0	10	0
Both	0	0	4
None	3	42	6
Failed to Cooperate	0	4	2
Confirmed Investigations & Assessments By Type & Children			
Total	10	16	15
Abuse	2	1	1
Neglect	7	12	11
Both	1	3	3
Child Care			
Number of Authorizations	161	202	353
Paid Claims by Recipient			
Persons	123	140	274
Expenditures	\$28,491	\$34,621	\$66,380
Paid Claims by Vendor			
Persons	102	129	280
Expenditures	\$22,092	\$32,426	\$69,756

	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
Children by Age			
Total	123	140	274
Under 1 yr. old	10	11	21
1yr.	15	18	43
2 yrs.	24	21	42
3yrs	15	24	48
4 yrs.	15	15	37
5yrs.	12	15	29
6-12 yrs.	31	35	54
over 12	1	1	0
Child Care: Children by Race/Ethnicity			
Total	123	140	274
White	87	115	204
Black	9	2	8
American Indian	26	18	41
Hispanic	1	4	16
Asian	0	1	5
Licensed Facilities & Capacity			
All Facilities	28	37	48
All Capacity	446	834	1,150
DHS Contract Facilities	20	26	35
DHS Contract Capacity	295	576	999
Centers			
All Centers	10	18	20
All Capacity	310	671	941
DHS Contract Centers	5	11	16
DHS Contract Capacity	185	446	857
Homes			
All Homes	18	19	28
All Capacity	136	163	209
DHS Contract Homes	15	15	19
DHS Contract Capacity	110	130	142

	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
Developmental Disabilities Services			
Recipients by Age			
Total	169	98	119
1-5 yrs.	0	10	7
6-17 yrs.	10	21	32
18-21 yrs.	9	8	9
22-59 yrs.	125	38	55
60+ yrs.	25	21	16
Recipients by Race/Ethnicity			
Total	169	98	119
White	148	80	91
Black	5	1	2
American Indian	15	15	25
Hispanic	1	1	0
Asian	0	1	1
Waiver Applications	43	27	26
Elderly Support Services			
Total Meals Served	1,495	2,766	4,284
Congregate Meals	440	1,558	2,411
Meals at Home	1,055	1,208	1,873
Geriatric Day Care Recipients			
New Referrals	0	0	0
Total New FYTD Referrals	0	0	0
Total Served	0	0	0
Served FYTD	0	0	0
Food Stamps			
Cases	733	1,665	1,956
Recipients	2,037	4,681	5,053
Value of Stamps	\$152,132	\$375,396	\$375,173
Average Payment per Case	\$207.55	\$225.46	\$191.81
Average Payment per Person	\$74.68	\$80.20	\$74.25
Persons by Race/Ethnicity			
All	2,037	4,681	5,053
White	1,554	3,189	3,891
Black	93	16	15
American Indian	366	1,405	839
Hispanic	21	49	241
Asian	3	22	67

	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
Foster Care			
Children by Type			
Total	33	52	60
Foster Family Care	7	28	20
Relative	15	11	19
Tribal	6	12	10
DDSD	1	0	3
Kinship Non-relative	4	1	8
Foster Care Children by Age			
Total	33	52	60
Under 1 yr. old	4	3	3
1-2 yrs.	10	5	13
3-4 yrs.	8	12	9
5-6 yrs.	2	3	11
7-8 yrs.	1	5	8
9-10 yrs.	1	6	3
11-12 yrs.	1	3	5
13-14 yrs.	3	5	0
15-16 yrs.	2	8	5
17 yrs.	1	2	1
18 and over	0	0	2
Children by Race			
Total	33	52	60
White	17	31	42
Black	1	3	2
American Indian	14	16	13
Hispanic	1	2	2
Asian	0	0	1

	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
Medicaid			
Cases	1,903	4,110	3,912
Persons	3,059	6,705	6,561
Persons by Age			
Under 1 yr. old	105	229	234
1 yr.	97	269	265
2 yrs.	125	268	281
3 yrs.	103	272	277
4 yrs.	120	239	257
5 yrs.	108	233	228
6 yrs	102	236	244
Medicaid Persons by Age continued			
7 yrs.	93	232	207
8 yrs.	89	231	198
9 yrs.	97	214	207
10 yrs.	82	217	185
11 yrs.	82	219	210
12 yrs.	98	229	223
13 yrs.	98	241	217
14 yrs.	82	210	203
15 yrs.	80	196	190
16 yrs.	76	151	165
17 yrs.	73	164	165
18-64 yrs.	1,048	1,891	1,942
65+ yrs.	301	764	663

	Craig	Delaware	Ottawa
TANF			
Cases	41	111	59
Child Only Cases	24	61	46
Cases with Adults	17	50	13
Diversion Assistance Cases	0	0	1
Flex Fund Cases	0	2	5
Support Service Cases	0	2	0
Payments	\$7,545	\$22,900	\$10,706
Average Payment per Case	\$184.02	\$206.31	\$181.46
Persons	87	255	124
Adults	17	56	13
Children	70	199	111
Cases Opened	8	14	5
Cases Closed	5	11	7
Applications Denied	8	8	16
TANF by Race/Ethnicity			
All	87	255	124
Adults	17	56	13
Children	70	199	111
White	45	140	86
Adults	12	36	9
Children	33	104	77
Black	9	2	3
Adults	2	0	0
Children	7	2	3
American Indian	33	107	34
Adults	3	20	4
Children	30	87	30
Hispanic	0	5	1
Adults	0	0	0
Children	0	5	1
Asian	0	1	0
Adults	0	0	0
Children	0	1	0

**Craig County
State Supplemental
Source: DHS County Profile Data May 2004**

	Cases	Persons	Payments
All	513	513	\$22,754
Aged	95	95	#3,395
Blind	4	4	\$167
Disabled	414	414	\$19,192
	Cases Opened	Cases Closed	Appls. Denied
All	13	14	1
Aged	2	3	0
Blind	0	0	0
Disabled	11	11	1
Aged by Race/Ethnicity	Total	Male	Female
All	95	24	71
White	75	16	59
Black	8	4	4
American Indian	12	4	8
Hispanic	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0
Blind By Race/Ethnicity	Total	Male	Female
All	4	2	2
White	2	1	1
Black	0	0	0
American Indian	1	0	1
Hispanic	1	1	0
Asian	0	0	0
Disabled by Race/Ethnicity	Total	Male	Female
All	414	203	211
White	329	159	170
Black	20	14	6
American Indian	64	29	35
Hispanic	1	1	0
Asian	0	0	0

**Delaware County
State Supplemental
Source: DHS County Profile Data May 2004**

	Cases	Persons	Payments
All	1,015	1,015	\$44,013
Aged	280	280	\$10,288
Blind	1	1	\$30
Disabled	734	734	\$33,695
	Cases Opened	Cases Closed	Appls. Denied
All	14	19	5
Aged	2	4	0
Blind	0	0	0
Disabled	12	15	5
Aged by Race/Ethnicity	Total	Male	Female
All	280	86	194
White	195	47	148
Black	0	0	0
American Indian	83	37	46
Hispanic	1	1	0
Asian	1	1	0
Blind By Race/Ethnicity	Total	Male	Female
All	1	1	0
White	1	1	0
Black	0	0	0
American Indian	0	0	0
Hispanic	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0
Disabled by Race/Ethnicity	Total	Male	Female
All	734	333	401
White	495	217	278
Black	4	0	4
American Indian	224	113	111
Hispanic	8	3	5
Asian	3	0	3

**Ottawa County
State Supplemental
Source: DHS County Profile Data May 2004**

	Cases	Persons	Payments
All	1,017	1,017	\$42,223
Aged	246	246	\$8,498
Blind	13	13	\$556
Disabled	758	758	\$33,169
	Cases Opened	Cases Closed	Appls. Denied
All	24	12	25
Aged	4	0	1
Blind	0	0	0
Disabled	20	12	24
Aged by Race/Ethnicity	Total	Male	Female
All	246	65	181
White	215	58	157
Black	0	0	0
American Indian	27	5	22
Hispanic	2	1	1
Asian	2	1	1
Blind By Race/Ethnicity	Total	Male	Female
All	13	5	8
White	12	4	8
Black	0	0	0
American Indian	1	1	0
Hispanic	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0
Disabled by Race/Ethnicity	Total	Male	Female
All	758	346	412
White	625	278	347
Black	4	3	1
American Indian	117	58	59
Hispanic	10	5	5
Asian	2	2	0

Appendix H
Head Start Data:
Head Start Families Demographics

1. Demographic make-up of Head Start eligible children & families - Of the 399 families:

Family Type

2 parent	257	64%
Single parent - female	126	31%
Single parent - male	16	4%
Grandparent raising child	12	3%
Children in foster care	7	1%

Housing

Own home	200	50.1%
Rent	162	40.6%
Other arrangements	36	9%

Employment - 2 parent families (257)

Both parents unemployed	21	8.1%
One parent employed	129	50.1%
Both parents employed	107	41.6%

Single-parent families (142):

Unemployed	43	30.2%
Employed	95	66.9%

4. Data regarding the education, health, nutrition and social service needs for Head Start eligible children and their families:

Education level of parents - of the 399 families, the highest level of education per family:

Less than high school	46	11.5%
GED/high school	203	50.8%
VoTech, some college, Assoc. degree	96	24%
Bach/Advanced degree	28	7%

Children who have ongoing health care - based on current enrollment of 401, the primary source of ongoing health care is:

Medicaid	286	71.3%
Indian Health Services	91	22.6%
Insurance	24	5.9%
none	0	0%

Nutrition status - based on Height/Weight for currently enrolled children (401)

Within normal limits	338	84.2%
Over/under normal limits	63	15.7%

Nutrition status - based on blood levels - Hemoglobin &/or Hematocrit for currently enrolled children (401)

Within normal limits	379	94.5%
Rechecks needed	22	5.4%

Blood lead level data not yet available

5. The education, health, nutrition and social service needs of Head Start eligible children and their families as defined by families of Head Start eligible children

Transportation	8	2%
Food	9	2.2%
Already receive food stamps	165	41.3%
Clothing	21	5.2%
Medical Assistance (other family member)	1	0.2%
Medicaid (EPSDT)	15	3.7%
Already receive Medicaid	276	69.1%
Job Information	19	4.7%
Financial Assistance	7	1.7%
Utilities	11	2.7%
Mental Health services	6	1.5%
Already receive mental health	2	0.5%
Housing	17	4.2%
Receive housing assistance	21	5.2%
Child support	3	0.7%
Already receive child support	66	16.5%
CDIB cards	52	13%
Already have CDIB cards	56	14%
GED	86	21.5%
ESL	11	2.7%
VoTech	47	11.7%
College	48	12%
WIC - already receive	181	45.3%
Child Care Subsidy-already receive	50	12.5%
TANF - already receive	9	2.2%
SSI - already receive	33	8.2%